Assistance, at the address shown below, not later than August 28, 2014.

The petitions filed in this case are available for inspection at the Office of the Director, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance, Employment and Training Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, Room N-5428, 200 Constitution Avenue NW., Washington, DC 20210. Signed at Washington, DC this 6th day of August 2014.

#### Del Min Amy Chen,

Certifying Officer, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

### Appendix

16 TAA petitions instituted between 7/28/14 and 8/1/14

TA-W	Subject firm (petitioners)	Location	Date of institution	Date of petition
85444	Napa Valley Register (Workers)	Napa, CA	07/28/14 07/28/14	07/25/14 07/24/14
85445 85446	AccMED Innovative Technologies LLC (State/One-Stop) JP Morgan Chase (Workers)	Buffalo, NYFlorence, SC	07/28/14	07/24/14
85447	Borg Warner Torque Transfer System (Workers)	Longview, TX	07/29/14	07/28/14
85448	United HealthOne (State/One-Stop)	Indianapolis, IN	07/29/14	07/28/14
85449	Nilfisk-Advance, Inc. (State/One-Stop)	Springdale, AR	07/29/14	07/28/14
85450	QBR Brake, Inc. (State/One-Stop)	Stockton, CA	07/29/14	07/28/14
85451	Fifth Third Bank (Workers)	Cincinnati, OH	07/29/14	07/25/14
85452	International Paper—Courtland Mill (Workers)	Courtland, AL	07/29/14	07/16/14
85453	Carefusion Resources, LLC (State/One-Stop)	Totowa, NJ	07/31/14	07/29/14
85454	Fusion Paperboard (Company)	Versailles, CT	07/31/14	07/30/14
85455	Coastal Vision, U.S., Inc (State/One-Stop)	Blaine, WA	07/31/14	07/28/14
85456	Microsoft Corporation (State/One-Stop)	Redmond, WA	07/31/14	07/28/14
85457	Avago Technologies (Workers)	Fort Collins, CO	07/31/14	07/22/14
85458	Teleflex, Inc. (State/One-Stop)	Lumberton, NJ	08/01/14	07/31/14
85459	Superior Industries International, Inc. (State/One-Stop)	Rogers, AR	08/01/14	07/31/14

[FR Doc. 2014–19511 Filed 8–15–14; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE P

### **DEPARTMENT OF LABOR**

## **Employment and Training Administration**

## Notice of Determinations Regarding Eligibility To Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance and Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 U.S.C. 2273) the Department of Labor herein presents summaries of determinations regarding eligibility to apply for trade adjustment assistance for workers (TA–W) number and alternative trade adjustment assistance (ATAA) by (TA–W) number issued during the period of *July 28, 2014 through August 1, 2014.* 

In order for an affirmative determination to be made for workers of a primary firm and a certification issued regarding eligibility to apply for worker adjustment assistance, each of the group eligibility requirements of Section 222(a) of the Act must be met.

I. Section (a)(2)(A) all of the following must be satisfied:

A. A significant number or proportion of the workers in such workers' firm, or an appropriate subdivision of the firm, have become totally or partially separated, or are threatened to become totally or partially separated; B. the sales or production, or both, of such firm or subdivision have decreased absolutely; and

C. increased imports of articles like or directly competitive with articles produced by such firm or subdivision have contributed importantly to such workers' separation or threat of separation and to the decline in sales or production of such firm or subdivision;

II. Section (a)(2)(B) both of the following must be satisfied:

A. A significant number or proportion of the workers in such workers' firm, or an appropriate subdivision of the firm, have become totally or partially separated, or are threatened to become totally or partially separated;

B. there has been a shift in production by such workers' firm or subdivision to a foreign country of articles like or directly competitive with articles which are produced by such firm or subdivision; and

C. One of the following must be satisfied:

1. The country to which the workers' firm has shifted production of the articles is a party to a free trade agreement with the United States;

2. the country to which the workers' firm has shifted production of the articles to a beneficiary country under the Andean Trade Preference Act, African Growth and Opportunity Act, or the Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act; or

3. there has been or is likely to be an increase in imports of articles that are

like or directly competitive with articles which are or were produced by such firm or subdivision.

Also, in order for an affirmative determination to be made for secondarily affected workers of a firm and a certification issued regarding eligibility to apply for worker adjustment assistance, each of the group eligibility requirements of Section 222(b) of the Act must be met.

(1) significant number or proportion of the workers in the workers' firm or an appropriate subdivision of the firm have become totally or partially separated, or are threatened to become totally or partially separated;

(2) the workers' firm (or subdivision) is a supplier or downstream producer to a firm (or subdivision) that employed a group of workers who received a certification of eligibility to apply for trade adjustment assistance benefits and such supply or production is related to the article that was the basis for such certification; and

(3) either—

(A) the workers' firm is a supplier and the component parts it supplied for the firm (or subdivision) described in paragraph (2) accounted for at least 20 percent of the production or sales of the workers' firm; or

(B) a loss of business by the workers' firm with the firm (or subdivision) described in paragraph (2) contributed importantly to the workers' separation or threat of separation.

In order for the Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance to issue a certification of eligibility to apply for Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance (ATAA) for older workers, the group eligibility requirements of Section 246(a)(3)(A)(ii) of the Trade Act must be met.

1. Whether a significant number of workers in the workers' firm are 50 years of age or older.

2. Whether the workers in the workers' firm possess skills that are not easily transferable.

3. The competitive conditions within the workers' industry (i.e., conditions within the industry are adverse).

# Affirmative Determinations for Worker Adjustment Assistance

The following certifications have been issued. The date following the company name and location of each determination references the impact date for all workers of such determination.

None.

## Affirmative Determinations for Worker Adjustment Assistance and Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance

The following certifications have been issued. The date following the company name and location of each determination references the impact date for all workers of such determination.

The following certifications have been issued. The requirements of Section 222(a)(2)(A) (increased imports) and Section 246(a)(3)(A)(ii) of the Trade Act have been met.

85,256, Novelis Corporation, Terre Haute, Indiana. April 21, 2013. 85,378, Silvex, Inc., Westbrook, Maine. June 16, 2013.

85,432, Dentsply International, Inc., Elgin, Illinois. July 17, 2013.

# Negative Determinations for Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance

In the following cases, it has been determined that the requirements of 246(a)(3)(A)(ii) have not been met for the reasons specified.

None.

## Negative Determinations for Worker Adjustment Assistance and Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance

In the following cases, the investigation revealed that the eligibility criteria for worker adjustment assistance have not been met for the reasons specified.

Because the workers of the firm are not eligible to apply for TAA, the workers cannot be certified eligible for ATAA.

The investigation revealed that criteria (a)(2)(A)(I.C.) (increased

imports) and (a)(2)(B)(II.B.) (shift in production to a foreign country) have not been met.

85,288, Automated Solutions, Inc., Knoxville, Arizona.

The workers' firm does not produce an article as required for certification under Section 222 of the Trade Act of 1974.

85,355, Chevron Mining, Inc., Questa, New Mexico.

## Determinations Terminating Investigations of Petitions for Worker Adjustment Assistance

After notice of the petitions was published in the **Federal Register** and on the Department's Web site, as required by Section 221 of the Act (19 U.S.C. 2271), the Department initiated investigations of these petitions.

The following determinations terminating investigations were issued because the petitioning groups of workers are covered by active certifications. Consequently, further investigation in these cases would serve no purpose since the petitioning group of workers cannot be covered by more than one certification at a time.

85,401, CitiMortgage, Inc., Fort Mill, South Carolina.

I hereby certify that the aforementioned determinations were issued during the period of July 28, 2014 through August 1, 2014. These determinations are available on the Department's Web site www.doleta.gov/tradeact/taa/taa\_search\_form.cfm under the searchable listing of determinations or by calling the Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance toll free at 888–365–6822.

Signed at Washington, D.C. this 6th day of August 2014.

### Del Min Amy Chen,

 $\label{lem:continuous} \begin{tabular}{l} Certifying Officer, Office of Trade Adjustment \\ Assistance. \end{tabular}$ 

[FR Doc. 2014–19512 Filed 8–15–14; 8:45 am]

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### NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION

## Notice of Permit Modification Received Under the Antarctic Conservation Act of 1978 (Pub. L. 95–541)

**AGENCY:** National Science Foundation. **ACTION:** Notice of Permit Modification Request Received under the Antarctic Conservation Act of 1978, Pub. Law 95–541.

**SUMMARY:** The National Science Foundation (NSF) is required to publish a notice of requests to modify permits issued to conduct activities regulated under the Antarctic Conservation Act of 1978. NSF has published regulations

under the Antarctic Conservation Act at Title 45 part 670 of the Code of Federal Regulations. This is the required notice of a requested permit modification.

**DATES:** Interested parties are invited to submit written data, comments, or views with respect to this permit application by September 17, 2014. Permit applications may be inspected by interested parties at the Permit Office, address below.

ADDRESSES: Comments should be addressed to Permit Office, Room 755, Division of Polar Programs, National Science Foundation, 4201 Wilson Boulevard, Arlington, Virginia 22230.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Li Ling Hamady, ACA Permit Officer, at the above address or *ACApermits@ nsf.gov* or (703) 292–7149.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The National Science Foundation, as directed by the Antarctic Conservation Act of 1978 (Pub. L. 95–541), as amended by the Antarctic Science, Tourism and Conservation Act of 1996, has developed regulations for the establishment of a permit system for various activities in Antarctica and designation of certain animals and certain geographic areas a requiring special protection. The regulations establish such a permit system to designate Antarctic Specially Protected Areas.

Description of Permit Modification Requested: The Foundation issued a waste permit (ACA 2014-007) to Daniel McGrath from Earth Vision Trust/ Lindblad Expeditions on October 23, 2013. The issued permit allows the applicant, Earth Vision Trust, to install a maximum of 10 cameras distributed between 5 sites that are often visited by tourists. No more than 2 cameras are installed at any one site. Cameras are placed in such a way so as to not disrupt wildlife. Cameras are secured using 6-8 rock bolts drilled into rock outcrops. Each camera is powered by a 10w solar panel and a sealed 12 volt 55 AH gel battery. The batteries are housed in a leak proof plastic case. The cameras will remain deployed for 5 years total and will be completely removed (including bolts and power sources) at the conclusion of the project. Each camera is visited every 1-2 years to retrieve data, make necessary repairs, and remove non-functioning equipment. The cameras are used to measure ice velocity and monitor the calving front of numerous outlet glaciers. The data will help advance scientific knowledge on the mechanics and pace of glacial retreat. Images gained from the cameras will also be used in global outreach campaigns to educate the public about