with paragraph S5.3 of FMVSS No. 305 would not unreasonably degrade the safety of the vehicle because the vehicle has additional safety features designed to protect vehicle occupants and first responders in the event of a crash. First, Toyota equipped the FCV high voltage sources with physical barriers that they believe would prevent any direct physical contact with live voltage sources after the crash. Second, Toyota ensured that all physical barriers would be grounded to the chassis with a grounding resistance of less than 0.1 ohms. The company states that this would protect against any indirect contact with high voltage sources. Finally, Toyota states that the high voltage sources would continue to maintain an electrical isolation of 100 ohms/volt. Through the combination of these three attributes, Toyota believes that the noncompliance with paragraph S5.3 would not unreasonably degrade the safety of its FCV.

In support of the second basis (overall safety is at least equal to a nonexempt vehicle), Toyota states that its FCV would not meet the current requirements of FMVSS No. 305 in low speed crashes where the automatic disconnect does not activate and Toyota would not be able to sell the vehicle in the United States. However, due to the additional safety features that the company plans to incorporate into its FCVs (i.e., physical barrier + grounding of the physical barriers to the chassis + maintaining electrical isolation of 100 ohms/volt), Toyota believes that their FCV maintains a level of safety that is at least equivalent to a vehicle complying with FMVSS No. 305. In support of this contention, Toyota cites their belief that their FCV would comply with the relevant European standard (ECE R.100) and Global Technical Regulation (GTR) No. 13 which allow manufacturers to ensure electrical safety through methods such as encasing high voltage sources in a physical barrier.

IV. Completeness and Comment Period

Upon receiving a petition, NHTSA conducts an initial review of the petition with respect to whether the petition is complete and whether the petitioner appears to be eligible to apply for the requested exemption. The agency has tentatively concluded that the petition from Toyota is complete and that Toyota is eligible to apply for a temporary exemption. The agency has not made any judgment on the merits of the application, and is placing a nonconfidential copy of the petition in the docket. The agency seeks comment from the public on the merits of Toyota's application for a temporary exemption from the electrical safety requirements in paragraph S5.3 of FMVSS No. 305. We are providing a 30-day comment period. After considering public comments and other available information, we will publish a notice of final action on the application in the **Federal Register**.

Dated: May 29, 2014.

Claude H. Harris,

Acting Associate Administrator, for Rulemaking. [FR Doc. 2014–13540 Filed 6–10–14; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–59–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

June 6, 2014.

The Department of the Treasury will submit the following information collection requests to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and clearance in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, Public Law 104–13, on or after the date of publication of this notice. DATES: Comments should be received on or before July 11, 2014 to be assured of consideration.

ADDRESSES: Send comments regarding the burden estimate, or any other aspect of the information collection, including suggestions for reducing the burden, to (1) Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget, Attention: Desk Officer for Treasury, New Executive Office Building, Room 10235, Washington, DC 20503, or email at OIRA_Submission@ OMB.EOP.gov and (2) Treasury PRA Clearance Officer, 1750 Pennsylvania Ave. NW., Suite 8141, Washington, DC 20220, or email at PRA@treasury.gov.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Copies of the submission(s) may be obtained by emailing *PRA@treasury.gov*, calling (202) 622–1295, or viewing the entire information collection request at *www.reginfo.gov*.

Financial Crimes Enforcement Network (FinCEN)

OMB Number: 1506–0012. Type of Review: Revision of a currently approved collection.

Title: Bank Secrecy Act Designation of Exempt Person (DOEP) Report. *Form:* Form 110.

Abstract: The Bank Secrecy Act and its implementing regulations require banks to file currency transaction reports (CTRs) on transactions in currency of more than \$10,000. The regulations also permit a bank to exempt certain persons from currency transaction reporting in accordance with 31 CFR 1020.315.

Banks are the only type of financial institutions that may exempt customers from CTR filing requirements. The term "bank" is defined in 31 CFR 1010.100(d) and includes savings and loan associations, thrift institutions, and credit unions. A bank that wishes to designate a customer as an exempt person must file FinCEN Form 110.

Affected Public: Businesses or other for-profit organizations; Not-for-profit institutions.

Estimated Annual Burden Hours: 31,450.

Brenda Simms,

Treasury PRA Clearance Officer. [FR Doc. 2014–13581 Filed 6–10–14; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4810–02–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

Survey of Foreign Ownership of U.S. Securities as of June 30, 2014

AGENCY: Departmental Offices, Department of the Treasury. **ACTION:** Notice of reporting requirements.

SUMMARY: By this Notice, the Department of the Treasury is informing the public that it is conducting a mandatory survey of foreign ownership of U.S. securities as of June 30, 2014. This mandatory survey is conducted under the authority of the International Investment and Trade in Services Survey Act (22 U.S.C. 3101 et seq.) This Notice constitutes legal notification to all United States persons (defined below) who meet the reporting requirements set forth in this Notice that they must respond to, and comply with, this survey. Additional copies of the reporting forms SHL (2014) and instructions may be printed from the Internet at: http://www.treasury.gov/ resource-center/data-chart-center/tic/ Pages/forms-sh.aspx.

Definition: A U.S. person is any individual, branch, partnership, associated group, association, estate, trust, corporation, or other organization (whether or not organized under the laws of any State), and any government (including a foreign government, the United States Government, a State or local government, and any agency, corporation, financial institution, or other entity or instrumentality thereof, including a government-sponsored agency), who resides in the United