

Comments may be submitted by any of the following methods:

Electronic Comments

- Use the Commission's Internet comment form (<http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml>); or
- Send an email to rule-comments@sec.gov. Please include File Number SR–NSCC–2016–007 on the subject line.

Paper Comments

- Send paper comments in triplicate to Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street NE., Washington, DC 20549.

All submissions should refer to File Number SR–NSCC–2016–007. This file number should be included on the subject line if email is used. To help the Commission process and review your comments more efficiently, please use only one method. The Commission will post all comments on the Commission's Internet Web site (<http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml>). Copies of the submission, all subsequent amendments, all written statements with respect to the proposed rule change that are filed with the Commission, and all written communications relating to the proposed rule change between the Commission and any person, other than those that may be withheld from the public in accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552, will be available for Web site viewing and printing in the Commission's Public Reference Room, 100 F Street NE., Washington, DC 20549 on official business days between the hours of 10:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m. Copies of the filing also will be available for inspection and copying at the principal office of NSCC and on DTCC's Web site (<http://dtcc.com/legal/sec-rule-filings.aspx>). All comments received will be posted without change; the Commission does not edit personal identifying information from submissions. You should submit only information that you wish to make available publicly. All submissions should refer to File Number SR–NSCC–2016–007 and should be submitted on or before December 16, 2016.

For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to delegated authority.¹⁵

Brent J. Fields,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2016–28312 Filed 11–23–16; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8011–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

[Public Notice: 9797]

Notice of Meeting of Advisory Committee on International Law

A meeting of the Department of State's Advisory Committee on International Law will take place on Tuesday, December 13, from 9:30 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. at the George Washington University Law School, Michael K. Young Faculty Conference Center, 716 20th Street NW., 5th Floor, Washington, DC. Legal Adviser Brian Egan will chair the meeting, which will be open to the public up to the capacity of the conference room. It is anticipated that the meeting will include discussions on the Foreign Sovereign Immunities Act, state and individual responsibility for arms sales, "Brexit," and effective international lawyering during transitions.

Members of the public who wish to attend should contact the Office of the Legal Adviser by December 9 at simcockjc@state.gov or (202) 776–8477 and provide their name, professional affiliation, address, and phone number.

A valid photo ID is required for admission to the meeting. Attendees who require reasonable accommodation should make their requests by December 7. Late requests will be considered but might not be possible to accommodate.

Dated: November 17, 2016.

Julian C. Simcock, Office of the Legal Adviser,

Executive Director, Advisory Committee on International Law, United States Department of State.

[FR Doc. 2016–28398 Filed 11–23–16; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4710–08–P

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

[Public Notice: 9798]

E.O. 13224 Designation of Basil Hassan as a Specially Designated Global Terrorist

Acting under the authority of and in accordance with section 1(b) of E.O. 13224 of September 23, 2001, as amended by E.O. 13268 of July 2, 2002, and E.O. 13284 of January 23, 2003, I hereby determine that the person known as Basil Hassan committed, or poses a significant risk of committing, acts of terrorism that threaten the security of U.S. nationals or the national security, foreign policy, or economy of the United States.

Consistent with the determination in section 10 of E.O. 13224 that prior notice to persons determined to be

subject to the Order who might have a constitutional presence in the United States would render ineffectual the blocking and other measures authorized in the Order because of the ability to transfer funds instantaneously, I determine that no prior notice needs to be provided to any person subject to this determination who might have a constitutional presence in the United States, because to do so would render ineffectual the measures authorized in the Order.

This notice shall be published in the **Federal Register**.

Dated: October 6, 2016.

John F. Kerry,

Secretary of State.

[FR Doc. 2016–28404 Filed 11–23–16; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4710–AD–P

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

[Public Notice: 9800]

E.O. 13224 Designation of Abdelilah Himich, aka Abu Suleyman al-Faransi, aka Abu Suleyman al-Firansi, aka Abu Sulaiyman al Fransi, aka Abu Sulaiyman, aka Abu Suleyman, aka Abou Souleiman Al-Firansi, aka Abu Sulayman al-Faransi, aka Abu Souleymane, aka Abu Souleymane al-Faransi, aka Abu Souleymane the Frenchman, aka Abu Suleiman as a Specially Designated Global Terrorist

Acting under the authority of and in accordance with section 1(b) of E.O. 13224 of September 23, 2001, as amended by E.O. 13268 of July 2, 2002, and E.O. 13284 of January 23, 2003, I hereby determine that the person known as Abdelilah Himich, also known as Abu Suleyman al-Faransi, also known as Abu Suleyman al-Firansi, also known as Abu Sulaiyman al Fransi, also known as Abu Sulaiyman, also known as Abou Souleiman Al-Firansi, also known as Abu Sulayman al-Faransi, also known as Abu Souleymane, also known as Abu Souleymane al-Faransi, also known as Abu Souleymane the Frenchman, also known as Abu Suleiman, committed, or poses a significant risk of committing, acts of terrorism that threaten the security of U.S. nationals or the national security, foreign policy, or economy of the United States.

Consistent with the determination in section 10 of E.O. 13224 that prior notice to persons determined to be subject to the Order who might have a constitutional presence in the United States would render ineffectual the blocking and other measures authorized in the Order because of the ability to

¹⁵ 17 CFR 200.30–3(a)(12).