

included within the scope of an order cannot be determined based solely upon the application and the descriptions of the merchandise. Accordingly, the Department will notify by mail all parties on the Department's scope service list of the initiation of these anti-circumvention inquiries. In addition, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.225(f)(1)(i) and (ii), in this notice of initiation issued under 19 CFR 351.225(e), we have included a description of the product that is the subject of these anti-circumvention inquiries (*i.e.*, CRS that contains the characteristics as provided in the scope of the *Orders*) and an explanation of the reasons for the Department's decision to initiate an anti-circumvention inquiry, as provided above.

In accordance with 19 CFR 351.225(l)(2), if the Department issues a preliminary affirmative determination, we will then instruct U.S. Customs and Border Protection to suspend liquidation and require a cash deposit of estimated antidumping and countervailing duties, at the applicable rate, for each unliquidated entry of the merchandise at issue, entered or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption on or after the date of initiation of the inquiry. The Department will establish a schedule for questionnaires and comments on the issues. In accordance with section 781(f) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.225(f)(5), the Department intends to issue its final determination within 300 days of the date of publication of this initiation.

This notice is published in accordance with 19 CFR 351.225(f).

Dated: November 4, 2016.

Paul Piquado,

Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A-533-867, C-533-868]

Welded Stainless Pressure Pipe From India: Antidumping Duty and Countervailing Duty Orders

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: Based on affirmative final determinations by the Department of Commerce ("Department") and the International Trade Commission ("ITC"), the Department is issuing antidumping duty ("AD") and

countervailing duty ("CVD") orders on welded stainless pressure pipe ("WSPP") from India.

DATES: Effective November 17, 2016.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Alex Rosen at (202) 482-7814 or Mandy Mallot at (202) 482-6430, AD/CVD Operations, Office III, Enforcement and Compliance, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW., Washington, DC 20230.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

In accordance with sections 705(d) and 735(d) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended ("Act"), on September 29, 2016, the Department published its affirmative final determination of sales at less than fair value ("LTFV") and its affirmative final determination that countervailable subsidies are being provided to producers and exporters of WSPP from India.¹ On November 9, 2016, the ITC notified the Department of its final affirmative determination that an industry in the United States is materially injured by reason of LTFV imports and subsidized imports of WSPP from India, within the meaning of sections 735(b)(1)(A)(i) and 705(b)(1)(A)(i) of the Act.²

Scope of the Orders

The merchandise covered by these orders is circular welded austenitic stainless pressure pipe not greater than 14 inches in outside diameter. For purposes of this scope, references to size are in nominal inches and include all products within tolerances allowed by pipe specifications. This merchandise includes, but is not limited to, the American Society for Testing and Materials ("ASTM") A-312 or ASTM A-778 specifications, or comparable domestic or foreign specifications. ASTM A-358 products are only included when they are produced to meet ASTM A-312 or ASTM A-778 specifications, or comparable domestic or foreign specifications.

Excluded from the scope are: (1) Welded stainless mechanical tubing,

¹ See *Welded Stainless Pressure Pipe from India: Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value*, 81 FR 66921 (September 29, 2016) ("AD Final Determination"). See also *Countervailing Duty Investigation of Welded Stainless Pressure Pipe from India: Final Affirmative Determination*, 81 FR 66925 (September 29, 2016) ("CVD Final Determination").

² See Letter to Christian Marsh, Deputy Assistant Secretary, from Irving Williamson, Chairman of the U.S. International Trade Commission, regarding antidumping and countervailing duty investigations concerning imports of welded stainless pressure pipe from India (Investigation Nos 701-TA-548 and 731-TA-1298), dated November 9, 2016 ("ITC Letter").

meeting ASTM A-554 or comparable domestic or foreign specifications; (2) boiler, heat exchanger, superheater, refining furnace, feedwater heater, and condenser tubing, meeting ASTM A-249, ASTM A-688 or comparable domestic or foreign specifications; and (3) specialized tubing, meeting ASTM A-269, ASTM A-270 or comparable domestic or foreign specifications.

The subject imports are normally classified in subheadings 7306.40.5005, 7306.40.5040, 7306.40.5062, 7306.40.5064, and 7306.40.5085 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States ("HTSUS"). They may also enter under HTSUS subheadings 7306.40.1010, 7306.40.1015, 7306.40.5042, 7306.40.5044, 7306.40.5080, and 7306.40.5090. The HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and customs purposes only; the written description of the scope of these orders is dispositive.

Antidumping Duty Order

In accordance with sections 735(b)(1)(A)(i) and 735(d) of the Act, the ITC has notified the Department of its final determination that an industry in the United States is materially injured by reason of imports of WSPP that are subsidized by the government of India and sold in the United States at LTFV. Therefore, in accordance with section 735(c)(2) of the Act, we are publishing this antidumping duty order. Because the ITC determined that imports of WSPP from India are materially injuring a U.S. industry, unliquidated entries of such merchandise from India, entered or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, are subject to the assessment of antidumping duties.

In accordance with section 736(a)(1) of the Act, the Department will direct U.S. Customs and Border Protection ("CBP") to assess, upon further instruction by the Department, antidumping duties equal to the amount by which the normal value of the merchandise exceeds the export price (or constructed export price) of the merchandise, for all relevant entries of WSPP from India. Antidumping duties will be assessed on unliquidated entries of WSPP from India entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after May 10, 2016, the date of publication of the *AD Preliminary Determination*,³ but will not include entries occurring after the expiration of the provisional measures period and before publication of the

³ See *Welded Stainless Pressure Pipe from India: Affirmative Preliminary Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value and Postponement of Final Determination*, 81 FR 28824 (May 10, 2016) ("AD Preliminary Determination").

ITC's final injury determination, as further described below.

Provisional Measures (AD)

Section 733(d) of the Act states that instructions issued pursuant to an affirmative preliminary determination may not remain in effect for more than four months, except where exporters representing a significant proportion of exports of the subject merchandise request the Department to extend that four-month period to no more than six months. At the request of exporters that account for a significant proportion of WSPP from India, the Department extended the four-month period to six months.⁴ In the underlying investigation, the Department published the *AD Preliminary Determination* on May 10, 2016.⁵ Therefore, the extended period, beginning on the date of the publication of the *AD Preliminary Determination*, ended on November 5, 2016. Furthermore, section 737(b) of the Act states that definitive duties are to begin on the date of publication of the ITC's final injury determination.

Therefore, in accordance with section 733(d) of the Act and our practice,⁶ we will instruct CBP to terminate the suspension of liquidation and to liquidate, without regard to

antidumping duties, unliquidated entries of WSPP from India entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption after November 5, 2016, until and through the day preceding the date of publication of the ITC's final injury determination in the **Federal Register**. Suspension of liquidation will resume on the date of publication of the ITC's final determination in the **Federal Register**.

Continuation of Suspension of Liquidation (AD)

In accordance with section 735(c)(1)(B) of the Act, we will instruct CBP to continue to suspend liquidation on entries of subject merchandise from India. These instructions suspending liquidation will remain in effect until further notice.

We will also instruct CBP to require cash deposits equal to the amounts as indicated below, except for Sunrise Stainless Pvt. Ltd. and Sun Mark Stainless Pvt. Ltd. (collectively, "Sunrise Group"), which are adjusted for certain countervailable subsidies, where appropriate, as described below.⁷ Because Sunrise Group has an estimated weighted-average final dumping margin of zero, we are directing CBP to terminate suspension of liquidation of

entries of WSPP produced and exported by this entity. In addition, subject merchandise produced and exported by Sunrise Group will be excluded from the antidumping duty order. Accordingly, effective on the date of publication of the ITC's final affirmative injury determination, CBP will require, at the same time as importers would normally deposit estimated duties on this subject merchandise, a cash deposit equal to the estimated duties on this subject merchandise, a cash deposit equal to the estimated weighted-average dumping margins listed below. The "All Others" rate applies to all exporters of subject merchandise not specifically listed. For the purpose of determining cash deposit rates, the estimated weighted-average dumping margins for imports of subject merchandise have been adjusted, as appropriate, for export subsidies found in the final determination of the companion countervailing duty investigation of this merchandise.⁸

Estimated Weighted-Average Antidumping Duty Margin

The weighted-average antidumping duty margin percentages are as follows:

Exporter/producer	Weighted-average margin (%)	Cash-deposit rate (%)
Steamline Industries Ltd	12.66	10.17
All Others	12.66	8.35

Countervailing Duty Order

In accordance with sections 705(b)(1)(A)(i) and 705(d) of the Act, the ITC notified the Department of its final determination that the industry in the United States producing WSPP is materially injured by reason of subsidized imports of WSPP from India.⁹ Therefore, in accordance with section 705(c)(2) and 706(a) of the Act, we are publishing this countervailing duty order.

Pursuant to section 706(a) of the Act, the Department will direct CBP to assess, upon further instruction by the Department, countervailing duties on unliquidated entries of WSPP entered,

or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after March 11, 2016, the date on which the Department published its affirmative preliminary countervailing duty determination in the **Federal Register**,¹⁰ and before July 9, 2016, the effective date on which the Department instructed CBP to discontinue the suspension of liquidation in accordance with section 703(d) of the Act.¹¹ Section 703(d) of the Act states that the suspension of liquidation pursuant to a preliminary determination may not remain in effect for more than four months. Therefore, entries of WSPP made on or after July 9, 2016, and prior to the date of

publication of the ITC's final determination in the **Federal Register** are not liable for the assessment of countervailing duties, due to the Department's discontinuation, effective July 9, 2016, of the suspension of liquidation.

Suspension of Liquidation (CVD)

In accordance with section 706 of the Act, the Department will direct CBP to reinstitute suspension of liquidation, effective on the date of publication of the ITC's notice of final determination in the **Federal Register**, and to assess, upon further instruction by the Department pursuant to section 706(a)(1) of the Act, countervailing

⁴ *Id.*

⁵ *Id.*

⁶ See, e.g., *Certain Corrosion-Resistant Steel Products From India, Italy, the People's Republic of China, the Republic of Korea and Taiwan: Amended Final Affirmative Antidumping Determination for India and Taiwan, and Antidumping Duty Orders*, 81 FR 48390 (July 25, 2016).

⁷ See *AD Final Determination*, 81 FR at 66922 (describing the adjustments to the AD margins in more detail); see also sections 772(c)(1)(C) and 777A(f) of the Act, respectively. Unlike in administrative reviews, the Department calculates the adjustment for export subsidies in investigations not in the margin calculation program, but in the cash deposit instructions issued to CBP. See, e.g., *Notice of Final Determination of*

Sales at Less Than Fair Value, and Negative Determination of Critical Circumstances: Certain Lined Paper Products from India, 71 FR 45012 (August 8, 2006), and accompanying Issues and Decision Memorandum at Comment 1.

⁸ See *CVD Final Determination*.

⁹ See ITC Letter.

¹⁰ See *CVD Preliminary Determination*.

¹¹ See *CVD Final Determination*.

duties for each entry of the subject merchandise in an amount based on the net countervailable subsidy rates for the subject merchandise. The Department will also direct CBP to require a cash deposit for each entry of subject merchandise in an amount equal to the net countervailable subsidy rates listed below. The all-others rate applies to all producers and exporters of subject merchandise not specifically listed.

Exporter/producer	Subsidy rate (%)
Steamline Industries Limited	3.13
Sunrise Stainless Private Limited/Sun Mark Stainless Pvt. Ltd./Shah Foils Ltd. ¹²	6.22
All-Others	4.65

Notification to Interested Parties

This notice constitutes the AD and CVD orders with respect to WSPP from India pursuant to sections 736(a) and 706(a) of the Act. Interested parties can find an updated list of orders currently in effect by either visiting <http://enforcement.trade.gov/stats/iastats1.html> or by contacting the Department's Central Records Unit, Room B8024 of the main Commerce Building.

These orders are published in accordance with sections 706(a), 736(a), and 777(i) of the Act, and 19 CFR 351.211(b).

Dated: November 14, 2016.

Paul Piquado,

Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A-570-836]

Glycine From the People's Republic of China: Initiation of Antidumping Duty Changed Circumstances Review

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: In response to a request from Salvi Chemical Industries Ltd. (Salvi), the Department of Commerce (the Department) is initiating a changed circumstances review of the antidumping duty order on glycine from the People's Republic of China (PRC).

¹² See *CVD Preliminary Determination*, in which we determined that Sunrise Stainless Private Limited, Sun Mark Stainless Pvt. Ltd., and Shah Foils Ltd. are entitled to the same subsidy rate.

DATES: Effective November 17, 2016.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dena Crossland or Brian Davis, AD/CVD Operations, Office VI, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue NW., Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482-3362 or (202) 482-7924, respectively.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On July 18, 2016, the Department received a request from Salvi to initiate a changed circumstances review in order for the Department to determine that the glycine produced by Salvi is no longer processed from PRC-origin glycine.¹ Additionally, Salvi requests that the Department determine that importers of glycine from Salvi are eligible to participate in a certification process.² Salvi refers to an anti-circumvention inquiry, where the Department determined that Salvi was processing Chinese glycine, and that glycine processed in India of Chinese origin does not change country of origin, and, therefore, Salvi had circumvented the *Order*.³ As part of our determination, we stated that Salvi could not take part in a certification process, whereby Salvi's importers could certify that they had not imported Chinese-origin glycine and would not be subject to the antidumping duty rate for Chinese glycine.⁴ This certification process was established to ensure that merchandise entering the United States from India was properly identified as subject or non-subject merchandise. However, we also stated that Salvi could request an administrative review or a changed circumstances review to show that it is no longer processing PRC-glycine and exporting such glycine from

¹ See Letter to the Department of Commerce from Salvi Chemical Industries Limited regarding "Glycine from the People's Republic of China: Request for Changed Circumstances Review," dated July 18, 2016.

² *Id.*

³ See *Glycine From the People's Republic of China: Final Partial Affirmative Determination of Circumvention of the Antidumping Duty Order*, 77 FR 73426 (December 10, 2012) (*Circumvention Notice*) and accompanying Issues and Decision Memorandum for the Final Determination of the Anti-Circumvention Inquiry of the Antidumping Duty Order on Glycine from the People's Republic of China. See also *Antidumping Duty Order: Glycine From the People's Republic of China*, 60 FR 16116 (March 29, 1995) (*Order*) and Final Scope Ruling Concerning the Antidumping Duty Order on Glycine from the People's Republic of China, Memorandum from Richard Weible to Gary Taverman, dated December 3, 2012 (Final Scope Ruling).

⁴ See *Circumvention Notice* and Final Scope Ruling.

India.⁵ If the Department determined that Salvi is no longer processing PRC-origin glycine, and instead is producing glycine from raw materials of non-PRC origin, the Department could allow the importers of Salvi's product to certify that the glycine being produced and exported is not processed PRC-origin glycine.⁶

On July 26, 2016, the Department received comments from domestic interested party, GEO Specialty Chemicals, Inc. (GEO), regarding Salvi's request.⁷ On August 29, 2016, we extended the deadline to initiate until October 17, 2016, in order to collect information and legible exhibits from Salvi, because it did not submit a sufficient response, and to consider interested parties' comments.⁸ On September 9, 2016, we issued a questionnaire to Salvi, to which it responded on September 26, 2016.⁹ On October 6, 2016, GEO submitted comments on Salvi's questionnaire response.¹⁰ On October 13, 2016, we determined that we had a sufficient request from Salvi and that the deadline for initiating a changed circumstances review should be November 10, 2016.¹¹ On October 20, 2016, Salvi placed on the record certain information issued by the Department in the recently completed 2014-2015 administrative review under this antidumping duty order.¹² On October 27, 2016, GEO

⁵ See Final Scope Ruling.

⁶ *Id.*

⁷ See Letter to the Department of Commerce from GEO Specialty Chemicals, Inc. regarding "Glycine from the People's Republic of China: GEO's Opposition to Salvi's Request for Changed Circumstances Review," dated July 26, 2016.

⁸ See Letter from the Department of Commerce to Salvi Chemical Industries Limited regarding "Request for Changed Circumstances Review—Glycine from the People's Republic of China," dated August 29, 2016.

⁹ See Letter from the Department of Commerce to Salvi Chemical Industries Limited, dated September 9, 2016 and Letter to the Department of Commerce from Salvi Chemical Industries Limited regarding "Glycine from the People's Republic of China: Changed Circumstances Review Response," dated September 26, 2016.

¹⁰ See Letter to the Department of Commerce from GEO Specialty Chemicals, Inc. regarding "Glycine from the People's Republic of China: GEO's Comments Regarding Salvi's September 26, 2016 Response to the Department September 9, 2016 Questionnaire," dated October 6, 2016.

¹¹ See Memorandum to The File from Dena Crossland, International Trade Analyst, AD/CVD Operations, Office VI, Enforcement and Compliance, regarding "Antidumping Duty Administrative Review of Glycine from the People's Republic of China" and on the subject of "Changed Circumstances Review Deadline," dated October 13, 2016.

¹² See Letter to the Department of Commerce from Salvi Chemical Industries Limited regarding "Glycine from the People's Republic of China: Changed Circumstances Review; Placing Information from the 2014-2015 Administrative