(4) Debarment and Suspension Program, DOI–11.

[FR Doc. 2014–19651 Filed 8–18–14; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–RK–P

### FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

## 47 CFR Part 73

[MB Docket No. 05–112; MB Docket No. 05– 151; RM–11185; RM–11374; RM–11222; RM– 11258]

Radio Broadcasting Services; Converse, Flatonia, Georgetown, Goldthwaite, Ingram, Junction, Lago Vista, Lakeway, Llano, McQueeney, Nolanville, San Antonio, Waco, TX

**AGENCY:** Federal Communications Commission.

**ACTION:** Final rule; denial of petition for reconsideration.

**SUMMARY:** This document denies a Petition for Reconsideration filed by Rawhide Radio, LLC, Clear Channel Broadcasting Licenses, Inc., CCB Texas Licenses, LP, and Capstar TX Limited Partnership ("Joint Parties") of a *Report and Order* that denied a Counterproposal filed by the Joint Parties and granted a mutually exclusive Counterproposal filed by Munbilla Broadcasting Properties, Ltd. *See* Supplementary Information.

**ADDRESSES:** Federal Communications Commission, 445 Twelfth Street SW., Washington, DC 20554.

DATES: August 19, 2014.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Andrew J. Rhodes, Media Bureau (202) 418–2700.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This is a synopsis of the consolidated Memorandum Opinion and Order in MB Docket No. 05–112 and MB Docket No. 05-151, adopted July 23, 2014, and released July 24, 2014 The full text of this decision is available for inspection and copying during normal business hours in the FCC Reference Information Center at Portals ll, CY–A257, 445 12th Street SW., Washington, DC 20554. The complete text of this decision may also be purchased from the Commission's copy contractor, Best Copying and Printing, Inc. 445 12th Street SW., Room CY-B402, Washington, DC 20554, telephone 1-800-378-3160 or www.BCPIWEB.com. Because the Commission is denying the Petition for Reconsideration, the Commission will not send a copy of this Memorandum Opinion and Order in a report to Congress and the Government

Accountability Office pursuant to the Congressional Review Act, *see* 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A).

The Memorandum Opinion and Order denied the Joint Parties Petition for Reconsideration because no error was committed in the *Report and Order* by requiring the Joint Parties Counterproposal to protect a previously filed and cut-off application. See 72 FR 37673, July 1, 2007. Although the Joint Parties Counterproposal had been filed and dismissed in an earlier proceeding, the refilling of the Counterproposal does not revive that dismissed proposal or create cut-off rights with regard to proposals in the present proceeding. Likewise, the Memorandum Opinion and Order determined that no error was committed by processing a "cut-off" application and relying on the effective but non-final dismissal of the Joint Parties Counterproposal in the earlier proceeding. Finally, the Memorandum Opinion and Order concluded that an engineering solution submitted by the Joint Parties could not be considered because it was filed late.

# List of Subjects in 47 CFR Part 73

Radio, Radio broadcasting.

Federal Communications Commission. Peter H. Doyle,

Chief, Audio Division, Media Bureau. [FR Doc. 2014–19417 Filed 8–18–14; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6712–01–P

#### DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

#### 48 CFR Parts 327 and 352

RIN 0991-AB87

#### Acquisition Regulations

**AGENCY:** Division of Acquisition, Office of Grants and Acquisition Policy and Accountability, Office of the Assistant Secretary for Financial Resources, Department of Health and Human Services.

### ACTION: Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** The Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) is issuing a final rule to amend its Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) Supplement—the HHS Acquisition Regulation (HHSAR) to add two clauses, Patent Rights— Exceptional Circumstances and, Rights in Data—Exceptional Circumstances, and their prescriptions. DATES: Effective Date: September 18, 2014.

### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Cheryl Howe, Procurement Analyst, Department of Health and Human Services, Office of the Assistant Secretary for Financial Resources, Office of Grants and Acquisition Policy and Accountability, Division of Acquisition at (202) 690–5552.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

## I. Background

The HHS published a proposed rule in the **Federal Register** at 78 FR 2229 on January 10, 2013, to ensure that providers of proprietary material(s) to the Government will retain all their preexisting rights to their material(s), and rights to any inventions made under a contract or subcontract (at all tiers), when a Determination of Exceptional Circumstances (DEC) has been executed.

"Material" means any proprietary material, method, product, composition, compound, or device, whether patented or unpatented.

A DEC is executed consistent with the policy and objectives of the Bayh-Dole Act, 35 U.S.C. 200, et seq., to ensure that subject inventions made under contracts and subcontracts (at all tiers) are used in a manner to promote free competition and enterprise without unduly encumbering future research and discovery; to encourage maximum participation of small business firms in federally supported research and development efforts; to promote collaboration between commercial concerns and nonprofit organizations including universities; to ensure that the Government obtains sufficient rights in federally supported inventions to meet its needs; to protect the public against nonuse or unreasonable use of inventions, and in the case of fulfilling the mission of the Department of Health and Human Services, to ultimately benefit the public health.

Under certain circumstances, in order to ensure that pharmaceutical companies, academia, and others will collaborate with HHS in identifying, testing, developing, and commercializing new drugs, therapeutics, diagnostics, prognostics and prophylactic measures affecting human health, a DEC must be executed and Contractor's and subcontractor's rights (at all tiers) in subject inventions should be limited accordingly, consistent with DEC requirements and through appropriate contract clauses.

#### **II. Discussion and Analysis**

#### A. Summary of Significant Changes

The comment period for the proposed rule closed on March 11, 2013. The HHS received responses from four respondents with 11 comments, collectively; however, only three of those comments resulted in minor