

71 to Competitive Product List and Notice of Filing Materials Under Seal; *Filing Acceptance Date*: March 11, 2019; *Filing Authority*: 39 U.S.C. 3642, 39 CFR 3020.30 *et seq.*, and 39 CFR 3015.5; *Public Representative*: Lyudmila Y. Bzhilyanskaya; *Comments Due*: March 20, 2019.

5. *Docket No(s)*: MC2019–90 and CP2019–96; *Filing Title*: USPS Request to Add Priority Mail Express & Priority Mail Contract 87 to Competitive Product List and Notice of Filing Materials Under Seal; *Filing Acceptance Date*: March 11, 2019; *Filing Authority*: 39 U.S.C. 3642, 39 CFR 3020.30 *et seq.*, and 39 CFR 3015.5; *Public Representative*: Lyudmila Y. Bzhilyanskaya; *Comments Due*: March 20, 2019.

6. *Docket No(s)*: MC2019–91 and CP2019–97; *Filing Title*: USPS Request to Add Priority Mail & First-Class Package Service Contract 94 to Competitive Product List and Notice of Filing Materials Under Seal; *Filing Acceptance Date*: March 11, 2019; *Filing Authority*: 39 U.S.C. 3642, 39 CFR 3020.30 *et seq.*, and 39 CFR 3015.5; *Public Representative*: Lyudmila Y. Bzhilyanskaya; *Comments Due*: March 20, 2019.

7. *Docket No(s)*: MC2019–92 and CP2019–98; *Filing Title*: USPS Request to Add First-Class Package Service Contract 98 to Competitive Product List and Notice of Filing Materials Under Seal; *Filing Acceptance Date*: March 11, 2019; *Filing Authority*: 39 U.S.C. 3642, 39 CFR 3020.30 *et seq.*, and 39 CFR 3015.5; *Public Representative*: Kenneth R. Moeller; *Comments Due*: March 20, 2019.

8. *Docket No(s)*: MC2019–93 and CP2019–99; *Filing Title*: USPS Request to Add Priority Mail Express, Priority Mail & First-Class Package Service Contract 52 to Competitive Product List and Notice of Filing Materials Under Seal; *Filing Acceptance Date*: March 11, 2019; *Filing Authority*: 39 U.S.C. 3642, 39 CFR 3020.30 *et seq.*, and 39 CFR 3015.5; *Public Representative*: Kenneth R. Moeller; *Comments Due*: March 21, 2019.

This Notice will be published in the **Federal Register**.

Ruth Ann Abrams,
Acting Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2019–04927 Filed 3–15–19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7710–FW–P

PRESIDIO TRUST

Notice of Public Meeting

AGENCY: The Presidio Trust.

ACTION: Notice of public meeting.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Presidio Trust Act, and in accordance with the Presidio Trust’s bylaws, notice is hereby given that a public meeting of the Presidio Trust Board of Directors will be held commencing 5:30 p.m. on April 24, 2019, at the Golden Gate Club, 135 Fisher Loop, Presidio of San Francisco, California.

The purposes of this meeting are to: Provide the Chairperson’s report; provide the Chief Executive Officer’s report; honor Greg Moore’s service to the Presidio as CEO of the Golden Gate National Parks Conservancy; permit the respondent(s) to the Trust’s request for proposals for the Fort Winfield Scott project to present their response(s) to the Board of Directors for the Board’s consideration; and receive public comment on these and other matters pertaining to Trust business.

Individuals requiring special accommodation at this meeting, such as needing a sign language interpreter, should contact Laurie Fox at 415.561.5300 prior to April 16, 2019.

DATES: The meeting will begin at 5:30 p.m. on April 24, 2019.

ADDRESSES: The meeting will be held at the Golden Gate Club, 135 Fisher Loop, Presidio of San Francisco.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: George K.H. Schell, General Counsel, the Presidio Trust, 103 Montgomery Street, P.O. Box 29052, San Francisco, California 94129–0052, Telephone: 415.561.5300.

Dated: March 12, 2019.

Jean S. Fraser,
Chief Executive Officer.

[FR Doc. 2019–05038 Filed 3–15–19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310–4R–P

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Release No. 34–85292; File No. SR–NASDAQ–2019–010]

Self-Regulatory Organizations; The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC; Notice of Filing and Immediate Effectiveness of Proposed Rule Change To Disseminate Abbreviated Order Imbalance Information Prior to Dissemination of the Order Imbalance Indicator

March 12, 2019.

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (“Act”),¹ and Rule 19b–4 thereunder,² notice is hereby given that on February 27, 2019, The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC

¹ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).

² 17 CFR 240.19b–4.

(“Nasdaq” or “Exchange”) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC” or “Commission”) the proposed rule change as described in Items I and II below, which Items have been prepared by the Exchange. The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

I. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule Change

The Exchange proposes to disseminate abbreviated order imbalance information prior to the dissemination of the Order Imbalance Indicator. The text of the proposed rule change is available on the Exchange’s website at <http://nasdaq.cchwallstreet.com>, at the principal office of the Exchange, and at the Commission’s Public Reference Room.

II. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, the Exchange included statements concerning the purpose of and basis for the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text of these statements may be examined at the places specified in Item IV below. The Exchange has prepared summaries, set forth in sections A, B, and C below, of the most significant aspects of such statements.

A. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

1. Purpose

Nasdaq provides transparency into its Closing Cross auction via the “Order Imbalance Indicator” (also known as the “Net Order Imbalance Indicator” or “NOII”). The NOII is a message disseminated by electronic means containing information about MOC,³

³ A “Market on Close Order” or “MOC” is an Order Type entered without a price that may be executed only during the Nasdaq Closing Cross. MOC Orders may be entered, cancelled, and/or modified between 4 a.m. ET and immediately prior to 3:55 p.m. ET. Between 3:55 p.m. ET and immediately prior to 3:58 p.m. ET, an MOC Order can be cancelled and/or modified only if the Participant requests that Nasdaq correct a legitimate error in the Order. MOC Orders cannot be cancelled or modified at or after 3:58 p.m. ET for any reason. An MOC Order executes only at the price determined by the Nasdaq Closing Cross. See Rule 4702(b)(11).

LOC,⁴ IO,⁵ and Close Eligible Interest⁶ and the price at which those orders would execute at the time of dissemination.⁷ Specifically, the NOII consists of: (1) The “Current Reference Price”⁸; (2) the number of shares represented by MOC, LOC, and IO Orders that are paired at the Current Reference Price; (3) the size of any

⁴ Pursuant to Rule 4702(b)(12), a “Limit on Close Order” or “LOC” is an Order Type entered with a price that may be executed only in the Nasdaq Closing Cross, and only if the price determined by the Nasdaq Closing Cross is equal to or better than the price at which the LOC Order was entered. LOC Orders may be entered, cancelled, and/or modified between 4 a.m. ET and immediately prior to 3:55 p.m. ET. Between 3:55 p.m. ET and immediately prior to 3:58 p.m. ET, an LOC Order may be entered provided that there is a “First Reference Price,” *i.e.*, the “Current Reference Price” (*infra* n.8 below) that Nasdaq disseminates in the first NOII at or after 3:55 p.m. ET. *See* Rule 4754(a)(9). Also between 3:55 p.m. ET and immediately prior to 3:58 p.m. ET, an LOC Order can be cancelled but not modified, and only if the Participant requests that Nasdaq correct a legitimate error in the Order. An LOC Order entered between 3:55 p.m. ET and immediately prior to 3:58 p.m. ET is accepted at its limit price, unless its limit price is higher (lower) than the First Reference Price for an LOC Order to buy (sell), in which case the LOC Order is handled consistent with the Participant’s instruction that the LOC Order is to be: (1) Rejected; or (2) re-priced to the First Reference Price, provided that if the First Reference Price is not at a permissible minimum increment, the First Reference Price will be rounded (i) to the nearest permitted minimum increment (with midpoint prices being rounded up) if there is no imbalance, (ii) up if there is a buy imbalance, or (iii) down if there is a sell imbalance. The default configuration for Participants that do not specify otherwise is to have such LOC Orders re-priced rather than rejected.

⁵ An “Imbalance Only Order” or “IO” is an Order entered with a price that may be executed only in the Nasdaq Closing Cross and only against MOC Orders or LOC Orders. IO Orders may be entered between 4:00 a.m. ET until the time of execution of the Nasdaq Closing Cross, but may not be cancelled or modified at or after 3:55 p.m. ET. Between 3:55 p.m. ET and immediately prior to 3:58 p.m. ET, however, an IO Order can be cancelled and/or modified if the Participant requests that Nasdaq correct a legitimate error in the Order. IO Orders cannot be cancelled or modified at or after 3:58 p.m. ET for any reason. *See* Rule 4702(b)(13).

⁶ “Close Eligible Interest” means “any quotation or any order that may be entered into the system and designated with a time-in-force of SDAY, SGTC, MDAY, MGTC, SHEX, or GTMC.” Rule 4754(a)(1).

⁷ *See* Rule 4754(a)(7).

⁸ Pursuant to Rule 4754(a)(7)(A), the “Current Reference Price” means the following: (i) The single price that is at or within the current Nasdaq Market Center best bid and offer at which the maximum number of shares of MOC, LOC, and IO orders can be paired; (ii) if more than one price exists under subparagraph (i), the Current Reference Price shall mean the price that minimizes any Imbalance; (iii) if more than one price exists under subparagraph (ii), the Current Reference Price shall mean the entered price at which shares will remain unexecuted in the cross; or (iv) if more than one price exists under subparagraph (iii), the Current Reference Price shall mean the price that minimizes the distance from the bid-ask midpoint of the inside quotation prevailing at the time of the order imbalance indicator dissemination.

“Imbalance”⁹; (4) the buy/sell direction of any Imbalance; and (5) indicative prices at which the Nasdaq Closing Cross would occur if it occurred at that time and the percent by which the indicative prices are outside the then current Nasdaq Market Center best bid or best offer, whichever is closer. The NOII is useful because it helps Participants to identify at what price and size the Closing Cross will commence, as well as number of shares required to offset any order imbalances to optimize an auction.

Prior to October 2018, Nasdaq disseminated the NOII beginning at 3:50 p.m. ET, which was also the cutoff time (the “Cutoff”) for entering MOC and certain LOC Orders into the Closing Cross, and it disseminated the NOII at five second intervals thereafter until market close. In October 2018, Nasdaq amended the Closing Cross process by moving both the Closing Cross Cutoff time and the commencement time of the NOII to 3:55 p.m. ET.¹⁰ Also in October, the Exchange also began disseminating the NOII in one second intervals until market close.¹¹

When the Exchange proposed these changes to the timing of the NOII, it did so with the belief that “continuing to disseminate the Order Imbalance Indicator starting at the Closing Cross Cutoff . . . will ensure that market participants receive a more complete picture of on close interest when such interest is relatively settled.”¹² The Exchange furthermore asserted that synchronizing the NOII to the new Closing Cross Cutoff time was appropriate because the Closing Cross Cutoff “is when the Exchange believes it is possible to disseminate meaningful information about the Nasdaq Closing Cross” and “any information disseminated before the Closing Cross Cutoff has the potential to be misleading to some market Participants” (given that Participants may freely submit additional, cancel, or modify on close interest prior to the Cutoff and frequently do so immediately prior to the Cutoff).¹³

Likewise, in proposing to increase the frequency of the NOII from five to one second intervals, the Exchange asserted that “more frequent dissemination will

be beneficial to market participants that use this information.”¹⁴ Specifically, the Exchange noted that “the increased automation and efficiency in the equities markets that spurred the changed cutoff times . . . also justify increasing the frequency for disseminating information to the market.”¹⁵

Subsequent to October 2018, the Exchange has revisited its thinking regarding the utility and effect of an early dissemination of the NOII. The Exchange believes, based upon Participant feedback, that an early release of a subset of the NOII would be useful to Participants and improve price discovery in the Closing Cross.

Specifically, Nasdaq believes that an early release of NOII data comprising the Current Reference Price, the number of paired shares, the imbalance size, and the imbalance direction would offer Participants additional time and flexibility to react to imbalance information in advance of the Closing Cross Cutoff and also aid them in making informed decisions about whether and how to participate in the Closing Cross. In other words, early dissemination of this data will help Participants to make educated decisions as to whether, how, and at what likely prices they may interact with paired and imbalanced shares—and do so at a point in time when their decisions do not present a risk of adverse consequences because the Participant’s orders can still be freely modified or cancelled prior to the Closing Cross Cutoff time. For example, if Nasdaq was to release an early NOII indicating that a buy imbalance exists for a particular symbol, a Participant could act on that information in advance of the Closing Cross Cutoff to offset the imbalance, while also providing additional liquidity in the Closing Cross.

However, the Exchange believes that an early release of the NOII should exclude indicative prices, including Near and Far Closing Prices. Because Participants may freely enter new orders or cancel or modify existing orders prior to the Closing Cross Cutoff, indicative prices may change dramatically during this time.¹⁶ The Exchange believes that early dissemination of indicative price information would be less useful during

⁹ An “Imbalance” means the number of shares of buy or sell MOC, or LOC Orders that cannot be matched with other MOC or LOC, or IO Order shares at a particular price at any given time. *See* Rule 4754(a)(2).

¹⁰ *See* Securities Exchange Act Release No. 34–84454 (Oct. 19, 2018), 83 FR 53923 (Oct. 25, 2018).

¹¹ *See id.*

¹² SR–NASDAQ–2018–068 Amendment No. 1, at 9 (filed Oct. 15, 2018).

¹³ *Id.* at 14.

¹⁴ *Id.* at 10.

¹⁵ *Id.* at 15.

¹⁶ Unlike the Current Reference Price, which represents only the current price that maximizes the number of paired shares of on-close orders slated to participate in the Closing Cross, the Near and Far Indicative Prices are likely to be more volatile prior to the Closing Cross Cutoff because they also account for orders that exist on the continuous book.

the pre-Cutoff period than it is during the period between 3:55:00–4:00:00, when Participants are restricted from entering, modifying, or canceling orders.

Likewise, Nasdaq believes that a second-by-second dissemination of NOII information prior to the Closing Cross Cutoff time would not be necessary or helpful, and that less frequent dissemination would suffice. Whereas after the Closing Cross Cutoff time, Participants face order restrictions and time pressures that render rapid refreshes of the NOII critical to guiding their decisions, such order restrictions and time pressures do not exist, or are less acute, prior to the Closing Cross Cutoff.

Accordingly, Nasdaq now proposes to amend its Closing Cross procedures to provide for an early dissemination of a subset of NOII information at a lower frequency. Specifically, Nasdaq proposes to amend Rule 4754 to begin disseminating an “Early Order Imbalance Indicator” or “EOII” at 3:50 p.m. ET (or 10 minutes prior to the early closing time on a day when Nasdaq closes early).¹⁷ The Exchange proposes, in proposed Rule 4754(a)(10), that the EOII will consist of the same information as the full NOII (the Current Reference Price, the number of paired shares, the imbalance size, and the imbalance direction) except that it will not include the indicative price information set forth in Rule 4754(a)(7)(E), such as the Near Clearing Price or the Far Clearing Price. Unlike the full NOII, which disseminates in one second intervals, Nasdaq proposes to disseminate the EOII in 10 second intervals. At 3:55 p.m. ET or five minutes prior to the early closing time on a day when Nasdaq closes early, Nasdaq will cease disseminating the EOII and instead it will begin disseminating the full NOII at one second intervals, with the full

¹⁷ On certain days during the calendar year, Nasdaq may close the market early, in accordance with Rules 4701(g) (defining the term “Market Hours” to mean 9:30 a.m. ET–4:00 p.m. ET “or such earlier time as may be designated by Nasdaq on a day when Nasdaq closes early”) and 4617 (stating that the Nasdaq trading system operates from 4:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. Eastern. Time on each business day “unless modified by Nasdaq”). In such instances, the Exchange proposes to disseminate the EOII beginning 10 minutes prior to the early market closing time. For example, if Nasdaq closes the market at 1 p.m. ET, Nasdaq would begin disseminating the EOII at 12:50 p.m. ET and the NOII at 12:55 p.m. ET. The Exchange notes that it proposes to add clarifying language to Rule 4754(b) that addresses the possibility of early dissemination, not only of the EOII, but also of the NOII. The existing Rule does not specify that the NOII may disseminate earlier than 3:55 p.m. ET in the event of an early market close.

complement of information forth in Rule 4754(a)(7).

The Exchange notes that the New York Stock Exchange (“NYSE”) similarly disseminates limited imbalance information prior to its 3:45 p.m. closing auction cutoff time.¹⁸

The Exchange proposes to implement this proposed rule change in Q2 2019. The Exchange will announce the implementation date of the EOII in an Equity Trader Alert issued to Participants prior to implementing the change.

2. Statutory Basis

The Exchange believes that its proposal is consistent with Section 6(b) of the Act,¹⁹ in general, and furthers the objectives of Section 6(b)(5) of the Act,²⁰ in particular, in that it is designed to promote just and equitable principles of trade, to remove impediments to and perfect the mechanism of a free and open market and a national market system, and, in general to protect investors and the public interest.

In particular, disseminating an EOII for the Nasdaq Closing Cross earlier than the Closing Cross Cutoff time will increase the transparency of the Closing Cross process and facilitate price discovery. That is, the Exchange will offer Participants more information about the Closing Cross than they currently receive and the Exchange will provide this information to Participants at a time when Participants have more flexibility to act on it than they do when the full NOII disseminates after the Closing Cross Cutoff time. Participants may use the information gleaned from the EOII to offset imbalances or to otherwise enter, cancel, or modify orders in advance of the Closing Cross.

Moreover, Nasdaq believes it is in the best interests of Participants to exclude indicative pricing information from the EOII because the Near and Far Clearing Prices may change significantly prior to the Cutoff time as on close orders are added, cancelled, or modified. As noted above, the Near and Far Indicative

¹⁸ See NYSE Rule 123C(1)(b) (providing for the dissemination of an “Informational Imbalance Publication” between 3:00 p.m. and 3:45 p.m. that “indicates a disparity between MOC and marketable LOC interest to buy and MOC and marketable LOC interest to sell of any size in any security that is not a Mandatory MOC/LOC Imbalance Publication”), NYSE Rule 123C(1)(d) (providing for dissemination of a “Mandatory MOC/LOC Imbalance Publication” that “indicates a disparity between MOC and marketable LOC interest to buy and MOC and marketable LOC interest to sell, measured at 3:45 p.m. . . .”), NYSE Rule 123C(5), and NYSE Rule 123C(6) (providing for the dissemination of imbalance information to Floor brokers between 2:00 p.m. and 3:45 p.m.).

¹⁹ 15 U.S.C. 78f(b).

²⁰ 15 U.S.C. 78f(b)(5).

Prices are more likely than the Current Reference Price to be volatile prior to the Closing Cross Cutoff because they account for orders that exist on the continuous book. Indicative prices may be misleading to Participants if provided at a time when additional order activity is apt to occur and closing interest remains unsettled.

The Exchange believes that disseminating the EOII at 10 second intervals strikes the right balance between conveying material changes in imbalance information prior to the Closing Cross Cutoff time and avoiding excessive messaging traffic. As noted above, Participants do not require more frequent refreshes of EOII data given that, prior to the Closing Cross Cutoff time, they do not face the same order restrictions and time pressures that they do afterwards. The Exchange notes that the full NOII will continue to disseminate at one second intervals as of the Cutoff time.

B. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement on Burden on Competition

The Exchange does not believe that the proposed rule change will impose any burden on competition not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act. Rather, the Exchange believes that the proposed rule change is evidence of the competitive forces in the equities markets insofar as the establishment of the EOII is designed to render the Nasdaq Closing Cross more transparent and more attractive to Participants, both in an absolute sense and relative to the NYSE, which publishes similar imbalance information prior to the cutoff time for its closing auction. The proposed EOII will be equally available to Participants.

C. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received From Members, Participants, or Others

No written comments were either solicited or received.

III. Date of Effectiveness of the Proposed Rule Change and Timing for Commission Action

Because the foregoing proposed rule change does not: (i) Significantly affect the protection of investors or the public interest; (ii) impose any significant burden on competition; and (iii) become operative for 30 days from the date on which it was filed, or such shorter time as the Commission may designate, it has become effective pursuant to Section

19(b)(3)(A) of the Act²¹ and Rule 19b-4(f)(6) thereunder.²²

At any time within 60 days of the filing of the proposed rule change, the Commission summarily may temporarily suspend such rule change if it appears to the Commission that such action is necessary or appropriate in the public interest, for the protection of investors, or otherwise in furtherance of the purposes of the Act. If the Commission takes such action, the Commission shall institute proceedings to determine whether the proposed rule should be approved or disapproved.

IV. Solicitation of Comments

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views, and arguments concerning the foregoing, including whether the proposed rule change is consistent with the Act. Comments may be submitted by any of the following methods:

Electronic Comments

- Use the Commission's internet comment form (<http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml>); or
- Send an email to rule-comments@sec.gov. Please include File Number SR-NASDAQ-2019-010 on the subject line.

Paper Comments

- Send paper comments in triplicate to Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549-1090.
- All submissions should refer to File Number SR-NASDAQ-2019-010. This file number should be included on the subject line if email is used. To help the Commission process and review your comments more efficiently, please use only one method. The Commission will post all comments on the Commission's internet website (<http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml>). Copies of the submission, all subsequent amendments, all written statements with respect to the proposed rule change that are filed with the Commission, and all written communications relating to the proposed rule change between the Commission and any person, other than those that may be withheld from the public in accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552, will be available for website viewing and

printing in the Commission's Public Reference Room, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549, on official business days between the hours of 10:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m. Copies of the filing also will be available for inspection and copying at the principal office of the Exchange. All comments received will be posted without change. Persons submitting comments are cautioned that we do not redact or edit personal identifying information from comment submissions. You should submit only information that you wish to make available publicly. All submissions should refer to File Number SR-NASDAQ-2019-010 and should be submitted on or before April 8, 2019.

For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to delegated authority.²³

Eduardo A. Aleman,
Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2019-04945 Filed 3-15-19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8011-01-P

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Release No. 34-85295; File No. SR-CBOE-2019-015]

Self-Regulatory Organizations; Cboe Exchange, Inc.; Notice of Filing of a Proposed Rule Change To Allow \$1 Strike Price Intervals Above \$200 on Options on the QQQ and IWM Exchange-Traded Funds

March 12, 2019.

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1)¹ of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Act")² and Rule 19b-4 thereunder,³ notice is hereby given that, on March 6, 2019, Cboe Exchange, Inc. (the "Exchange") filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") the proposed rule change as described in Items I, II, and III below, which Items have been prepared by the Exchange. The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

I. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule Change

Cboe Exchange, Inc. (the "Exchange" or "Cboe Options") proposes to allow for \$1 strike prices above \$200 on additional options on Units of certain exchange-traded fund ("ETF") products.

The text of the proposed rule change is provided below.

(additions are *italicized*; deletions are [bracketed])

* * * * *

Rules of Cboe Exchange, Inc.

* * * * *

Rule 5.5. Series of Option Contracts Open for Trading

(a)-(e) (No change).

. . . Interpretations and Policies:

.01-.07 (No change).

.08

(a) Notwithstanding Interpretation and Policy .01 above, and except for options on Units covered under Interpretation and Policies .06 and .07 above, the interval between strike prices of series of options on Units, as defined under Interpretation and Policy .06 to Rule 5.3, will be \$1 or greater where the strike price is \$200 or less and \$5.00 or greater where the strike price is greater than \$200. For options on Units that are used to calculate a volatility index, the Exchange may open for trading \$0.50 strike price intervals as provided for in Interpretation and Policy .19 to this Rule 5.5.

(b) Notwithstanding Interpretation and Policy .01 and Interpretation and Policy .08(a) above, the interval between strike prices of series of options on Units of the Standard & Poor's Depository Receipts Trust ("SPY"), iShares S&P 500 Index ETF ("IVV"), PowerShares QQQ Trust ("QQQ"), iShares Russell 2000 Index Fund ("IWM"), and The DIAMONDS Trust ("DIA") will be \$1 or greater.

.09-.23 (No change)

* * * * *

The text of the proposed rule change is also available on the Exchange's website (<http://www.cboe.com/AboutCBOE/CBOELegalRegulatoryHome.aspx>), at the Exchange's Office of the Secretary, and at the Commission's Public Reference Room.

II. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, the Exchange included statements concerning the purpose of and basis for the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text of these statements may be examined at the places specified in Item IV below. The Exchange has prepared summaries, set forth in sections A, B, and C below, of

²¹ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(3)(A).

²² 17 CFR 240.19b-4(f)(6). In addition, Rule 19b-4(f)(6)(iii) requires a self-regulatory organization to give the Commission written notice of its intent to file the proposed rule change, along with a brief description and text of the proposed rule change, at least five business days prior to the date of filing of the proposed rule change, or such shorter time as designated by the Commission. The Exchange has satisfied this requirement.

²³ 17 CFR 200.30-3(a)(12).

¹ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).

² 15 U.S.C. 78a.

³ 17 CFR 240.19b-4.