Research Triangle Park, NC 27709; telephone: 919–541–9834 or email: whiteld@niehs.nih.gov). Courier address: NIEHS, 530 Davis Drive, Room 2136, Morrisville, NC 27560.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Preliminary Agenda and Other Meeting Information

A preliminary agenda, roster of SACATM members, background materials, public comments, and any additional information, when available, will be posted on the SACATM meeting Web site (*http://ntp.niehs.nih.gov/go/* 32822) or available upon request (see **ADDRESSES** above). Following the meeting, summary minutes will be prepared and available on the SACATM Web site or upon request.

Request for Comments

Both written and oral public input on the agenda topics is invited. Written comments received in response to this notice will be posted on the NTP Web site. Persons submitting written comments should include their name, affiliation (if applicable), and sponsoring organization (if any) with the document. Time is allotted during the meeting for presentation of oral comments and each organization is allowed one time slot per public comment period. At least 7 minutes will be allotted for each speaker, and if time permits, may be extended up to 10 minutes at the discretion of the chair. Registration for oral comments will also be available on-site, although time allowed for presentation by on-site registrants may be less than for preregistered speakers and will be determined by the number of persons who register at the meeting. In addition to in-person oral comments at the meeting, public comments can be presented by teleconference line. There will be 50 lines for this call; availability will be on a first-come, first-served basis. The available lines will be open from 8:00 a.m. until 5:30 p.m. on September 5 and 8:30 a.m. to adjournment on September 6, although public comments will be received only during the formal public comment periods, which will be indicated on the preliminary agenda. The access number for the teleconference line will be provided to registrants by email prior to the meeting.

Persons registering to make oral comments are asked to do so through the online registration form (*http:// ntp.niehs.nih.gov/go/32822*) and to send a copy of their statement to Dr. White (see **ADDRESSES** above) by August 29, 2012, to enable review by SACATM, NICEATM–ICCVAM, and NIEHS/DNTP staff prior to the meeting. Written statements can supplement and may expand the oral presentation. If registering on-site and reading from written text, please bring 40 copies of the statement for distribution and to supplement the record.

Background Information on ICCVAM, NICEATM, and SACATM

ICCVAM is an interagency committee composed of representatives from 15 Federal regulatory and research agencies that require, use, generate, or disseminate toxicological and safety testing information. ICCVAM conducts technical evaluations of new, revised, and alternative safety testing methods with regulatory applicability and promotes the scientific validation and regulatory acceptance of toxicological and safety testing methods that more accurately assess the safety and hazards of chemicals and products and that reduce, refine (decrease or eliminate pain and distress), or replace animal use. The ICCVAM Authorization Act of 2000 (42 U.S.C. 2851-3) established ICCVAM as a permanent interagency committee of the NIEHS under NICEATM. NICEATM administers ICCVAM, provides scientific and operational support for ICCVAM-related activities, and conducts independent validation studies to assess the usefulness and limitations of new, revised, and alternative test methods and strategies. NICEATM and ICCVAM work collaboratively to evaluate new and improved test methods and strategies applicable to the needs of U.S. Federal agencies. NICEATM and ICCVAM welcome the public nomination of new, revised, and alternative test methods and strategies for validation studies and technical evaluations. Additional information about ICCVAM and NICEATM can be found on the NICEATM-ICCVAM Web site (http://iccvam.niehs.nih.gov).

SACATM was established in response to the ICCVAM Authorization Act [Section 285*l*-3(d)] and is composed of scientists from the public and private sectors. SACATM advises ICCVAM, NICEATM, and the Director of the NIEHS and NTP regarding statutorily mandated duties of ICCVAM and activities of NICEATM. SACATM provides advice on priorities and activities related to the development, validation, scientific review, regulatory acceptance, implementation, and national and international harmonization of new, revised, and alternative toxicological test methods. Additional information about SACATM, including the charter, roster, and

records of past meetings, can be found at *http://ntp.niehs.nih.gov/go/167*.

Dated: June 27, 2012.

John R. Bucher,

Associate Director, National Toxicology Program. [FR Doc. 2012–16675 Filed 7–6–12; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4140-01-P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[30Day-12-0856]

Agency Forms Undergoing Paperwork Reduction Act Review

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) publishes a list of information collection requests under review by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) in compliance with the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. chapter 35). To request a copy of these requests, call the CDC Reports Clearance Officer at (404) 639–7570 or send an email to *omb@cdc.gov*. Send written comments to CDC Desk Officer, Office of Management and Budget, Washington, DC or by fax to (202) 395–5806. Written comments should be received within 30 days of this notice.

Proposed Project

National Quitline Data Warehouse (OMB No. 0920–0856, exp. 7/31/2012)— Revision—National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion (NCCDPHP), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).

Background and Brief Description

Tobacco use remains the leading preventable cause of disease and death in the United States, resulting in approximately 440,000 deaths annually and contributing to \$92 billion annually in lost worker productivity. Although the prevalence of current smoking among adults decreased significantly since its peak in the 1960s, overall smoking prevalence among U.S. adults has remained virtually unchanged during the past five years. Large disparities in smoking prevalence continue to exist among members of racial/ethnic minority groups and individuals of low socioeconomic status

The National Tobacco Control Program (NTCP) was established by CDC to help reduce tobacco-related disease, disability, and death. The NTCP provides funding for state quitlines, which provide telephone-based tobacco cessation services to help tobacco users quit. Quitlines overcome many of the barriers to tobacco cessation classes and traditional clinics because they are free and available at the caller's convenience. Quitline services in all states can be accessed through a toll-free national portal number at 1–800–QUIT– NOW. According to CDC's Best Practices for Comprehensive Tobacco Control, approximately six to eight percent of tobacco users potentially can be reached successfully by quitlines; however, currently, only one to two percent of tobacco users contact Quitlines.

With funding authorized by the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA), CDC provided additional support for the expansion of tobacco quitline services and established a National Quitline Data Warehouse (NDQW) to collect information from the 50 states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and Guam. The principal information collection is based on a uniform Minimum Data Set (MDS) developed collaboratively by the North American Quitline Consortium and other tobacco control organizations.

Currently, the National Quitline Data Warehouse is an ongoing data collection that continues to standardize services, individual-level intake, and follow-up data collected by CDC-funded quitlines for the purposes of program monitoring, evaluation, and improvement. CDC is requesting OMB approval to continue the National Quitline Data Warehouse to evaluate the impact of Affordable Care Act, Prevention and Public Health Funds, and other CDC funding streams, such as the National Tobacco Control Program.

Quitline service providers use a common interview instrument to collect intake information from all callers. A one-minute interview will be conducted with callers who contact the quitline to obtain information on another person's behalf. Callers who contact the quitline to obtain information or services for themselves will be asked to participate in a 10-minute interview. A random sample of callers who receive a quitline service are asked to participate in a short, voluntary follow-up interview seven months after intake. Individuallevel data (intake and 7-month followup) are submitted to CDC electronically through a secure FTP server (60%) and via U.S. mail (40%).

In addition, CDC collects a web-based quarterly report about each quitline program from the designated Tobacco Control Manager. These reports are used to quantify changes in service provision and improvements in the capacity of the quitlines to assist tobacco users over time. The majority of these data (90%) are submitted through the web-based survey, while the remaining 10% are submitted through other electronic means (i.e. email, PDF, fax). Based on

ESTIMATED ANNUALIZED BURDEN HOURS

NQDW data collected during the first two-year OMB clearance period, the estimated burden per response for the NQDW Quitline Services Online Survey is being increased from 7 minutes to 20 minutes.

The information collected in the NODW will be used to determine the role quitlines play in promoting tobacco use cessation, measure the number of tobacco users being served by state quitlines, determine reach of quitlines to high-risk populations (e.g., racial and ethnic minorities and the medically underserved), measure the number using each state quitline who quit, determine whether some combinations of services contribute to higher quit rates than others, and improve the timeliness, access to, and quality of data collected by quitlines. CDC received public comments about uses of NQDW data, and other issues, in response to publication of the 60-day Federal **Register** Notice. In response to those comments, the revision request includes additional information about uses of information collected through the NQDW and describes CDC's plans to establish an evaluation working group to further enhance uses of NQDW data.

Information will be collected electronically and through the U.S. mail for a three-year period. There are no costs to respondents other than their time. The total estimated annualized burden hours are 88,982.

Type of respondent	Form name	Number of respondents	Number of responses per respondent	Average burden per response (in hours)
Caller who contacts the Quitline on behalf of someone else.	NQDW Intake Questionnaire	24,688	1	1/60
Caller who contacts the Quitline for per- sonal use.		510,768	1	10/60
Quitline caller who received a Quitline service.	NQDW 7-Month Follow-up Questionnaire	28,900	1	7/60
Tobacco Control Manager	NQDW Quitline Services Online Survey	53	4	20/60

Kimberly S. Lane,

Deputy Director, Office of Scientific Integrity, Office of the Associate Director for Science, Office of the Director, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

[FR Doc. 2012–16648 Filed 7–6–12; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[30Day-12-0821]

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Proposed Project

Quarantine Station Illness and Death Investigation Forms—Airline, Maritime, Land/Border Crossing Illness and Death Investigation Forms—Revision— National Center for Zoonotic and Emerging Infectious Diseases (NCEZID)