

Section 6(a) of the Act. The Department of Justice published a notice in the **Federal Register** pursuant to Section 6(b) of the Act on November 10, 2004 (69 FR 65226).

The last notification with the Department was filed on December 12, 2018. A notice was published in the **Federal Register** pursuant to Section 6(b) of the Act on February 15, 2019 (84 FR 4537).

Suzanne Morris,

Chief, Premerger and Division Statistics Unit, Antitrust Division.

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DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Antitrust Division

Notice Pursuant to the National Cooperative Research and Production Act of 1993—IMS Global Learning Consortium, Inc.

Notice is hereby given that, on March 11, 2019, pursuant to Section 6(a) of the National Cooperative Research and Production Act of 1993, 15 U.S.C. 4301 *et seq.* (“the Act”), IMS Global Learning Consortium, Inc. (“IMS Global”) has filed written notifications simultaneously with the Attorney General and the Federal Trade Commission disclosing changes in its membership. The notifications were filed for the purpose of extending the Act’s provisions limiting the recovery of antitrust plaintiffs to actual damages under specified circumstances. Specifically, Aspire/Ability Inc., Payson, UT; Austin Independent School District, Austin, TX; Bibb County School District, Macon, GA; North Allegheny School District, Pittsburgh, PA; Panopto, Pittsburgh, PA; and PowerSchool Group LLC, Folsom, CA, have been added as parties to this venture.

Also, Japan Electronic Publishing Association, Tokyo, JAPAN; Classlink, Clifton, NJ; Cobb County School District, Smyrna, GA; ASU Prep Digital, Tempe, AZ; ADL, Herndon, VA; Artificial Intelligence Laboratory, University of Seoul, Seoul, REPUBLIC OF KOREA; Learning Objects, Washington, DC; Infinitas, Houten, NETHERLANDS; String Theory Schools, Philadelphia, PA; and Intellify, Boston, MA, have withdrawn as parties to this venture.

In addition, Online Education Center of OUJ has changed its name to Open University of Japan, Chiba, JAPAN.

No other changes have been made in either the membership or planned

activity of the group research project. Membership in this group research project remains open, and IMS Global intends to file additional written notifications disclosing all changes in membership.

On April 7, 2000, IMS Global filed its original notification pursuant to Section 6(a) of the Act. The Department of Justice published a notice in the **Federal Register** pursuant to Section 6(b) of the Act on September 13, 2000 (65 FR 55283).

The last notification was filed with the Department on December 17, 2018. A notice was published in the **Federal Register** pursuant to Section 6(b) of the Act on January 31, 2019 (84 FR 795).

Suzanne Morris,

Chief, Premerger and Division, Statistics Unit, Antitrust Division.

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DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

Allocating Grants to States for Reemployment Services and Eligibility Assessments (RESEA) and Determining Outcome Payments in Accordance With Title III, Section 306 of the Social Security Act

AGENCY: Office of Unemployment Insurance (OUI), Employment and Training Administration (ETA), Department of Labor (DOL).

ACTION: Request for public comment.

SUMMARY: The Bipartisan Budget Act of 2018, Public Law 115-123 (BBA), established permanent authorization for the RESEA program by adding Section 306 to Title III of the Social Security Act (SSA). DOL is seeking state and public comments/suggestions pursuant to Section 306(f)(4), SSA, on how to allocate base funds for the RESEA program, as provided under Section 306(f)(1), SSA, and outcome payments, as provided under Section 306(f)(2), SSA.

DATES: Consideration will be given to all written comments received by May 6, 2019.

ADDRESSES: Questions on this notice and responsive comments related to RESEA program funding allocation can be submitted to the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Office of Unemployment Insurance, 200 Constitution Avenue NW, Room S-4524, Washington, DC 20210, Attention:

Lawrence Burns, or by email at DOL-ETA-UI-FRN@dol.gov.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Lawrence Burns, Division of Unemployment Insurance Operations, at 202-693-3141 (this is not a toll-free number), TTY 1-877-889-5627 (this is not a toll-free number), or by email at Burns.Lawrence@dol.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Introduction

The federal-state Unemployment Insurance (UI) program is a required partner in the comprehensive, integrated workforce system. Individuals who have lost employment due to a lack of suitable work and have earned sufficient wage credits may receive UI benefits if they meet initial and continuing eligibility requirements. Since 2005, DOL and participating state workforce agencies have been addressing individual reemployment needs of UI claimants and working to prevent and detect UI improper payments through the voluntary UI Reemployment and Eligibility Assessment (REA) program and, beginning in fiscal year (FY) 2015, through the voluntary RESEA program.

On February 9, 2018, the President signed the BBA, which included amendments to the SSA creating a permanent authorization for the RESEA program. These RESEA provisions are contained in Section 30206 of the BBA, enacting new Section 306 of the SSA. Section 306 also contains provisions for funding the RESEA program.

The primary goals for the RESEA program are to: Improve employment outcomes for individuals that receive unemployment compensation (UC) and to reduce average duration of receipt of UC through employment; strengthen program integrity and reduce improper payments; promote alignment with the broader vision of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA), which is increased program integration and service delivery for job seekers; and establish RESEA as an entry point to other workforce system partner programs for individuals receiving UC. Core components of RESEA that must be included as part of the initial session with a claimant are:

- UI eligibility assessment, including review of work search activities, and referral to adjudication, as appropriate, if an issue or potential issue is identified;
- Providing labor market and career information that address the claimant’s specific needs;
- Enrollment in Wagner-Peyser Act funded Employment Services;