

include information on non-monetary credits offered at the lease sale stage or recommendations on community benefits.

### Protection of Privileged or Confidential Information

#### Freedom of Information Act

BOEM will protect privileged or confidential information you submit when required by the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA). Exemption 4 of FOIA applies to trade secrets and commercial or financial information that is privileged or confidential. If you wish to protect the confidentiality of such information, clearly label it with "Contains Confidential Information" and request BOEM treat it as confidential, and consider submitting such information as a separate attachment. BOEM will not disclose such information if it qualifies for exemption from disclosure under FOIA. Information not labeled as privileged or confidential will be regarded by BOEM as suitable for public release.

BOEM will not treat as confidential any aggregate summaries of such information or comments not containing such information. Additionally, BOEM will not treat as confidential (1) the legal title of the nominating entity (for example, the name of your company), or (2) the list of whole or partial blocks that you are nominating.

#### Section 304 of the National Historic Preservation Act (16 U.S.C. 470w-3(a))

BOEM is required to withhold the location, character, or ownership of historic resources if it determines disclosure may, among other things, risk harm to the historic resources or impede the use of a traditional religious site by practitioners. Entities that are protected under NHPA should designate information falling under Section 304 of NHPA as confidential.

Dated: June 16, 2016.

**Abigail Ross Hopper,**

Director, Bureau of Ocean Energy Management.

[FR Doc. 2016-14830 Filed 6-23-16; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-MR-P

## INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigation No. 337-TA-1007]

### Certain Personal Transporters, Components Thereof, and Packaging and Manuals Thereof; Institution of Investigation

**AGENCY:** U.S. International Trade Commission.

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** Notice is hereby given that a complaint was filed with the U.S. International Trade Commission on May 18, 2016, under section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended, 19 U.S.C. 1337, on behalf of Segway, Inc. of Bedford, New Hampshire; DEKA Products Limited Partnership of Manchester, New Hampshire; and Ninebot (Tianjin) Technology Co., Ltd. of Tianjin, China. The complaint alleges violations of section 337 based upon the importation into the United States, the sale for importation, and the sale within the United States after importation of certain personal transporters, components thereof, and packaging and manuals therefor by reason of infringement of certain claims of U.S. Patent No. 6,302,230 ("the '230 patent"); U.S. Patent No. 6,651,763 ("the '763 patent"); U.S. Patent No. 7,023,330 ("the '330 patent"); U.S. Patent No. 7,275,607 ("the '607 patent"); U.S. Patent No. 7,479,872 ("the '872 patent"); U.S. Patent No. 9,188,984 ("the '984 patent"); U.S. Trademark Registration No. 2,727,948 ("the '948 trademark"); and U.S. Trademark Registration No. 2,769,942 ("the '942 trademark"). The complaint further alleges that an industry in the United States exists as required by subsection (a)(2) of section 337.

The complainants request that the Commission institute an investigation and, after the investigation, issue a general exclusion order, or in the alternative a limited exclusion order, and cease and desist orders.

**ADDRESSES:** The complaint, except for any confidential information contained therein, is available for inspection during official business hours (8:45 a.m. to 5:15 p.m.) in the Office of the Secretary, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street SW., Room 112, Washington, DC 20436, telephone (202) 205-2000. Hearing impaired individuals are advised that information on this matter can be obtained by contacting the Commission's TDD terminal on (202) 205-1810. Persons with mobility impairments who will need special assistance in gaining access to the Commission should contact the Office of the Secretary at (202) 205-2000. General information concerning the Commission may also be obtained by accessing its internet server at <http://www.usitc.gov>. The public record for this investigation may be viewed on the Commission's electronic docket (EDIS) at <http://edis.usitc.gov>.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** The Office of Unfair Import Investigations, U.S. International Trade Commission, telephone (202) 205-2560.

**Authority:** The authority for institution of this investigation is contained in section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended, and in section 210.10 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure, 19 CFR 210.10 (2015).

*Scope of Investigation:* Having considered the complaint, the U.S. International Trade Commission, on June 17, 2016, ordered that—

(1) Pursuant to subsection (b) of section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended, an investigation be instituted to determine:

(a) Whether there is a violation of subsection (a)(1)(B) of section 337 in the importation into the United States, the sale for importation, or the sale within the United States after importation of certain personal transporters, components thereof, and packaging and manuals therefor by reason of infringement of one or more of claims 1, 3-5, and 7 of the '230 patent; claims 1-5 and 7 of the '763 patent; claims 1-3 and 5 of the '330 patent; claims 1-4 and 6 of the '607 patent; claims 1, 3-5, 10-12, and 17 of the '872 patent; and claims 1-3 and 5-20 of the '984 patent, and whether an industry in the United States exists as required by subsection (a)(2) of section 337;

(b) whether there is a violation of subsection (a)(1)(C) of section 337 in the importation into the United States, the sale for importation, or the sale within the United States after importation of certain personal transporters, components thereof, and packaging and manuals therefor by reason of infringement of the '948 trademark and the '942 trademark, and whether an industry in the United States exists as required by subsection (a)(2) of section 337.

(2) For the purpose of the investigation so instituted, the following are hereby named as parties upon which this notice of investigation shall be served:

(a) The complainants are:

Segway, Inc., 14 Technology Drive, Bedford, NH 03110

DEKA Products Limited Partnership, 340 Commercial Street, Suite 401, Manchester, NH 03101

Ninebot (Tianjin) Technology Co., Ltd., Building 9, Jiasuqi, Tianrui Road, Science and Technology Park Center, Auto Industrial Park Wuqing, Tianjin, China

(b) The respondents are the following entities alleged to be in violation of section 337, and are the parties upon which the complaint is to be served:

Inventist, Inc., 4901 NW Camas

Meadows Drive, Camas, WA 98607

PhunkeeDuck, Inc., 250 Jericho  
Turnpike, Floral Park, NY 11001

Razor USA LLC, 12723 166th Street,  
Cerritos, CA 90703

Swagway LLC, 3431 William  
Richardson Drive, Suite F, South  
Bend, IN 46628

Segaway, 3940 Laurel Canyon  
Boulevard #376, Studio City, CA  
91604

Jetson Electric Bikes LLC, 175 Varick  
Street, New York, NY 10014

(c) The Office of Unfair Import  
Investigations, U.S. International Trade  
Commission, 500 E Street SW., Suite  
401, Washington, DC 20436; and

(3) For the investigation so instituted,  
the Chief Administrative Law Judge,  
U.S. International Trade Commission,  
shall designate the presiding  
Administrative Law Judge.

Responses to the complaint and the  
notice of investigation must be  
submitted by the named respondents in  
accordance with section 210.13 of the  
Commission's Rules of Practice and  
Procedure, 19 CFR 210.13. Pursuant to  
19 CFR 201.16(e) and 210.13(a), such  
responses will be considered by the  
Commission if received not later than 20  
days after the date of service by the  
Commission of the complaint and the  
notice of investigation. Extensions of  
time for submitting responses to the  
complaint and the notice of  
investigation will not be granted unless  
good cause therefor is shown.

Failure of a respondent to file a timely  
response to each allegation in the  
complaint and in this notice may be  
deemed to constitute a waiver of the  
right to appear and contest the  
allegations of the complaint and this  
notice, and to authorize the  
administrative law judge and the  
Commission, without further notice to  
the respondent, to find the facts to be as  
alleged in the complaint and this notice  
and to enter an initial determination  
and a final determination containing  
such findings, and may result in the  
issuance of an exclusion order or a cease  
and desist order or both directed against  
the respondent.

By order of the Commission.

Issued: June 20, 2016.

**Lisa R. Barton,**

*Secretary to the Commission.*

[FR Doc. 2016-14903 Filed 6-23-16; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 7020-02-P**

## INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigation No. 337-TA-926]

### Certain Marine Sonar Imaging Systems, Products Containing the Same, and Components Thereof; Notice of the Commission's Determination To Rescind a Limited Exclusion Order and Cease and Desist Orders

**AGENCY:** U.S. International Trade  
Commission.

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** Notice is hereby given that  
the U.S. International Trade  
Commission has determined to rescind a  
limited exclusion order prohibiting  
importation of infringing marine sonar  
imaging systems, products containing  
the same, and components thereof and  
cease and desist orders directed to the  
domestic respondents, based upon  
settlement.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:**  
Panyin A. Hughes, Office of the General  
Counsel, U.S. International Trade  
Commission, 500 E Street SW.,  
Washington, DC 20436, telephone 202-  
205-3042. Copies of non-confidential  
documents filed in connection with this  
investigation are or will be available for  
inspection during official business  
hours (8:45 a.m. to 5:15 p.m.) in the  
Office of the Secretary, U.S.  
International Trade Commission, 500 E  
Street SW., Washington, DC 20436,  
telephone 202-205-2000. General  
information concerning the Commission  
may also be obtained by accessing its  
Internet server (<http://www.usitc.gov>).  
The public record for this investigation  
may be viewed on the Commission's  
electronic docket (EDIS) at <http://edis.usitc.gov>. Hearing-impaired  
persons are advised that information on  
this matter can be obtained by  
contacting the Commission's TDD  
terminal on 202-205-1810.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The  
Commission instituted this investigation  
on August 21, 2014, based on a  
complaint filed by Johnson Outdoors  
Inc. of Racine, Wisconsin and Johnson  
Outdoors Marine Electronics, Inc. of  
Eufaula, Alabama (collectively,  
"Johnson Outdoors"). 79 *Fed. Reg.*  
49536 (Aug. 21, 2014). The complaint  
alleged violations of section 337 of the  
Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19  
U.S.C. 1337), in the importation into the  
United States, the sale for importation,  
and the sale within the United States  
after importation of certain marine sonar  
imaging systems, products containing  
the same, and components thereof by

reason of infringement of one or more of  
claims 1, 2, 17, 25, 26, 31, 32, 35, 36,  
41-43, 53, and 56 of U.S. Patent No.  
7,652,952 ("the '952 patent"); claims 1,  
5, 7, 8, 21, 22, 24, 25, 28, and 29 of U.S.  
Patent No. 7,710,825 ("the '825 patent");  
and claims 14, 18, 21-23, 25, and 33 of  
U.S. Patent No. 7,755,974 ("the '974  
patent"). *Id.* The notice of investigation  
named the following respondents:  
Garmin International, Inc.; Garmin  
North America, Inc.; Garmin USA, Inc.  
all of Olathe, Kansas; and Garmin  
Corporation of New Taipei City, Taiwan  
(collectively, "Garmin"). *Id.* The Office  
of Unfair Import Investigations was not  
a party to the investigation.

On July 13, 2015, the ALJ issued his  
final ID, finding a violation of section  
337 by Garmin in connection with  
claims 14, 18, 21, 22, 23, and 33 of the  
'974 patent. The ID found no violation  
of section 337 in connection with the  
asserted claims of the '952 and '825  
patents, and claim 25 of the '974 patent.  
On July 27, 2015, the parties filed  
petitions for review of the ID. On  
August 4, 2015, the parties filed  
responses to the petitions.

On August 25, 2015, the Commission  
determined to review the final ID on all  
issues petitioned. 80 *Fed. Reg.* 55872-74  
(Sept. 17, 2015). On review, the  
Commission determined to affirm the  
ALJ's finding of violation of section 337  
with respect to claims 14, 18, 21-23,  
and 33 of the '974 patent. 80 *Fed. Reg.*  
73211-12 (Nov. 24, 2015). The  
Commission also determined to affirm  
the ID's finding of no violation of  
section 337 in connection with the  
asserted claims of the '952 patent, '825  
patent, and claim 25 of the '974 patent.  
*Id.*

Having found a violation of section  
337, the Commission determined that  
the appropriate form of relief was: (1) A  
limited exclusion order prohibiting the  
unlicensed entry of marine sonar  
imaging systems, products containing  
the same, and components thereof that  
infringe one or more of claims 14, 18,  
21, 22, 23, and 33 of the '974 patent that  
are manufactured by, or on behalf of, or  
are imported by or on behalf of Garmin  
or any of its affiliated companies,  
parents, subsidiaries, agents, or other  
related business entities, or their  
successors or assigns; and (2) cease and  
desist orders prohibiting domestic  
respondents Garmin International, Inc.;  
Garmin North America, Inc.; and  
Garmin USA, Inc. from conducting any  
of the following activities in the United  
States: Importing, selling, marketing,  
advertising, distributing, transferring  
(except for exportation), and soliciting  
U.S. agents or distributors for, marine  
sonar imaging systems, products