

structural changes were also made to the document to enhance readability.

#### (b) Statutory Basis

Section 17A(b)(3)(F) of the Act<sup>3</sup> requires, among other things, that the rules of a clearing agency be designed to protect investors and the public interest and to comply with the provisions of the Act and the rules and regulations thereunder. ICC believes that the proposed rule changes are consistent with the requirements of the Act and the rules and regulations thereunder applicable to ICC, in particular, to Section 17A(b)(3)(F),<sup>4</sup> because ICC believes that the proposed rule changes will protect investors and the public interest, as the updates more accurately reflect ICC's operational risk program given the incorporation of the ICE, Inc. Enterprise Risk Management Department into ICC's existing operational risk management processes. In addition, the proposed revisions are consistent with the relevant requirements of Rule 17Ad-22.<sup>5</sup> The changes to the ICC Operational Risk Management Framework further ensure that ICC, through its operational risk program, is able to identify sources of operational risk and minimize them through the development of appropriate systems, control, and procedures. Thus, the changes are reasonably designed to meet the operational risk requirements of Rule 17Ad-22(d)(4).<sup>6</sup> As such, the proposed changes are designed to promote the prompt and accurate clearance and settlement of securities transactions, derivatives agreements, contracts, and transactions within the meaning of Section 17A(b)(3)(F)<sup>7</sup> of the Act.

#### (B) Clearing Agency's Statement on Burden on Competition

ICC does not believe the proposed rule changes would have any impact, or impose any burden, on competition. The ICC Operational Risk Management Framework applies uniformly across all market participants. Therefore, ICC does not believe the proposed rule changes impose any burden on competition that is inappropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act.

#### (C) Clearing Agency's Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change, Security-Based Swap Submission, or Advance Notice Received From Members, Participants or Others

Written comments relating to the proposed rule change have not been solicited or received. ICC will notify the Commission of any written comments received by ICC.

#### III. Date of Effectiveness of the Proposed Rule Change, Security-Based Swap Submission, or Advance Notice and Timing for Commission Action

Within 45 days of the date of publication of this notice in the **Federal Register** or within such longer period up to 90 days (i) as the Commission may designate if it finds such longer period to be appropriate and publishes its reasons for so finding or (ii) as to which the self-regulatory organization consents, the Commission will:

- (A) By order approve or disapprove such proposed rule change, or
- (B) institute proceedings to determine whether the proposed rule change should be disapproved.

#### IV. Solicitation of Comments

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views, and arguments concerning the foregoing, including whether the proposed rule change, security-based swap submission, or advance notice is consistent with the Act. Comments may be submitted by any of the following methods:

##### Electronic Comments

- Use the Commission's internet comment form (<http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml>); or
- Send an email to [rule-comments@sec.gov](mailto:rule-comments@sec.gov). Please include File Number SR-ICC-2018-003 on the subject line.

##### Paper Comments

Send paper comments in triplicate to Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549-1090.

All submissions should refer to File Number SR-ICC-2018-003. This file number should be included on the subject line if email is used. To help the Commission process and review your comments more efficiently, please use only one method. The Commission will post all comments on the Commission's internet website (<http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml>). Copies of the submission, all subsequent amendments, all written statements with respect to the proposed rule

change, security-based swap submission, or advance notice that are filed with the Commission, and all written communications relating to the proposed rule change, security-based swap submission, or advance notice between the Commission and any person, other than those that may be withheld from the public in accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552, will be available for website viewing and printing in the Commission's Public Reference Room, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549, on official business days between the hours of 10:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m. Copies of such filings will also be available for inspection and copying at the principal office of ICE Clear Credit and on ICE Clear Credit's website at <https://www.theice.com/clear-credit/regulation>.

All comments received will be posted without change. Persons submitting comments are cautioned that we do not redact or edit personal identifying information from comment submissions. You should submit only information that you wish to make available publicly. All submissions should refer to File Number SR-ICC-2018-003 and should be submitted on or before March 28, 2018.

For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to delegated authority.<sup>8</sup>

**Eduardo A. Aleman,**  
Assistant Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2018-04558 Filed 3-6-18; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8011-01-P

## SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

### Proposed Collection; Comment Request

*Upon Written Request, Copies Available From:* Securities and Exchange Commission, Office of FOIA Services, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549-2736.

#### Extension:

Rule 22c-2, SEC File No. 270-541, OMB Control No. 3235-0620.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*) the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") is soliciting comments on the collection of information summarized below. The Commission plans to submit this existing collection of information to the Office of Management and Budget for extension and approval.

<sup>8</sup> 17 CFR 200.30-3(a)(12).

<sup>3</sup> 15 U.S.C. 78q-1(b)(3)(F).

<sup>4</sup> *Id.*

<sup>5</sup> 17 CFR 240.17Ad-22.

<sup>6</sup> 17 CFR 240.17Ad-22(d)(4).

<sup>7</sup> 15 U.S.C. 78q-1(b)(3)(F).

Rule 22c-2 (17 CFR 270.22c-2) under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a) (the “Investment Company Act” or “Act”) requires the board of directors (including a majority of independent directors) of most registered open-end investment companies (“funds”) to either approve a redemption fee of up to two percent or determine that imposition of a redemption fee is not necessary or appropriate for the fund. Rule 22c-2 also requires a fund to enter into written agreements with their financial intermediaries (such as broker-dealers and retirement plan administrators) under which the fund, upon request, can obtain certain shareholder identity and trading information from the intermediaries. The written agreement must also allow the fund to direct the intermediary to prohibit further purchases or exchanges by specific shareholders that the fund has identified as being engaged in transactions that violate the fund’s market timing policies. These requirements enable funds to obtain the information that they need to monitor the frequency of short-term trading in omnibus accounts and enforce their market timing policies.

The rule includes three “collections of information” within the meaning of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (“PRA”).<sup>1</sup> First, the rule requires boards to either approve a redemption fee of up to two percent or determine that imposition of a redemption fee is not necessary or appropriate for the fund. Second, funds must enter into information sharing agreements with all of their “financial intermediaries”<sup>2</sup> and maintain a copy of the written information sharing agreement with each intermediary in an easily accessible place for six years. Third, pursuant to the information sharing agreements, funds must have systems that enable them to request frequent trading information upon demand from their intermediaries, and to enforce any

restrictions on trading required by funds under the rule.

The collections of information created by rule 22c-2 are necessary for funds to effectively assess redemption fees, enforce their policies in frequent trading, and monitor short-term trading, including market timing, in omnibus accounts. These collections of information are mandatory for funds that redeem shares within seven days of purchase. The collections of information also are necessary to allow Commission staff to fulfill its examination and oversight responsibilities.

Rule 22c-2(a)(1) requires the board of directors of all registered open-end management investment companies and series thereof (except for money market funds, ETFs, or funds that affirmatively permit short-term trading of its securities) to approve a redemption fee for the fund, or instead make a determination that a redemption fee is either not necessary or appropriate for the fund. Commission staff understands that the boards of all funds currently in operation have undertaken this process for the funds they currently oversee, and the rule does not require boards to review this determination periodically once it has been made. Accordingly, we expect that only boards of newly registered funds or newly created series thereof would undertake this determination. Commission staff estimates that 42 funds (excluding money market funds and ETFs) are newly formed each year and would need to make this determination.<sup>3</sup>

Based on conversations with fund representatives,<sup>4</sup> Commission staff estimates that it takes 2 hours of the board’s time as a whole (at a rate of \$4465 per hour)<sup>5</sup> to approve a redemption fee or make the required determination on behalf of all series of the fund. In addition, Commission staff estimates that it takes compliance personnel of the fund 8 hours (at a rate of \$66 per hour)<sup>6</sup> to prepare trading,

compliance, and other information regarding the fund’s operations to enable the board to make its determination, and takes internal compliance counsel of the fund 3 hours (at a rate of \$345 per hour)<sup>7</sup> to review this information and present its recommendations to the board. Therefore, for each fund board that undertakes this determination process, Commission staff estimates it expends 13 hours<sup>8</sup> at a cost of \$10,493.<sup>9</sup> As a result, Commission staff estimates that the total time spent for all funds on this process is 546 hours at a cost of \$440,706.<sup>10</sup>

Rule 22c-2(a)(2) also requires a fund to enter into information-sharing agreements with each of its financial intermediaries. Commission staff understands that all currently registered funds have already entered into such agreements with their intermediaries. Funds enter into new relationships with intermediaries from time to time, however, which requires them to enter into new information sharing agreements. Commission staff understands that, in general, funds enter into information-sharing agreement when they initially establish a relationship with an intermediary, which is typically executed as an addendum to the distribution agreement. The Commission staff understands that most shareholder information agreements are entered into by the fund group (a group of funds with a common investment adviser), and estimates that there are currently 850 currently active fund groups.<sup>11</sup> Commission staff estimates that, on average, each active fund group enters into relationships with 3 new intermediaries each year. Commission staff understands that funds generally use a standard information sharing agreement, drafted by the fund or an outside entity, and modifies that agreement according to the

<sup>7</sup> The \$345 per hour figure for internal compliance counsel is from SIFMA’s *Management & Professional Earnings in the Securities Industry 2013*, modified by Commission staff to account for an 1800-hour work-year and inflation, and multiplied by 5.35 to account for bonuses, firm size, employee benefits and overhead.

<sup>8</sup> This calculation is based on the following estimates: (2 hours of board time + 3 hours of internal compliance counsel time + 8 hours of compliance clerk time = 13 hours).

<sup>9</sup> This calculation is based on the following estimates: (\$8,930 (\$4,465 board time × 2 hours = \$8,930) + \$528 (\$66 compliance time × 8 hours = \$528) + \$1,035 (\$345 attorney time × 3 hours = \$1,035) = \$10,493).

<sup>10</sup> This calculation is based on the following estimates: (13 hours × 42 funds = 546 hours); (\$10,493 × 42 funds = \$440,706).

<sup>11</sup> ICI, 2017 Investment Company Fact Book at Fig 1.8 (2017) (<https://www.ici.org/research/stats/factbook>).

<sup>1</sup> 44 U.S.C. 3501–3520.

<sup>2</sup> The rule defines a Financial Intermediary as: (i) Any broker, dealer, bank, or other person that holds securities issued by the fund in nominee name; (ii) a unit investment trust or fund that invests in the fund in reliance on section 12(d)(1)(E) of the Act; and (iii) in the case of a participant directed employee benefit plan that owns the securities issued by the fund, a retirement plan’s administrator under section 316(A) of the Employee Retirement Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. 1002(16)(A) or any person that maintains the plans’ participant records. Financial Intermediary does not include any person that the fund treats as an individual investor with respect to the fund’s policies established for the purpose of eliminating or reducing any dilution of the value of the outstanding securities issued by the fund. Rule 22c-2(c)(1).

<sup>3</sup> This estimate is based on the number of registrants filing initial Form N-1A or N-3. This estimate does not carve out money market funds, ETFs, or funds that affirmatively permit short-term trading of their securities, so this estimate corresponds to the outer limit of the number of registrants that would have to make this determination.

<sup>4</sup> Unless otherwise stated, estimates throughout this analysis are derived from a survey of funds and conversations with fund representatives.

<sup>5</sup> The estimate of \$4465 per hour for the board’s time as a whole is based on conversations with representatives of funds and their legal counsel.

<sup>6</sup> The \$66 per hour figure for a compliance clerk is from SIFMA’s *Office Salaries in the Securities Industry 2013*, modified by Commission staff to account for an 1800-hour work-year and inflation, and multiplied by 2.93 to account for bonuses, firm size, employee benefits and overhead.

requirements of each intermediary. Commission staff estimates that negotiating the terms and entering into an information sharing agreement takes a total of 4 hours of attorney time (at a rate of \$392 per hour)<sup>12</sup> per intermediary (representing 2.5 hours of fund attorney time and 1.5 hours of intermediary attorney time). Accordingly, Commission staff estimates that it takes 12 hours at a cost of \$4704 each year<sup>13</sup> to enter into new information sharing agreements, and all existing market participants incur a total of 10,200 hours at a cost of \$3,998,400.<sup>14</sup>

In addition, newly created funds advised by new entrants (effectively new fund groups) must enter into information sharing agreements with all of their financial intermediaries. Commission staff estimates that there are 47 new fund groups that form each year that will have to enter into information sharing agreements with each of their intermediaries.<sup>15</sup> Commission staff estimates that fund groups formed by new advisers typically have relationships with significantly fewer intermediaries than existing fund groups, and estimates that new fund groups will typically enter into 100 information sharing agreements with their intermediaries when they begin operations.<sup>16</sup> As discussed previously, Commission staff estimates that it takes 4 hours of attorney time (at a rate of \$392 per hour)<sup>17</sup> per intermediary to enter into information sharing agreements. Therefore, Commission staff estimates that each newly formed fund group will incur 400 hours of attorney time at a cost of \$156,800<sup>18</sup> and that all

newly formed fund groups will incur a total of 18,800 hours at a cost of \$7,369,600 to enter into information sharing agreements with their intermediaries.<sup>19</sup>

Rule 22c-2(a)(3) requires funds to maintain records of all information-sharing agreements for 6 years in an easily accessible place. Commission staff understands that most shareholder information agreements are stored at the fund group level and estimates that there are currently approximately 850 fund groups.<sup>20</sup> Commission staff understands that information-sharing agreements are generally included as addendums to distribution agreements between funds and their intermediaries, and that these agreements would be stored as required by the rule as a matter of ordinary business practice. Therefore, Commission staff estimates that maintaining records of information-sharing agreements requires 10 minutes of time spent by a general clerk (at a rate of \$59 per hour)<sup>21</sup> per fund, each year. Accordingly, Commission staff estimates that all funds will incur 141.67 hours at a cost of \$8,358.53<sup>22</sup> in complying with the recordkeeping requirement of rule 22c-2(a)(3).

Therefore, Commission staff estimates that to comply with the information sharing agreement requirements of rule 22c-2(a)(2) and (3), it requires a total of 29,141.67 hours at a cost of \$11,403,358.53.<sup>23</sup>

The Commission staff estimates that on average, each fund group requests shareholder information once a week, and gives instructions regarding the restriction of shareholder trades every day, for a total of 417 responses related to information sharing systems per fund group each year, and a total 354,450 responses for all fund groups annually.<sup>24</sup> In addition, as described above, the staff estimates that funds make 42 responses related to board

determinations, 2,550 responses related to new intermediaries of existing fund groups, 4,700 responses related to new fund group information sharing agreements, and 850 responses related to recordkeeping, for a total of 8,142 responses related to the other requirements of rule 22c-2. Therefore, the Commission staff estimates that the total number of responses is 362,592 (354,450 + 8,142 = 362,592).

The Commission staff estimates that the total hour burden for rule 22c-2 is 29,687.67 hours at a cost of \$11,817,056.50.<sup>25</sup> Responses provided to the Commission will be accorded the same level of confidentiality accorded to other responses provided to the Commission in the context of its examination and oversight program. Responses provided in the context of the Commission's examination and oversight program are generally kept confidential. Complying with the information collections of rule 22c-2 is mandatory for funds that redeem their shares within 7 days of purchase. An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid control number.

Written comments are invited on: (a) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the collection of information; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents, including through the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology. Consideration will be given to comments and suggestions submitted in writing within 60 days of this publication.

Please direct your written comments to Pamela Dyson, Director/Chief Information Officer, Securities and Exchange Commission, C/O Remi Pavlik-Simon, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549; or send an email to: [PRA\\_Mailbox@sec.gov](mailto:PRA_Mailbox@sec.gov).

<sup>12</sup> The \$392 per hour figure for attorneys is from SIFMA's *Management & Professional Earnings in the Securities Industry 2013*, modified by Commission staff to account for an 1800-hour work-year and inflation, and multiplied by 5.35 to account for bonuses, firm size, employee benefits and overhead.

<sup>13</sup> This estimate is based on the following calculations: (4 hours × 3 new intermediaries = 12 hours); (12 hours × \$392 = \$4,704).

<sup>14</sup> This estimate is based on the following calculations: (12 hours × 850 fund groups = 10,200 hours); (10,200 hours × \$392 = \$3,998,400).

<sup>15</sup> ICI, 2017 Investment Company Fact Book at Fig 1.8 (2017) (<https://www.ici.org/research/stats/factbook>).

<sup>16</sup> Commission staff understands that funds generally use a standard information sharing agreement, drafted by the fund or an outside entity, and then modifies that agreement according to the requirements of each intermediary.

<sup>17</sup> The \$392 per hour figure for an attorney is from SIFMA's *Management & Professional Earnings in the Securities Industry 2013*, modified by Commission staff to account for an 1800-hour work-year and inflation, and multiplied by 5.35 to account for bonuses, firm size, employee benefits and overhead.

<sup>18</sup> This estimate is based on the following calculations: (4 hours × 100 intermediaries = 400 hours); (400 hours × \$392 = \$156,800).

<sup>19</sup> This estimate is based on the following calculations: (47 fund groups × 400 hours = 18,800 hours) (\$392 × 18,800 = 7,369,600).

<sup>20</sup> ICI, 2017 Investment Company Fact Book at Fig 1.8 (2017) (<https://www.ici.org/research/stats/factbook>).

<sup>21</sup> The \$59 per hour figure for a general clerk is derived from SIFMA's Office Salaries in the Securities Industry 2013 modified to account for an 1800-hour work-year and inflation, and multiplied by 2.93 to account for bonuses, firm size, employee benefits, and overhead.

<sup>22</sup> This estimate is based on the following calculations: (10 minutes × 850 fund groups = 8,500 minutes); (8,500 minutes/60 = 141.67 hours); (141.67 hours × \$59 = \$8,358.53).

<sup>23</sup> This estimate is based on the following calculations: (10,200 hours + 18,800 hours + 141.67 hours = 29,141.67 hours); (\$3,998,400 + \$7,369,600 + \$8,358.53 = \$11,403,358.53).

<sup>24</sup> This estimate is based on the following calculations: (52 + 365 = 417); (417 × 850 fund groups = 354,450).

<sup>25</sup> This estimate is based on the following calculations: (546 hours (board determination) + 29,141.67 hours (information sharing agreements) = 29,687.67 total hours); (\$440,706 (board determination) + \$11,376,350.53 (information sharing agreements) = \$11,817,056.50).

Dated: March 1, 2018.

**Eduardo A. Aleman,**  
Assistant Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2018-04572 Filed 3-6-18; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8011-01-P

## DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

### Federal Aviation Administration

#### Notice of Opportunity for Public Comment on Surplus Property Release at the Craig Field Airport, Selma, Alabama

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration, DOT.

**ACTION:** Notice of intent to rule on land release request.

**SUMMARY:** The FAA is considering a request from the Craig Field Airport and Industrial Authority to waive the requirement that 13.19± acres of airport property located at the Craig Field Airport in Selma, Alabama, be used for aeronautical purposes.

**DATES:** Comments must be received on or before April 6, 2018.

**ADDRESSES:** Comments on this notice may be mailed or delivered in triplicate to the FAA to the following address: Jackson Airports District Office, Attn: Kevin Morgan, Program Manager, 100 West Cross Street, Suite B, Jackson, MS 39208-2307.

In addition, one copy of any comments submitted to the FAA must be mailed or delivered to Craig Field Airport and Industrial Authority, Attn: Menzo Driskell, Executive Director, P.O. Box 1421, Selma, AL 36702-1421.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Kevin Morgan, Program Manager, Jackson Airports District Office, 100 West Cross Street, Suite B, Jackson, MS 39208-2307, (601) 664-9891. The land release request may be reviewed in person at this same location.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The FAA is reviewing a request by Craig Field Airport and Industrial Authority to release 13.19± acres of airport property at the Craig Field Airport (SEM) under the provisions of Title 49, U.S.C. Section 47153(c). The property will be purchased by Timewell-Southern Division for non-aeronautical purposes. The property is within the Craig Field Industrial Park and adjacent to other non-aeronautical property on west quadrant of airport property just off highway 41. The net proceeds from the sale of this property will be used for maintenance and improvements at the Craig Field Airport.

Any person may inspect the request in person at the FAA office listed above

#### under **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT.**

In addition, any person may, upon request, inspect the request, notice and other documents germane to the request in person at the Craig Field Airport (SEM).

Issued in Jackson, Mississippi, on February 27, 2018.

**Rans D. Black,**

Manager, Jackson Airports District Office, Southern Region.

[FR Doc. 2018-04582 Filed 3-6-18; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-13-P

## DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS

### Privacy Act of 1974; Matching Program

**AGENCY:** Department of Veterans Affairs.

**ACTION:** Notice of modified matching program.

**SUMMARY:** The Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) has a current 12 month computer matching agreement (CMA) re-establishment agreement with the Federal Bureau of Prisons (BOP) regarding Veterans who are in Federal prison and are also in receipt of compensation and pension benefits. The purpose of this CMA is to renew the agreement between VA, Veterans Benefits Administration (VBA) and the United States Department of Justice (DOJ), BOP. BOP will disclose information about individuals who are in federal prison. VBA will use this information as a match for recipients of Compensation and Pension benefits for adjustments of awards.

**DATES:** Comments on this new agreement must be received no later than 30 days after date of publication in the **Federal Register**. If no public comment is received during the period allowed for comment or unless otherwise published in the **Federal Register** by VA, the new agreement will become effective a minimum of 30 days after date of publication in the **Federal Register**. If VA receives public comments, VA shall review the comments to determine whether any changes to the notice are necessary. This matching program will be valid for 18 months from the effective date of this notice.

**ADDRESSES:** Written comments may be submitted through [www.Regulations.gov](http://www.Regulations.gov); by mail or hand-delivery to Director, Regulation Policy and Management (OOREG), Department of Veterans Affairs, 810 Vermont Ave. NW, Room 1064, Washington, DC 20420; or by fax to (202) 273-9026 (not

a toll-free number). Comments should indicate that they are submitted in response to CMA between VA, VBA and Federal BOP. Copies of comments received will be available for public inspection in the Office of Regulation Policy and Management, Room 1063B, between the hours of 8:00 a.m. and 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday (except holidays). Please call (202) 461-4902 for an appointment. (This is not a toll-free number.) In addition, comments may be viewed online at [www.Regulations.gov](http://www.Regulations.gov).

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Eric Robinson (VBA), 202-443-6016 (this is not a toll-free number).

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** This agreement continues an arrangement for a periodic computer-matching program between VA (VBA as the matching recipient agency) and DOJ (BOP as the matching source agency). This agreement sets forth the responsibilities of VBA and BOP with respect to information disclosed pursuant to this agreement and takes into account both agencies' responsibilities under the Privacy Act of 1974, 5 U.S.C. 552a, as amended by the Computer Matching and Privacy Protection Act of 1988, as amended, and the regulations promulgated thereunder, including computer matching portions of a revision of OMB Circular No. A-130, 65 FR 77677 dated December 12, 2000. The matching agreement expired in June 2017. VA added more data elements to include "date of conviction", "type of offense", and "date of scheduled release".

**Participating Agencies:** VA (VBA as the matching recipient agency) and DOJ (BOP as the matching source agency).

**Authority for Conducting the Matching Program:** The legal authority to conduct this match is 38 U.S.C. 1505, 5106, and 5313. Section 5106 requires any Federal department or agency to provide VA such information as VA requests for the purposes of determining eligibility for, or the amount of VA benefits, or verifying other information with respect thereto. Section 1505 provides that no VA pension benefits shall be paid to or for any person eligible for such benefits, during the period of that person's incarceration as the result of conviction of a felony or misdemeanor, beginning on the 61st day of incarceration. Section 5313 provides that VA compensation or dependency and indemnity compensation above a specified amount shall not be paid to any person eligible for such benefit, during the period of that person's incarceration as the result of conviction of a felony, beginning on the 61st day of incarceration.