

result in loss of engine thrust control, and reduced control of the airplane.

#### (f) Compliance

Comply with this AD within the compliance times specified, unless already done.

#### (g) Required Actions

(1) For engines with an oil pump assembly, part number (P/N) V112225 or P/N NPN11962, installed:

(i) After the effective date of this AD, within 30 days or 25 flight hours, whichever occurs first, inspect the oil pump assembly to determine the P/N of the oil pressure filter in accordance with the Accomplishment Instructions, Paragraph 2.A.(3), of RR Alert Service Bulletin (ASB) Mk. 601-22 Number 72-A208, dated September 2017.

(ii) If an oil pressure filter, P/N V21264, is installed, replace the oil pressure filter before the next flight with oil filter, P/N 2526, in accordance with the Accomplishment Instructions, Paragraph 2.A.(3)(b), of RR ASB Mk. 601-22 Number 72-A208, dated September 2017.

(2) For engines with an oil pump assembly, P/N V112027, installed:

(i) After the effective date of this AD, within 30 days or 25 flight hours, whichever occurs first, replace the oil pump assembly with oil pump assembly, P/N V112225 or P/N NPN11962, in accordance with the Accomplishment Instructions, Paragraph 2.A.(2), of RR ASB Mk. 601-22 Number 72-A208, dated September 2017.

(ii) Reserved.

#### (h) Installation Prohibition

After the effective date of this AD, do not install an oil pump assembly, P/N V112027, or an oil pressure filter, P/N V21264, on any engine, nor return any engine to service with an oil pump assembly, P/N V112027, or an oil pressure filter, P/N V21264, installed.

#### (i) Alternative Methods of Compliance (AMOCs)

(1) The Manager, ECO Branch, FAA, has the authority to approve AMOCs for this AD, if requested using the procedures found in 14 CFR 39.19. In accordance with 14 CFR 39.19, send your request to your principal inspector or local Flight Standards District Office, as appropriate. If sending information directly to the manager of the certification office, send it to the attention of the person identified in paragraph (j)(1) of this AD. You may email your request to: [ANE-AD-AMOC@faa.gov](mailto:ANE-AD-AMOC@faa.gov).

(2) Before using any approved AMOC, notify your appropriate principal inspector, or lacking a principal inspector, the manager of the local flight standards district office/certificate holding district office.

#### (j) Related Information

(1) For more information about this AD, contact Robert Green, Aerospace Engineer, ECO Branch, FAA, 1200 District Avenue, Burlington, MA 01803; phone: 781-238-7754; fax: 781-238-7199; email: [robert.green@faa.gov](mailto:robert.green@faa.gov).

(2) Refer to European Aviation Safety Agency (EASA) AD 2017-0197, dated October 6, 2017, for more information. You

may examine the EASA AD in the AD docket on the internet at <http://www.regulations.gov> by searching for and locating it in Docket No. FAA-2018-0287.

#### (k) Material Incorporated by Reference

(1) The Director of the Federal Register approved the incorporation by reference (IBR) of the service information listed in this paragraph under 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51.

(2) You must use this service information as applicable to do the actions required by this AD, unless the AD specifies otherwise.

(i) Rolls-Royce plc Alert Service Bulletin Mk. 601-22 Number 72-A208, dated September 2017.

(ii) Reserved.

(3) For Rolls-Royce plc service information identified in this AD, contact DA Services Operations Room at Rolls-Royce plc, Defense Sector Bristol, WH-70, P.O. Box 3, Filton, Bristol BS34 7QE, United Kingdom; phone: +44 (0) 117 97 90700; fax: +44 (0) 117 97 95498; email: [defence-operations-room@rolls-royce.com](mailto:defence-operations-room@rolls-royce.com).

(4) You may view this service information at FAA, Engine & Propeller Standards Branch, 1200 District Avenue, Burlington, MA 01803. For information on the availability of this material at the FAA, call 781-238-7759.

(5) You may view this service information that is incorporated by reference at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, call 202-741-6030, or go to: <http://www.archives.gov/federal-register/cfr/ibr-locations.html>.

Issued in Burlington, Massachusetts, on April 25, 2018.

**Robert J. Ganley,**

*Manager, Engine and Propeller Standards Branch, Aircraft Certification Service.*

[FR Doc. 2018-09913 Filed 5-8-18; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 4910-13-P**

## DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

### Coast Guard

#### 33 CFR Part 100

[Docket Number USCG-2018-0313]

RIN 1625-AA08

#### Special Local Regulation; Wolf River Chute, Memphis, TN

**AGENCY:** Coast Guard, DHS.

**ACTION:** Temporary final rule.

**SUMMARY:** The Coast Guard is establishing a temporary special local regulation for all navigable waters of the Wolf River Chute in the vicinity of the Mud Island River Park near Memphis, TN. This action is necessary to protect spectators and vessels during the Duncan William Dragon Boat Races

regatta. Entry of vessels or persons into this regulated area is prohibited unless authorized by the Captain of the Port Sector Lower Mississippi River (COTP) or a designated representative.

**DATES:** This rule is effective from 7 a.m. through 4 p.m. on May 12, 2018.

**ADDRESSES:** To view documents mentioned in this preamble as being available in the docket, go to <http://www.regulations.gov>, type USCG-2018-0313 in the "SEARCH" box and click "SEARCH." Click on Open Docket Folder on the line associated with this rule.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** If you have questions about this rule, call or email Petty Officer Todd Manow, Sector Lower Mississippi River Prevention Department, U.S. Coast Guard, telephone 901-521-4813, email [Todd.M.Manow@uscg.mil](mailto:Todd.M.Manow@uscg.mil).

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

##### I. Table of Abbreviations

CFR Code of Federal Regulations  
COTP Captain of the Port Sector Lower Mississippi River  
DHS Department of Homeland Security  
FR Federal Register  
NPRM Notice of proposed rulemaking  
§ Section  
U.S.C. United States Code

##### II. Background Information and Regulatory History

The Coast Guard is issuing this temporary final rule without prior notice and opportunity to comment pursuant to authority under section 4(a) of the Administrative Procedure Act (APA) (5 U.S.C. 553(b)). This provision authorizes an agency to issue a rule without prior notice and opportunity to comment when the agency, for good cause, finds that those procedures are "impracticable, unnecessary, or contrary to the public interest." Under 5 U.S.C. 553(b)(3)(B), the Coast Guard finds that good cause exists for not publishing a notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM) with respect to this rule because it is impracticable. The Coast Guard did not receive the event details in sufficient time to publish an NPRM. We must establish this special local regulation on May 12, 2018 and lack sufficient time to provide a reasonable comment period and then consider those comments before issuing this rule. The NPRM process would delay the establishment of the regulated area until after the date of the regatta and compromise public safety.

Under 5 U.S.C. 553(d)(3), the Coast Guard finds that good cause exists for making this temporary rule effective less than 30 days after publication in the **Federal Register**. Delaying the effective

date of this rule would be impracticable and contrary to public interest because immediate action is necessary to protect persons and property from the dangers associated with commercial traffic interacting with this rowing event.

### III. Legal Authority and Need for a Rule

The Coast Guard is issuing this rule under authority in 33 U.S.C. 1233. The Captain of the Port Sector Lower Mississippi River (COTP) has determined that potential hazards associated with the Duncan Williams Dragon Boat Races from 7 a.m. to 4 p.m. on May 12, 2018 will be a safety concern for all navigable waters of the Wolf River Chute in the vicinity of the Mud Island River Park. This rule is necessary to ensure the safety of life and vessels on these navigable waters before, during, and after the scheduled event.

### IV. Discussion of the Rule

This rule establishes a special local regulation from 7 a.m. through 4 p.m. on May 12, 2018 for all navigable waters of the Wolf River Chute from the Mud Island River Park Monorail Bridge at 35°08.9' N, 090°03.4' W, south to the mouth of the Chute at 35°08.5' N, 090°08.5' W, in Memphis, TN. The duration of the regulated area is intended to ensure the safety of life and vessels on these navigable waters before, during, and after the scheduled event. No vessel or person shall transit the regulated area unless authorized by the COTP or a designated representative. A designated representative may be a Patrol Commander (PATCOM). The PATCOM may be aboard either a Coast Guard or Coast Guard Auxiliary vessel. The PATCOM may be contacted on Channel 16 VHF-FM (156.8 MHz) by the call sign "PATCOM".

All persons and vessels not registered with the event sponsor as participants or official patrol vessels are considered spectators. The "official patrol vessels" consist of any Coast Guard, state, or local law enforcement and sponsor provided vessels assigned or approved by the COTP to patrol the regulated area.

Spectator vessels desiring to transit the regulated area may do so only with prior approval of the COTP or a designated representative and when so directed by that officer will be operated at a minimum safe navigation speed in a manner that will not endanger participants in the regulated area or any other vessels. No spectator vessel shall anchor, block, loiter, or impede the through transit of participants or official patrol vessels in the regulated area during the effective dates and times, unless cleared for entry by or through an

official patrol vessel. Any spectator vessel may anchor outside the regulated area, but may not anchor in, block, or loiter in a navigable channel. Spectator vessels may be moored to a waterfront facility within the regulated area in such a way that they shall not interfere with the progress of the event. Such mooring must be complete at least 30 minutes prior to the establishment of the regulated area and remain moored through the duration of the event.

Persons or vessels seeking to enter into or transit through the regulated area must request permission from the COTP or a designated representative. They may be contacted on VHF-FM channels 16 or by telephone at 1-866-777-2784. If permission is granted, all persons and vessels must comply with the instructions of the COTP or designated representative.

The COTP or a designated representative may forbid and control the movement of all vessels in the regulated area. When hailed or signaled by an official patrol vessel, a vessel shall come to an immediate stop and comply with the directions given. Failure to do so may result in expulsion from the area, citation for failure to comply, or both.

The COTP or a designated representative may terminate the event or the operation of any vessel at any time it is deemed necessary for the protection of life or property. The COTP or a designated representative will terminate enforcement of the regulated area at the conclusion of the event.

### V. Regulatory Analyses

We developed this rule after considering numerous statutes and Executive orders related to rulemaking. Below we summarize our analyses based on a number of these statutes and Executive orders and we discuss First Amendment rights of protestors.

#### A. Regulatory Planning and Review

Executive Orders 12866 and 13563 direct agencies to assess the costs and benefits of available regulatory alternatives and, if regulation is necessary, to select regulatory approaches that maximize net benefits. Executive Order 13771 directs agencies to control regulatory costs through a budgeting process. This rule has not been designated a "significant regulatory action," under Executive Order 12866. Accordingly, this rule has not been reviewed by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB), and pursuant to OMB guidance it is exempt from the requirements of Executive Order 13771.

This regulatory action determination is based on the size, location, duration, and time-of-day of the special local regulation. This special local regulation will restrict vessel traffic for nine hours on a less than half-mile stretch of the Wolf River Chute for one day. Moreover, the Coast Guard will issue Broadcast Notice to Mariners (BNMs) via VHF-FM marine channel 16 about the regulated area, and the rule allows vessels to seek permission to enter the regulated area.

#### B. Impact on Small Entities

The Regulatory Flexibility Act of 1980, 5 U.S.C. 601-612, as amended, requires Federal agencies to consider the potential impact of regulations on small entities during rulemaking. The term "small entities" comprises small businesses, not-for-profit organizations that are independently owned and operated and are not dominant in their fields, and governmental jurisdictions with populations of less than 50,000. The Coast Guard certifies under 5 U.S.C. 605(b) that this rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities.

While some owners or operators of vessels intending to transit the regulated area may be small entities, for the reasons stated in section V.A. above, this rule will not have a significant economic impact on any vessel owner or operator.

Under section 213(a) of the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act of 1996 (Pub. L. 104-121), we want to assist small entities in understanding this rule. If the rule would affect your small business, organization, or governmental jurisdiction and you have questions concerning its provisions or options for compliance, please contact the person listed in the **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT** section.

Small businesses may send comments on the actions of Federal employees who enforce, or otherwise determine compliance with, Federal regulations to the Small Business and Agriculture Regulatory Enforcement Ombudsman and the Regional Small Business Regulatory Fairness Boards. The Ombudsman evaluates these actions annually and rates each agency's responsiveness to small business. If you wish to comment on actions by employees of the Coast Guard, call 1-888-REG-FAIR (1-888-734-3247). The Coast Guard will not retaliate against small entities that question or complain about this rule or any policy or action of the Coast Guard.

### C. Collection of Information

This rule will not call for a new collection of information under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501–3520).

### D. Federalism and Indian Tribal Governments

A rule has implications for federalism under Executive Order 13132, Federalism, if it has a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. We have analyzed this rule under that Order and have determined that it is consistent with the fundamental federalism principles and preemption requirements described in Executive Order 13132.

Also, this rule does not have tribal implications under Executive Order 13175, Consultation and Coordination with Indian Tribal Governments, because it does not have a substantial direct effect on one or more Indian tribes, on the relationship between the Federal Government and Indian tribes, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities between the Federal Government and Indian tribes. If you believe this rule has implications for federalism or Indian tribes, please contact the person listed in the **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT** section above.

### E. Unfunded Mandates Reform Act

The Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1531–1538) requires Federal agencies to assess the effects of their discretionary regulatory actions. In particular, the Act addresses actions that may result in the expenditure by a State, local, or tribal government, in the aggregate, or by the private sector of \$100,000,000 (adjusted for inflation) or more in any one year. Though this rule will not result in such expenditure, we do discuss the effects of this rule elsewhere in this preamble.

### F. Environment

We have analyzed this rule under Department of Homeland Security Management Directive 023–01 and Commandant Instruction M16475.1D, which guide the Coast Guard in complying with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321–4370f), and have determined that this action is one of a category of actions that do not individually or cumulatively have a significant effect on the human environment. This rule involves the establishment of a special local regulation lasting nine hours for an

event spanning 860 yards of the Wolf River Chute in the vicinity of the Mud Island River Park in Memphis, TN. It is categorically excluded from further review under paragraphs L61 of Appendix A, Table 1 of DHS Instruction Manual 023–01–001–01, Rev. 01. A Record of Environmental Consideration is available in the docket where indicated under **ADDRESSES**.

### G. Protest Activities

The Coast Guard respects the First Amendment rights of protesters. Protesters are asked to contact the person listed in the **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT** section to coordinate protest activities so that your message can be received without jeopardizing the safety or security of people, places, or vessels.

### List of Subjects in 33 CFR Part 100

Marine safety, Navigation (water), Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Waterways.

For the reasons discussed in the preamble, the Coast Guard amends 33 CFR part 100 as follows:

### PART 100—SAFETY OF LIFE ON NAVIGABLE WATERS

■ 1. The authority citation for part 100 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** 33 U.S.C. 1233.

■ 2. Add § 100.35T08–0313 to read as follows:

#### § 100.35T08–0313 Special Local Regulation; Wolf River Chute, Memphis, TN.

(a) *Location.* (1) The following area is a special local regulation: All navigable waters of the Wolf River Chute forming the mouth of the Chute, from the Mud Island River Park Monorail bridge at 35°08.9" N, 090°03.4" W, south to the mouth of the Chute at 35°08.5" N, 090°08.5" W.

(b) *Regulations.* (1) In accordance with the general regulations in § 100.801 of this part, no vessel or person shall enter the regulated area unless authorized by the Captain of the Port Sector Lower Mississippi River (COTP) or a designated representative. A designated representative may be a Patrol Commander (PATCOM). The PATCOM may be aboard either a Coast Guard or Coast Guard Auxiliary vessel. The PATCOM may be contacted on Channel 16 VHF–FM (156.8 MHz) by the call sign “PATCOM”.

(2) All persons and vessels not registered with the event sponsor as participants or official patrol vessels are considered spectators. The “official patrol vessels” consist of any Coast Guard, state, or local law enforcement

and sponsor provided vessels assigned or approved by the COTP to patrol the regulated area.

(3) Spectator vessels desiring to transit the regulated area may do so only with prior approval of the COTP or a designated representative and when so directed by that officer will be operated at a minimum safe navigation speed in a manner that will not endanger participants in the regulated area or any other vessels.

(4) No spectator vessel shall anchor, block, loiter, or impede the through transit of participants or official patrol vessels in the regulated area during the effective dates and times, unless cleared for entry by or through an official patrol vessel.

(5) Any spectator vessel may anchor outside the regulated area, but may not anchor in, block, or loiter in a navigable channel. Spectator vessels may be moored to a waterfront facility within the regulated area in such a way that they shall not interfere with the progress of the event. Such mooring must be complete at least 30 minutes prior to the establishment of the regulated area and remain moored through the duration of the event.

(6) Persons or vessels seeking to enter into or transit through the regulated area must request permission from the COTP or a designated representative. They may be contacted on VHF–FM channels 16 or by telephone at 1–866–777–2784.

(7) If permission is granted, all persons and vessels must comply with the instructions of the COTP or designated representative.

(8) The COTP or a designated representative may forbid and control the movement of all vessels in the regulated area. When hailed or signaled by an official patrol vessel, a vessel shall come to an immediate stop and comply with the directions given. Failure to do so may result in expulsion from the area, citation for failure to comply, or both.

(9) The COTP or a designated representative may terminate the event or the operation of any vessel at any time it is deemed necessary for the protection of life or property.

(10) The COTP or a designated representative will terminate enforcement of the regulated area at the conclusion of the event.

(c) *Effective period.* This section is effective from 7 a.m. until 4 p.m. on May 12, 2018.

(d) *Informational broadcasts.* The COTP or a designated representative will inform the public through Broadcast Notices to Mariners (BNMs) of the enforcement period for the

regulated area as well as any changes in the dates and times of enforcement.

Dated: April 23, 2018.

**R. Tamez,**

*Captain, U.S. Coast Guard, Captain of the Port Sector Lower Mississippi River.*

[FR Doc. 2018-09908 Filed 5-8-18; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 9110-04-P

## ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

### 40 CFR Part 52

[EPA-R02-OAR-2017-0101; FRL-9977-61—Region 2]

### Approval and Promulgation of Implementation Plans; New Jersey; Motor Vehicle Enhanced Inspection and Maintenance Program

**AGENCY:** Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

**ACTION:** Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is approving a request from New Jersey to revise its State Implementation Plan (SIP) to incorporate revisions to the motor vehicle enhanced inspection and maintenance (I/M) program. New Jersey has made several amendments to its I/M program and has requested that the SIP be revised to include these changes. EPA is approving New Jersey's amendments to its I/M program to discontinue idle tests on model years 1995 and older light duty gasoline vehicles, idle tests on heavy-duty gasoline vehicles and gas cap leak testing. In addition, heavy-duty gasoline vehicles equipped with on-board diagnostics (OBD) will be subject to OBD testing with this revision. The intended effect of this action is to maintain consistency between the State-adopted rules and the federally approved SIP.

**DATES:** This rule is effective on June 8, 2018.

**ADDRESSES:** The EPA has established a docket for this action under Docket ID No. EPA-R02-OAR-2017-0101. All documents in the docket are listed on the [www.regulations.gov](http://www.regulations.gov) website. Although listed in the index, some information is not publicly available, e.g., confidential business information or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute. Certain other material, such as copyrighted material, is not placed on the internet and will be publicly available only in hard copy form. Publicly available docket materials are available through [www.regulations.gov](http://www.regulations.gov), or please contact

the person identified in the **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT** section for additional availability information.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Reema Loutan, Air Programs Branch, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 290 Broadway, 25th Floor, New York, New York 10007, at (212) 637-3760, or by email at [loutan.reema@epa.gov](mailto:loutan.reema@epa.gov).

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

- I. What action is the EPA taking today?
- II. What was submitted by the NJDEP and how did the EPA respond?
- III. What comments were received in response to the EPA's proposed action?
- IV. What is the EPA's conclusion?
- V. Incorporation by Reference
- VI. Statutory and Executive Order Reviews

#### I. What action is the EPA taking today?

The EPA is approving a request from New Jersey to revise its SIP to incorporate revisions to the enhanced inspection and maintenance (I/M) program.

#### II. What was submitted by the NJDEP and how did the EPA respond?

On September 16, 2016, New Jersey submitted to the EPA revisions to the New Jersey SIP pertaining to New Jersey's motor vehicle enhanced I/M program. On October 6, 2017 (82 FR 46742), the EPA published a notice of proposed rulemaking to approve the revisions to the SIP for New Jersey's I/M program. The revisions submitted by New Jersey include:

- Discontinuing the two-speed idle tests on model year 1981–1995 light duty gasoline vehicles, idle tests on pre-1981 model year light duty gasoline vehicles, and idle tests on heavy-duty gasoline vehicles;
- Discontinuing the smoke opacity test for diesel-powered vehicles equipped with an on-board diagnostic (OBD) system;
- Discontinuing the rolling acceleration smoke opacity test and the power brake smoke opacity test for heavy-duty diesel motor vehicles;
- Replacing the fuel cap leak test or gas cap test for gasoline-fueled vehicles with a visual gas cap check to ensure the gas cap is present;
- Requiring an OBD test for every vehicle subject to inspection that is required by the EPA to be equipped with an OBD system;
- Requiring inspections for commercial vehicles;
- Requiring that re-inspections of all vehicles be performed at New Jersey's decentralized I/M facilities;
- Adding procedures for the diesel exhaust after-treatment checks; and
- Authorizing inspectors of both gasoline and diesel vehicles to fail a

vehicle if it is determined that there has been tampering with the vehicle's emission controls.

The EPA's rationale for the proposed approval of the SIP revision was presented in the October 6, 2017 proposal, referenced above, and will not be restated here.

#### III. What comments were received in response to the EPA's proposed action?

The proposed action provided a 30-day public comment period. During this period, two comments were received. One comment discussed greenhouse gas concerns and is not relevant to the content of the I/M SIP revision submitted by New Jersey. The second comment and EPA's response is discussed below.

*Comment #2:* An anonymous commenter asked "Why would we not test and control idling emissions? What is to be gained by not ensuring that this doesn't allow harmful toxins and particulate matter into the air? Do you want your child on line for the school bus that is idling and spewing?"

*Response:* Under this SIP revision, New Jersey's revised SIP will expand inspection test requirements to all vehicles with OBD systems that are covered by New Jersey I/M testing program. Light duty gasoline vehicles from model year 1996 and later, and heavy-duty engines and vehicles between 8,500 and 14,000 pounds gross vehicle weight rating from 2008 and later are all required by EPA regulations to have OBD systems.

The OBD system processes readings from sensors in the engine and along the exhaust system to monitor and record indicators of engine performance, performance of the fuel delivery system, and functioning of the emission control system. The OBD system thus monitors for nearly all potential emission control component malfunctions that may cause excess vehicle emissions, and an OBD inspection test provides technicians with timely and accurate emissions data and flags malfunctions early, which helps vehicle owners better maintain their vehicles. Thus, OBD inspection tests play a key role in helping states meet national air quality standards, and offers significant benefits to state and local agencies working to improve air quality through vehicle inspection and maintenance programs.

New Jersey's SIP revision does eliminate tailpipe idle tests for model year 1995 and earlier light duty vehicles and all heavy-duty gasoline vehicles. However, the number of vehicles that will no longer require idle testing and that also do not have OBD systems is a small proportion of vehicles in New