(1) Alternative Methods of Compliance (AMOCs): The Manager, New York ACO, ANE–170, FAA, has the authority to approve AMOCs for this AD, if requested using the procedures found in 14 CFR 39.19. In accordance with 14 CFR 39.19, send your request to your principal inspector or local Flight Standards District Office, as appropriate. If sending information directly to the ACO, send it to ATTN: Program Manager, Continuing Operational Safety, FAA, New York ACO, 1600 Stewart Avenue, Suite 410, Westbury, NY 11590; telephone 516–227–7300; fax 516–794–5531. Before using any approved AMOC, notify your appropriate principal inspector, or lacking a principal inspector, the manager of the local flight standards district office/certificate holding district office. The AMOC approval letter must specifically reference this AD.

(2) Airworthy Product: For any requirement in this AD to obtain corrective actions from a manufacturer or other source, use these actions if they are FAA-approved. Corrective actions are considered FAA-approved if they are approved by the State of Design Authority (or their delegated agent). You are required to assure the product is airworthy before it is returned to service.

(m) Related Information

(1) Refer to Mandatory Continuing Airworthiness Information (MCAI) Canadian Airworthiness Directive CF–2013–25, dated August 15, 2013, for related information. This MCAI may be found in the AD docket on the Internet at http://www.regulations.gov.

(2) For Boeing service information that is specified but not incorporated by reference in this AD, contact Boeing Commercial Airplanes, Attention: Data & Services Management, P.O. Box 3707, MC 2H–65, Seattle, WA 98124–2207; telephone 206–544–5000, extension 1; fax 206–766–5680; Internet https://www.myboeingfleet.com.

(3) Honeywell service information specified but not incorporated by reference in this AD may be obtained at the addresses identified in paragraphs (n)(3) and (n)(4) of this AD.

(n) Material Incorporated by Reference

(1) The Director of the Federal Register approved the incorporation by reference (IBR) of the service information listed in this paragraph under 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51.

(2) You must use this service information as applicable to do the actions required by this AD, unless this AD specifies otherwise.


(ii) Reserved.

(3) For Honeywell service information identified in this AD, contact Honeywell ASCa Inc., Customer and Product Support, Customer Support Operations, 3335 Unity Drive, Mississauga, ON, Canada L5J 3S6; telephone: 800–601–3099 (toll-free U.S.A./Canada); telephone: 602–365–3099 (international) email: AeroRtv@honeywell.com; Internet: www.myaerospace.com.

(4) You may request copies of the service information at the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue SW., Renton, WA. For information on the availability of this material at the FAA, call 425–227–1221.

(5) You may view this service information that is incorporated by reference at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, call 202–741–6036, or go to http://www.archives.gov/federal-register/cfr/ibr-locations.html.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on September 6, 2013.

Jeffrey E. Duven,
Acting Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.
[FR Doc. 2013–22396 Filed 9–17–13; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION
20 CFR Parts 404 and 418
[Docket No. SSA–2012–0011]
RIN 0960–AH47

Medicare Determinations and Income-Related Monthly Adjustment Amounts to Medicare Part B Premiums; Conforming Changes to Regulations

AGENCY: Social Security Administration.

ACTION: Interim final rule with request for comments.

SUMMARY: We are modifying our regulations regarding Medicare Part B income-related monthly adjustment amounts (IRMAA) in order to conform to changes made to the Social Security Act (Act) by the Affordable Care Act. This rule freezes the modified adjusted gross income threshold and ranges from 2011 through 2019 and removes the requirement that beneficiaries consent to our release of Internal Revenue Service (IRS) information to the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) for the purpose of adjudicating any appeal of an IRMAA to the Part B premium subsidy. We are also removing provisions that phased in IRMAA between 2007 and 2009 and updating a citation to reflect the transfer of authority for hearing appeals under Title XVIII of the Act from the Social Security Administration to HHS.

DATES: Effective Date: This interim final rule will be effective September 18, 2013.

Comment Date: To ensure that your comments are considered, we must receive them no later than November 18, 2013.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments by any one of three methods—Internet, fax, or mail. Do not submit the same comments multiple times or by more than one method. Regardless of which method you choose, please state that your comments refer to Docket No. SSA–2012–0011 so that we may associate your comments with the correct regulation.

Caution: You should be careful to include in your comments only information that you wish to make publicly available. We strongly urge you not to include in your comments any personal information such as Social Security numbers or medical information.

1. Internet: We strongly recommend that you submit your comments via the Internet. Please visit the Federal eRulemaking portal at http://www.regulations.gov. Use the Search function to find docket number SSA–2012–0011. The system will issue a tracking number to confirm your submission. You will not be able to view your comment immediately because we must post each comment manually. It may take up to a week for your comment to be viewable.

2. Fax: Fax comments to (410) 966–2830.


Comments are available for public viewing on the Federal eRulemaking portal at http://www.regulations.gov or in person, during regular business hours, by arranging with the contact person identified below.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

Medicare Part B is a voluntary medical insurance program that provides coverage for services such as physician’s care, diagnostic services, and medical supplies. A beneficiary enrolled in Medicare Part B pays monthly premiums, deductibles, and co-insurance associated with covered services. The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) issues rules and regulations about the Medicare program, including the standard monthly premium. We determine and
deduct the amount of certain Medicare Part B premiums from beneficiaries’ Social Security benefits and make rules and regulations necessary to carry out these functions.

The Federal Government subsidizes the cost of Medicare Part B coverage. However, beneficiaries with modified adjusted gross incomes (MAGI) above a specified threshold must pay a higher percentage of the average cost of coverage than those with MAGI below the threshold. We refer to this subsidy reduction as an IRMAA.

CMS determines and publishes the annual MAGI threshold and ranges. The IRS provides us with beneficiaries’ MAGI information for the applicable tax year. We use this information to determine IRMAAs using the CMS-determined annual MAGI threshold.

In March 2010, Congress passed the Affordable Care Act. The Affordable Care Act temporarily freezes the MAGI threshold above which beneficiaries must pay a higher percentage of the costs of their coverage. As a result, we are updating our regulations to reflect this change.

Section 3402 of the Affordable Care Act temporarily set aside the annual inflation adjustment used to set the MAGI threshold and ranges for purposes of determining IRMAAs. From January 1, 2011 through December 31, 2019, the dollar amounts used for 2010 are the threshold and ranges used to determine if an IRMAA will apply. During this period, the threshold is $170,000 for beneficiaries who file their Federal income taxes with any other filing status. After 2019, these thresholds will resume adjustment for inflation as required by section 1839(f)(5) of the Act.

Regulatory Changes

We revised sections 418.1105, What is the threshold?, 418.1115, What are the modified adjusted gross income ranges?, and 418.1120, How do we determine your income-related monthly adjustment amount?, to reflect the new threshold and ranges established by the Affordable Care Act.

We removed section 418.1130 as well as language from sections 418.1001(b), 418.1101(c), 418.1125(b), and 418.1230(a) that described how we phased in the IRMAA. When Congress created the IRMAA, it provided for a gradual phase-in of the subsidy reduction. We completed the phase-in in 2009. Therefore, section 418.1130 and the phase-in language used in the revised sections are no longer necessary.

We deleted from section 418.1350 the requirement that an individual provide consent for us to release relevant tax return information to HHS’ Office of Medicare Hearings and Appeals or Medicare Appeals Council for the purposes of adjudicating any appeal of the amount of an IRMAA to the Part B premium subsidy. The Affordable Care Act removed this requirement by amending section 6103(l)(20) of the Internal Revenue Code to provide that we may disclose return information to officers and employees of the Department of HHS to the extent necessary to resolve administrative appeals of premium subsidy adjustments or increased premiums.

We also updated 20 CFR 404.900(a) to correct an outdated citation to the HHS regulations. We replaced the reference to 42 CFR 405.701(c) with 42 CFR 405.904(a)(1). 42 CFR 405.904(a)(1) provides that we make initial determinations and reconsiderations of Medicare Part A and B applications and entitlement, and HHS handles Medicare appeals following a reconsideration.

Regulatory Procedures

We follow the Administrative Procedure Act (APA) rulemaking procedures specified in 5 U.S.C. 553 when we develop regulations. Generally, the APA requires that an agency provide prior notice and opportunity for public comment before issuing a final rule. The APA provides exceptions to its notice and public comment procedures when an agency finds good cause for dispensing with such procedures because they are impracticable, unnecessary, or contrary to the public interest, and the agency incorporates a statement of the finding and its reasons in the rule issued.

We find that good cause exists for proceeding without prior public notice and comment with respect to the changes that freeze the MAGI threshold and ranges at 2010 levels from January 1, 2011 until December 31, 2019 and that remove the requirement that individuals consent to our release of relevant tax information to HHS for adjudication of IRMAA appeals. These changes are nondiscretionary under the Affordable Care Act. Accordingly, we find that prior public comment with respect to these changes is unnecessary.

We also find that good cause exists for proceeding without prior public notice and comment with respect to the changes that remove the outdated phase-in procedures from our rules. The language we are removing has no current effect and has not applied since we completed the IRMAA phase-in in 2009. Therefore, we find prior comment with respect to these changes is also unnecessary.

We also find that good cause exists for proceeding without prior public notice and comment with respect to the change to 20 CFR 404.900(a) because it is a technical change that only updates a citation to the HHS regulations. Therefore, we also find that prior public comment with respect to this change is unnecessary.

Additionally, we find that good cause exists for dispensing with the 30-day delay in the effective date of this rule. For the reasons we stated above, we find that it is unnecessary to delay the effective date of the changes we are making in this interim final rule.

Accordingly, we are making this interim final rule effective September 18, 2013.

Executive Order 12866

We consulted with the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) and determined that this interim rule meets the criteria for a significant regulatory action under Executive Order 12866. It was subject to OMB review.

Regulatory Flexibility Act

We certify that this interim final rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities because it affects individuals only. Therefore, a regulatory flexibility analysis is not required under the Regulatory Flexibility Act, as amended

Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA)

These rules do not impose any new public reporting burdens under the PRA or affect any existing OMB-approved PRA collections.

(List of Subjects)

20 CFR Part 404


1 MAGI is defined in 42 U.S.C. 1395l(i)(4). The threshold amount is defined in 42 U.S.C. 1395l(i)(2).

2 Public Law 111–148.

3 74 FR 54571, 54573 (2009).

4 74 FR 54571, 54573 (2009).

5 5 U.S.C. 553(b)(B).
§ 418.1105 What is the threshold?

(a) We will determine your income-related monthly adjustment amount using the method described in §418.1105.

(b) From January 1, 2011 through December 31, 2019, the modified adjusted gross income threshold is $170,000 for individuals with a Federal income tax filing status of married filing jointly. The threshold is $85,000 for individuals with any other filing status.

(c) Starting on January 1, 2020, the threshold amounts will resume adjustment for inflation as required by section 1839(i)(5) of the Act. In each year thereafter, CMS will set all modified adjusted gross income threshold amounts for the following year by increasing the preceding year’s threshold amounts by any percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index rounded to the nearest $1,000. CMS will publish the amounts in the Federal Register in September of each year. Published threshold amounts will be effective January 1 of the next calendar year, for the full calendar year.

7. Revise §418.1115 to read as follows:

§ 418.1115 What are the modified adjusted gross income ranges?

(a) We list the modified adjusted gross income ranges for the calendar years 2011 through and including 2019 for each Federal tax filing category in paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) of this section. We will use your modified adjusted gross income amount together with your tax filing status to determine the amount of your income-related monthly adjustment for these calendar years.

(b) For calendar years 2011 through and including 2019, the modified adjusted gross income ranges for individuals with a Federal tax filing status of single, head of household, qualifying widow(er) with dependent child, and married filing separately when the individual has lived apart from his/her spouse for the entire tax year for the year we use to make our income-related monthly adjustment amount determination are as follows:

1. Greater than $85,000 and less than or equal to $107,000;
2. Greater than $107,000 and less than or equal to $160,000;
3. Greater than $160,000 and less than or equal to $214,000; and
4. Greater than $214,000.

(c) For calendar years 2011 through and including 2019, the modified adjusted gross income ranges for individuals who are married and filed a joint tax return for the tax year we use to make the income-related monthly adjustment amount determination are as follows:

1. Greater than $170,000 and less than or equal to $214,000;
2. Greater than $214,000 and less than or equal to $320,000;
3. Greater than $320,000 and less than or equal to $428,000; and
4. Greater than $428,000.

(d) For calendar years 2011 through and including 2019, the modified adjusted gross income ranges for married individuals who file a separate return and have lived with their spouse at any time during the tax year we use to make the income-related monthly adjustment amount determination are as follows:

1. Greater than $85,000 and less than or equal to $129,000; and
2. Greater than $129,000.

(e) In 2019, CMS will set all modified adjusted gross income ranges for 2020 and publish them in the Federal Register. In each year thereafter, CMS will set all modified adjusted gross income ranges by increasing the preceding year’s ranges by any percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index rounded to the nearest $1,000 and will publish the amounts for the following year in September of each year.

8. Revise §418.1120 to read as follows:

§ 418.1120 How do we determine your income-related monthly adjustment amount?

(a) We will determine your income-related monthly adjustment amount by using your tax filing status and modified adjusted gross income.

(b) Tables of applicable percentage. The tables in paragraphs (b)(1) through (b)(3) of this section contain the modified adjusted gross income ranges for calendar years 2011 through and including 2019 in the column on the left in each table. The middle column in each table shows the percentage of the unsubsidized Medicare Part B premium that will be paid by individuals with modified adjusted gross income that falls within each of the ranges. The column on the right in each table shows the percentage of the Medicare Part B premium that will be subsidized by contributions from the Federal Government. We use your tax filing status and your modified adjusted gross income for the tax year to determine which income-related monthly adjustment amount to apply to you. The dollar amount of income-related monthly adjustment for each range will be set annually for each year after 2019 as described in paragraph (c) of this section. The modified adjusted gross income ranges will be adjusted annually after 2019 as described in §418.1115(e).
(1) **General table of applicable percentages.** If, for the tax year, we use your filing status for the Federal income taxes for the tax year is single; head of household; qualifying widow(er) with dependent child; or married filing separately and you lived apart from your spouse for the entire tax year, we will use the general table of applicable percentages. When your modified adjusted gross income for the year we use is in the range listed in the left column in the following table, then the Federal Government’s Part B premium subsidy of 75 percent is reduced to the percentage listed in the right column.

You will pay an amount based on the percentage listed in the center column.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Modified adjusted gross income effective in 2011–2019</th>
<th>Beneficiary percentage (percent)</th>
<th>Federal premium subsidy (percent)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>More than $85,000 but less than or equal to $107,000</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>More than $107,000 but less than or equal to $160,000</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>More than $160,000 but less than or equal to $214,000</td>
<td>65</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>More than $214,000</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(2) **Table of applicable percentages for joint returns.** If, for the tax year, we use your Federal tax filing status is married filing jointly for the tax year and your modified adjusted gross income for that tax year is in the range listed in the left column in the following table, then the Federal Government’s Part B premium subsidy of 75 percent is reduced to the percentage listed in the right column.

You will pay an amount based on the percentage listed in the center column.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th>Beneficiary percentage (percent)</th>
<th>Federal premium subsidy (percent)</th>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>More than $214,000 but less than or equal to $320,000</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>More than $320,000 but less than or equal to $428,000</td>
<td>65</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>More than $428,000</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(3) **Table of applicable percentages for married individuals filing separate returns.** If, for the tax year, we use your Federal tax filing status is married filing separately, you lived with your spouse at some time during that tax year, and your modified adjusted gross income is in the range listed in the left column in the following table, then the Federal Government’s Part B premium subsidy of 75 percent is reduced to the percentage listed in the right column.

You will pay an amount based on the percentage listed in the center column.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Modified adjusted gross income effective in 2011–2019</th>
<th>Beneficiary percentage (percent)</th>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>More than $129,000</td>
<td>65</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(c) For each year after 2019, CMS will annually publish in the *Federal Register* the dollar amounts for the income-related monthly adjustment amount described in paragraph (b) of this section.

§ 418.125 [Amended]
- Amend § 418.125 by removing paragraph (b) and redesignating paragraph (c) as paragraph (b).

§ 418.1130 [Removed and reserved]
- Remove and reserve § 418.1130.
- Amend § 418.1230 to remove paragraph (a), redesignate paragraphs (b) through (d) as paragraphs (a) through (c), and revise new paragraph (a) to read as follows:

§ 418.1230 What is the effective date of an income-related monthly adjustment amount initial determination that is based on a more recent tax year?

(a) Subject to paragraph (b) of this section, when your modified adjusted gross income for the more recent tax year is significantly reduced as a result of a major life-changing event, our initial determination is generally effective on January 1 of the year in which you make your request. If your first month of enrollment or reenrollment in Medicare Part B is after January of the year for which you make your request, our initial determination is effective on the first day of your Medicare Part B enrollment or reenrollment.

§ 418.1350 What are the rules for review of a reconsidered determination or an administrative law judge decision?

You may request a hearing before an OMHA administrative law judge consistent with HHS’ regulations at 42 CFR part 405. You may seek further review of the administrative law judge’s decision by requesting MAC review and judicial review in accordance with HHS’ regulations.