information collection, contact Cathy Williams at (202) 418–2918.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

OMB Control Number: 3060–0874. Title: FCC Form 2000 A through G, FCC Form 475–B, FCC Form 1088 A through H, and FCC Form 501— Consumer Complaint Forms: General Complaints, Obscenity or Indecency Complaints, Complaints under the Telephone Consumer Protection Act, and Slamming Complaints.

Form Number: FCC Form 2000 A through G, FCC Form 475–B, FCC Form 1088 A through H, and FCC Form 501.

Type of Review: Extension of a currently approved collection.

Respondents: Individuals or households; Business or other for-profit entities; Not-for-profit institutions; State, local or Tribal Government.

Number of Respondents and Responses: 314,783 respondents;

314,783 responses. Estimated Time per Response: 15 to

30 minutes per form on average. Frequency of Response: On occasion

reporting requirement. Obligation To Respond: Voluntary. Total Annual Burden: 150,607 hours. Total Annual Cost: None.

Nature and Extent of Confidentiality: Confidentiality is an issue to the extent that individuals and households provide personally identifiable information, which is covered under the FCC's updated system of records notice (SORN), FCC/CGB–1, "Informal Complaints and Inquiries", which became effective on January 25, 2010.

Privacy Impact Assessment: The Privacy Impact Assessment (PIA) for Informal Complaints and Inquiries was completed on June 28, 2007. It may be reviewed at http://www.fcc.gov/omd/ privacyact/

Privacy_Impact_Assessment.html. The Commission is in the process of updating the PIA to incorporate various revisions to it as a result of revisions to the SORN.

Needs and Uses: The FCC Form 2000 Consumer Complaint Forms asks the complainants to provide their contact information, including address, telephone number, and email address, and to briefly describe the nature of the complaint, including the communications entities against which the complaint is lodged, the consumer's account number(s), if applicable, the date(s) on which the incident(s) occurred, and the type of resolution the consumer is seeking. The Commission uses the information to resolve the consumer's informal complaint(s). The FCC Form 2000 A through F will remain unchanged. Consumers may now file

complaints about loud commercials using the Commission's online complaint form (specifically, the Form 2000G). Consumers may also file their complaint by fax or by letter. The information obtained by consumer complaints will be used by Commission staff to evaluate and ensure that TV stations and MVPDs are in compliance with the rules implementing the Commercial Advertisement Loudness Mitigation ("CALM") Act.

The FCC Form 475–B Consumer Complaint Form asks complainants to provide their contact information, including address, telephone number, and email address, and to describe their complaint(s) and issue(s) concerning the practices of telecommunications entities, which they believe may have aired obscene, profane, and/or indecent programming. The FCC Form 475–B will remain unchanged. The FCC Form 1088 Consumer Complaint Form asks complainants to provide their contact information, including address, telephone number, and email address, and to describe their complaints and issues regarding "Do Not Call" and "Junk Fax" as well as other related consumer protection issues such as prerecorded messages, automatic telephone dialing systems, and unsolicited commercial email messages to wireless telecommunications devices. The FCC Form 1088 A through H will remain unchanged. The FCC Form 501 Consumer Complaint Form asks complainants to provide their contact information, including address, telephone number, and email address, and to describe their complaints and issues regarding alleged slamming violations. The FCC Form 501 will remain unchanged.

Federal Communications Commission. Marlene H. Dortch,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2013–01320 Filed 1–23–13; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6712–01–P

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

[DA 13–28]

Emergency Access Advisory Committee; Announcement of Charter Extension

AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission. **ACTION:** Notice.

SUMMARY: This document announces the extension of the charter of the Emergency Access Advisory Committee (Committee or EAAC). This extension of

the charter will enable the EAAC to complete the important work it began in early 2011 pursuant to the Twenty-First Century Communications and Video Accessibility Act of 2010 (CVAA). DATES: The EAAC charter is now

effective until June 14, 2013. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Suzy Rosen Singleton, Consumer and Governmental Affairs Bureau, (202) 810–1503, or

Suzanne.Singleton@fcc.gov (email); and/or Zenji Nakazawa, Public Safety and Homeland Security Bureau, (202) 418–7949, Zenji.Nakazawa@fcc.gov (email).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: By releasing the Public Notice (DA 13–28), the Consumer and Governmental Affairs Bureau and the Public Safety and Homeland Security Bureau of the Federal Communications Commission (FCC or Commission) extended the charter of the EAAC by six months until June 14, 2013. This extension of the charter will enable the EAAC to complete the important work it began in early 2011 pursuant to the CVAA.

The EAAC was chartered on January 14, 2011 to determine the most effective and efficient technologies and methods by which to enable equal access to emergency services by individuals with disabilities as part of our nation's migration to Next Generation 911 (NG9- $1-\overline{1}$), and to make recommendations to the Commission on how to achieve those effective and efficient technologies and methods. In spring 2011, the EAAC conducted a nationwide survey of individuals with disabilities and released a report on that survey on July 21, 2011. Following release of the survey report, the EAAC developed recommendations, which it submitted to the Commission on December 7, 2011, as required by the CVAA. However, the EAAC clarified that the December 2011 recommendations did not constitute the full report and requested additional editorial privileges and the right to submit a full report that will contain the technical and policy background for these recommendations at a later date. The EAAC subsequently formed subcommittees to further explain in detail its initial recommendations related to interoperability testing, language assistance, gaps in existing public safety standards, timelines for deployment and pre-NG 911 mobile text-to-911 solutions.

The EAAC Charter provides that the EAAC shall terminate two years from the date of the Charter, thus expiring on January 14, 2013. The Commission has received requests from the co-chairs of the EAAC, the Consumers Group and Gallaudet Technology Access Program, the National Emergency Number Association, and APCO International to extend or renew the Charter to allow the EAAC to complete its reports and recommendations regarding the accessibility of emergency access by people with disabilities. Accordingly, by releasing the Public Notice on January 11, 2013 (DA-28), the **Consumer and Governmental Affairs** Bureau and the Public Safety and Homeland Security Bureau grant these requests, and provide a six-month extension of the Charter in order to ensure the EAAC has sufficient time to complete its work, pursuant to the CVAA. The Charter is hereby effective until June 14, 2013.

To request materials in accessible formats for people with disabilities (Braille, large print, electronic files, audio format), send an email to *fcc504@fcc.gov* or call the Consumer and Governmental Affairs Bureau at (202) 418–0530 (voice), (202) 418–0432 (TTY).

Federal Communications Commission.

Karen Peltz Strauss,

Deputy Chief, Consumer and Governmental Affairs Bureau.

[FR Doc. 2013–01325 Filed 1–23–13; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6712–01–P

FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

Change in Bank Control Notices; Acquisitions of Shares of a Bank or Bank Holding Company

The notificants listed below have applied under the Change in Bank Control Act (12 U.S.C. 1817(j)) and § 225.41 of the Board's Regulation Y (12 CFR 225.41) to acquire shares of a bank or bank holding company. The factors that are considered in acting on the notices are set forth in paragraph 7 of the Act (12 U.S.C. 1817(j)(7)).

The notices are available for immediate inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank indicated. The notices also will be available for inspection at the offices of the Board of Governors. Interested persons may express their views in writing to the Reserve Bank indicated for that notice or to the offices of the Board of Governors. Comments must be received not later than February 11, 2013.

A. Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago (Colette A. Fried, Assistant Vice President) 230 South LaSalle Street, Chicago, Illinois 60690–1414:

1. Sabina Bosshard, Homer, Minnesota, individually, and as co-

trustee of the Sabina Bosshard Irrevocable Trust ("Trust"), and Sabina Bosshard, together as a group acting in concert with Trust, the Lindsey Bosshard Trust, Jeff Gray, LaCrosse, Wisconsin, as co-trustee of Trust and trustee of the Lindsey Bosshard Trust, Ross E. Parke, New York, New York, as independent trustee of Trust, Kurt Bosshard, Kapaa, Hawaii, John Bosshard III, McCarthy, Alaska, William Bosshard and Andrew Bosshard, both of La Crosse, Wisconsin, Carlista Bosshard, Madison, Wisconsin, Joseph Bosshard and Makenzie Bosshard, both of Boulder, Colorado, Nathan Bosshard-Blakely, Berkeley, California, Elizabeth Bosshard-Blakely, South Pasadena, California, Alexandra Bosshard, Sandy, Utah, and John Bosshard, Superior, Colorado, to retain voting shares of Bosshard Financial Group, Inc., La Crosse, Wisconsin, and thereby to indirectly retain control of Grand Marsh State Bank, Grand Marsh, Wisconsin, and Farmers State Bank—Hillsboro, Hillsboro, Wisconsin.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, January 18, 2013.

Robert deV. Frierson,

Secretary of the Board. [FR Doc. 2013–01403 Filed 1–23–13; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6210–01–P

FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

Formations of, Acquisitions by, and Mergers of Bank Holding Companies

The companies listed in this notice have applied to the Board for approval, pursuant to the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1841 *et seq.*) (BHC Act), Regulation Y (12 CFR part 225), and all other applicable statutes and regulations to become a bank holding company and/or to acquire the assets or the ownership of, control of, or the power to vote shares of a bank or bank holding company and all of the banks and nonbanking companies owned by the bank holding company, including the companies listed below.

The applications listed below, as well as other related filings required by the Board, are available for immediate inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank indicated. The applications will also be available for inspection at the offices of the Board of Governors. Interested persons may express their views in writing on the standards enumerated in the BHC Act (12 U.S.C. 1842(c)). If the proposal also involves the acquisition of a nonbanking company, the review also includes whether the acquisition of the nonbanking company complies with the standards in section 4 of the BHC Act (12 U.S.C. 1843). Unless otherwise noted, nonbanking activities will be conducted throughout the United States.

Unless otherwise noted, comments regarding each of these applications must be received at the Reserve Bank indicated or the offices of the Board of Governors not later than February 19, 2013.

A. Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis (Yvonne Sparks, Community Development Officer) P.O. Box 442, St. Louis, Missouri 63166–2034:

1. Cabool State Bank Employee Stock Ownership Plan, Cabool, Missouri; to acquire up to an additional 1.58 percent, for a total of 29.39 percent of the voting shares of Cabool Bancshares, Inc., and thereby indirectly acquire voting shares of Cabool State Bank, both in Cabool, Missouri.

B. Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City (Dennis Denney, Assistant Vice President) 1 Memorial Drive, Kansas City, Missouri 64198–0001:

1. Palmer Bancshares, Inc., Palmer, Kansas; to become a bank holding company by acquiring 100 percent of the voting shares of Bank of Palmer, Palmer, Kansas.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, January 18, 2013.

Robert deV. Frierson,

Secretary of the Board.

[FR Doc. 2013–01404 Filed 1–23–13; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6210–01–P

FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION

Granting of Request for Early Termination of the Waiting Period Under the Premerger Notification Rules

Section 7A of the Clayton Act, 15 U.S.C. 18a, as added by Title II of the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976, requires persons contemplating certain mergers or acquisitions to give the Federal Trade Commission and the Assistant Attorney General advance notice and to wait designated periods before consummation of such plans. Section 7A(b)(2) of the Act permits the agencies, in individual cases, to terminate this waiting period prior to its expiration and requires that notice of this action be published in the **Federal Register**.

The following transactions were granted early termination—on the dates indicated—of the waiting period provided by law and the premerger notification rules. The listing for each transaction includes the transaction number and the parties to the transaction. The grants were made by