General Statutes as required by 18 U.S.C. 1161.

(j) Conflict of Laws. If any provision of North Carolina General Statutes Section 18B–112 or its application conflicts with federal law, the conflict of laws shall be resolved in favor of the federal law unless compliance with the federal law abrogates a right reserved to the State under the Constitution of the United States.

§ 18B–200(e) shall be amended to read as follows:

(e) Employees. The chairman is authorized to employ, discharge, and otherwise supervise subordinate personnel of the Commission.

A new § 18B–200(j) shall be added to read as follows:

(j) All Commissioners are subject to the same criminal background checks as TCGE and TGC employees. Each Commissioner is required to update their information.

§ 18B–203. Powers and duties of the Commission shall be amended to read as follows:

§ 18B–203. Powers and duties of the Commission

(a) Powers.—The Commission shall have authority to:

(1) Administer the Tribal ABC laws;

(2) Provide for enforcement of the Tribal ABC laws, in conjunction with the ALE Division:

(3) Issue ABC permits as allowed under this Ordinance;

(4) Adopt rules and procedures for the issuance and enforcement of ABC permits;

(5) Administer an annual budget with said budget to be approved annually by the Tribal Council;

(6) Act as the distributor of all alcohol on tribal trust lands. Spirituous liquor and fortified wine shall be purchased by the TABCC directly from North Carolina Warehouse, or as needed from a Local ABC Store. Malt beverages and unfortified wine shall be purchased from North Carolina authorized distributors and may be redistributed from a TABCC warehouse or authorized to be delivered directly to a TABCC authorized permitee; and

(7) Issue any Retail ABC license or permit issued by the North Carolina Alcoholic Beverage Control Commission, including a temporary license or permit. Negotiate and enter into contract with North Carolina ABC Commission for purchase of spirituous liquor and fortified wine; and

(8) Adopt fiscal control rules concerning the borrowing of money, maintenance of working capital, investments, appointment of a financial officer, the daily deposit of funds and any other rules necessary to assure the proper accountability of public funds. § 18B–600. Alcoholic beverage elections shall be amended to read as follows:

§ 18B–600. Alcoholic beverage elections

(a) All alcohol referendum questions shall be conducted in accordance with Tribal law and its election procedures as set forth in Section 161–9 of the Cherokee Code.

(b) As authorized in NC 18B–600, the following kinds of alcoholic beverage elections shall be allowed as authorized by Tribal Council:

(1) Malt beverage;

(2) Unfortified Wine;

(3) ABC store; and

(4) Mixed beverage

A new § 18B–603 shall be added to read as follows:

§ 18B–603. Effect of alcoholic beverage elections on issuance of permits:

North Carolina 18B–603 language is adopted as Tribal Law (except (e) Mixed Beverages at Airports, (f)(2) Special ABC Areas, and (h) Permits based on existing permits).

§ 18B–700. Retail sale of alcoholic beverages shall be amended to read as follows:

§ 18B–700. Retail sale of alcoholic beverages.

Spirituous liquor, fortified and unfortified wine and malt beverages may be offered for retail sale only under the provisions of a permit issued by the TABCC as authorized by the provisions of this ordinance. The TABCC shall operate any retail spirituous and fortified wine store that may in the future be authorized by Tribal election. The TABCC shall also be authorized to operate a retail malt beverage and unfortified wine store should that facility be authorized by a Tribal election.

§ 18B–800 shall be amended to read as follows:

§ 18B–800. All alcoholic beverages authorized to be sold shall be purchased by the permittee from TABCC or as directed by TABCC.

A New § 18B–804 Alcoholic beverage Pricing shall read as follows:

§ 18B–804. Alcoholic beverage Pricing The uniform pricing of Spirits sold to permittees and the public shall be the same uniform price as published by North Carolina 18B–804. Where a tax or markup is imposed in this section, the TABCC is authorized to impose the same tax or markup as a Tribal tax or markup, where appropriate, and to utilize such tax or markup in operations of TABCC and profits after operation shall be distributed as determined by Tribal Council.

§ 18B–900 shall be amended to read as follows:

§ 18B–900. The TCGE shall be eligible to receive and to hold a Tribal ABC permit for the retail sale of alcoholic beverages on the premises of Harrah's Cherokee Casino & Hotel as authorized by the special election referendum held on June 4, 2009. At the request of TCGE, TABCC is authorized to issue a permit to a contracted or leased facility providing a service for TCGE on the premises of Harrah's Cherokee Casino and Hotel.

Be it further ordained that this amendment shall be effective upon ratification by the Principal Chief, and all prior ordinances and resolutions that are inconsistent with this ordinance are rescinded.

[FR Doc. 2012–2323 Filed 2–1–12; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–4J–P

NATIONAL INDIAN GAMING COMMISSION

Fee Rate

AGENCY: National Indian Gaming Commission. **ACTION:** Notice.

ACTION. NOLICE.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given, pursuant to 25 CFR 514.1(a)(3), that the National Indian Gaming Commission has adopted preliminary annual fee rates of 0.00% for tier 1 and 0.074% (.00074) for tier 2 for calendar year 2012. These rates shall apply to all assessable gross revenues from each gaming operation under the jurisdiction of the Commission. If a Tribe has a certificate of self-regulation under 25 CFR part 518, the preliminary fee rate on class II revenues for calendar year 2012 shall be one-half of the annual fee rate, which is 0.037% (.00037).

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Chris White, National Indian Gaming Commission, 1441 L Street NW., Suite 9100, Washington, DC 20005; telephone (202) 632–7003; fax (202) 632–7066.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Indian Gaming Regulatory Act (IGRA) established the National Indian Gaming Commission which is charged with, among other things, regulating gaming on Indian lands.

The regulations of the Commission (25 CFR part 514), as amended, provide for a system of fee assessment and payment that is self-administered by gaming operations. Pursuant to those regulations, the Commission is required to adopt and communicate assessment rates; the gaming operations are required to apply those rates to their revenues, compute the fees to be paid, report the revenues, and remit the fees to the Commission. The preliminary rate being adopted today is effective for calendar year 2012. Therefore, all gaming operations within the jurisdiction of the Commission are required to self administer the provisions of these regulations, and report and pay any fees that are due to the Commission by June 30, 2012.

Dated: January 27, 2012.

Tracie Stevens,

Chairwoman.

Dated: January 27, 2012. **Steffani A. Cochran,** *Vice-Chairwoman.* Dated: January 27, 2012. **Daniel Little,** *Associate Commissioner.*

[FR Doc. 2012–2255 Filed 2–1–12; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 7565–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Office of Natural Resources Revenue

[Docket No. ONRR-2011-0025]

Agency Information Collection Activities: Proposed Collection, Comment Request

AGENCY: Office of Natural Resources Revenue, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of an extension of a currently approved information collection.

SUMMARY: To comply with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA), the Office of Natural Resources Revenue (ONRR) is inviting comments on the renewal of a collection of information that we will submit to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and approval. The OMB formerly approved this information collection request (ICR) under OMB Control Number 1010-0087. However, OMB approved a new series number and renumbered our ICRs after the Secretary of the U.S. Department of the Interior established ONRR (formerly Minerals Revenue Management, a program under the former Minerals Management Service) by Secretarial Order 3299, effective October 1, 2010. The OMB Control Number for this collection of information now is 1012-0003. In addition, ONRR published a rule, effective October 1, 2010, transferring our regulations from chapter II to chapter XII in title 30 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). This ICR covers the paperwork requirements in the regulations under 30 CFR parts 1227, 1228, and 1229.

DATES: Submit written comments on or before April 2, 2012.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments on this ICR to ONRR by any of the following methods. Please use "ICR 1012–0003" as an identifier in your comment.

• Electronically go to *http://www.regulations.gov.* In the entry titled "Enter Keyword or ID," enter ONRR–2011–0025 and then click search. Follow the instructions to submit public comments. The ONRR will post all comments.

• Mail comments to Hyla Hurst, Regulatory Specialist, Office of Natural Resources Revenue, P.O. Box 25165, MS 64000A, Denver, Colorado 80225. Please reference ICR 1012–0003 in your comments.

• Hand-carry comments or use an overnight courier service. Our courier address is Building 85, Room A–614, Denver Federal Center, West 6th Ave. and Kipling St., Denver, Colorado 80225. Please reference ICR 1012–0003 in your comments.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Hyla Hurst, telephone (303) 231–3495, or email *hyla.hurst@onrr.gov.* You may also contact Hyla Hurst to obtain copies, at no cost, of (1) the ICR, (2) any associated forms, and (3) the regulations that require the subject collection of information.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Title: 30 CFR parts 1227, 1228, and 1229, Delegated and Cooperative Activities with States and Indian Tribes.

OMB Control Number: 1012–0003. *Bureau Form Number:* None.

Abstract: The Secretary of the U.S. Department of the Interior is responsible for mineral resource development on Federal and Indian lands and the Outer Continental Shelf (OCS). Under the Mineral Leasing Act of 1920, Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act of 1953, Geothermal Steam Act of 1970, and Indian Mineral Development Act of 1982, the Secretary is responsible for managing the production of minerals from Federal and Indian lands and the OCS, collecting royalties and other mineral revenues from lessees who produce minerals, and distributing the funds collected in accordance with applicable laws. The Secretary also has a trust responsibility to manage Indian lands and seek advice and information from Indian beneficiaries. The ONRR performs the mineral revenue management functions and assists the Secretary in carrying out the Department's trust responsibility for Indian lands. Public laws pertaining to mineral revenues are located on our Web site at http://www.onrr.gov/ Laws R D/PublicLawsAMR.htm.

When a company or an individual enters into a lease to explore, develop, produce, and dispose of minerals from Federal or Indian lands, that company or individual agrees to pay the lessor a share in an amount or value of production from the leased lands. The regulations require the lessee to report various kinds of information to the lessor relative to the disposition of the leased minerals. Such information is generally available within the records of the lessee or others involved in developing, transporting, processing, purchasing, or selling of such minerals. The information ONRR collects includes data necessary to ensure that the lessee accurately values and appropriately pays all royalties and other mineral revenues due.

The Federal Oil and Gas Rovalty Management Act of 1982 (FOGRMA), as amended by the Federal Oil and Gas Royalty Simplification and Fairness Act of 1996, sections 3, 4, and 8 for Federal lands, authorizes the Secretary to develop delegated and cooperative agreements with states (sect. 205) and Indian tribes (sect. 202) to carry out certain inspection, auditing, investigation, or limited enforcement activities for oil and gas leases in their jurisdiction. The states and Indian tribes are working partners and are an integral part of the overall onshore and offshore compliance effort. The Appropriations Act of 1992 also authorizes the states and Indian tribes to perform the same functions for coal and other solid mineral leases.

This collection of information is necessary in order for states and Indian tribes to conduct audits and related investigations of Federal and Indian oil, gas, coal, any other solid minerals, and geothermal royalty revenues from Federal and tribal leased lands. Relevant parts of the regulations include 30 CFR parts 1227, 1228, and 1229, as described below:

Title 30 CFR part 1227—Delegation to States, provides procedures to delegate certain Federal minerals revenue management functions to states for Federal oil and gas leases. The regulations provide only audit and investigation functions to states for Federal geothermal and solid mineral leases, and leases subject to section 8(g) of the OCS Lands Act, within their state boundaries. To be considered for such delegation, states must submit a written proposal to ONRR, which ONRR must approve. States also must provide periodic accounting documentation to ONRR.

Title 30 CFR part 1228—Cooperative Activities with States and Indian Tribes, provides procedures for Indian tribes to