to 3.3 million kilograms of finished rings annually.

FTZ procedures could exempt Firth Rixson from customs duty payments on foreign titanium used in export production. The company anticipates that some 54 percent of the plant's shipments will be exported. On its domestic sales, Firth Rixson would be able to choose the duty rate during customs entry procedures that applies to aircraft turbine engine components and forged rings of titanium (duty ratesfree, 2.4%, 5.5%) for the foreign-origin titanium noted above. FTZ designation would further allow Firth Rixson to realize logistical benefits through the use of weekly customs entry procedures. Customs duties also could possibly be deferred or reduced on foreign status production equipment. Firth Rixson would also be exempt from duty payments on foreign inputs that become scrap during the production process. The application indicates that the savings from FTZ procedures would help improve the facility's international competitiveness.

In accordance with the Board's regulations, Pierre Duy of the FTZ Staff is designated examiner to evaluate and analyze the facts and information presented in the application and case record and to report findings and recommendations to the Board.

Public comment is invited from interested parties. Submissions (original and 3 copies) shall be addressed to the Board's Executive Secretary at the address below. The closing period for receipt of comments is July 5, 2011. Rebuttal comments in response to material submitted during the foregoing period may be submitted during the subsequent 15-day period to July 18, 2011.

A copy of the application will be available for public inspection at the Office of the Executive Secretary, Foreign-Trade Zones Board, Room 2111, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20230–0002, and in the "Reading Room" section of the Board's Web site, which is accessible via http:// www.trade.gov/ftz.

For further information, contact Pierre Duy at *Pierre.Duy@trade.gov* or (202) 482–1378.

Dated: April 29, 2011.

Andrew McGilvray,

Executive Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2011–10885 Filed 5–3–11; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Foreign-Trade Zones Board

[Docket 29-2011]

Foreign-Trade Zone 141—County of Monroe, New York; Application for Reorganization Under Alternative Site Framework

An application has been submitted to the Foreign-Trade Zones (FTZ) Board (the Board) by the County of Monroe, grantee of FTZ 141, requesting authority to reorganize the zone under the alternative site framework (ASF) adopted by the Board (74 FR 1170, 1/12/ 09 (correction 74 FR 3987, 1/22/09); 75 FR 71069-71070, 11/22/10). The ASF is an option for grantees for the establishment or reorganization of general-purpose zones and can permit significantly greater flexibility in the designation of new "usage-driven" FTZ sites for operators/users located within a grantee's "service area" in the context of the Board's standard 2,000-acre activation limit for a general-purpose zone project. The application was submitted pursuant to the Foreign-Trade Zones Act, as amended (19 U.S.C. 81a-81u), and the regulations of the Board (15 CFR part 400). It was formally filed on April 28, 2011.

FTZ 141 was approved by the Board on April 2, 1987 (Board Order 355, 52 FR 12219, 4/15/87) and expanded on April 23, 1996 (Board Order 813, 64 FR 20791, 05/08/96) and on June 9, 2005 (Board Order 1396, 70 FR 36116, 06/22/ 05).

The current zone project includes the following sites: Site 1 (10 acres)-401 Pixley Road, Gates; Site 2 (8 acres)— Monroe FTZ Operators, Inc. warehouse facilities, 39 Breck Street, Rochester; Site 3 (14 acres)-10 Carriage Street, Honeoye Falls; Site 4 (38 acres)-200 Carlson Road, Rochester; Site 5 (5 acres)—Monroe FTZ Operators, Inc. warehouse facilities, 655-C Basket Road, Webster; Site 6 (5 acres)-111 Commerce Drive, Rochester; Site 7 (3 acres)-10 Thruway Park, West Henrietta; Site 8 (2.2 acres)-1698 Lyell Avenue, Rochester; Site 9 (0.6 acres)-Supply Chain Services warehouse, 847 West Avenue, Building 10, Rochester; Site 10 (2 acres)—Liberty Precision Industries' warehouse complex, 3025 Winton Road South, Rochester; and, Site 11 (314 acres)—Rochester Technology Park, 789 Elmgrove Road, Rochester.

The grantee's proposed service area under the ASF would be Monroe County, New York, as described in the application. If approved, the grantee would be able to serve sites throughout the service area based on companies' needs for FTZ designation. The proposed service area is within and adjacent to the Rochester Customs and Border Protection port of entry.

The applicant is requesting authority to reorganize its existing zone project under the ASF as follows: Sites 2, 5, and 9 would become "magnet" sites and Sites 1, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 10, and 11 would be removed. The applicant is also requesting approval of the following initial "usage-driven" site: Proposed Site 12 (7 acres), Firth Rixson Inc. d/b/a Firth Rixson Monroe, 181 McKee Road, Rochester.

In accordance with the Board's regulations, Kathleen Boyce of the FTZ Staff is designated examiner to evaluate and analyze the facts and information presented in the application and case record and to report findings and recommendations to the Board.

Public comment is invited from interested parties. Submissions (original and 3 copies) shall be addressed to the Board's Executive Secretary at the address below. The closing period for their receipt is July 5, 2011. Rebuttal comments in response to material submitted during the foregoing period may be submitted during the subsequent 15-day period to July 18, 2011.

A copy of the application will be available for public inspection at the Office of the Executive Secretary, Foreign-Trade Zones Board, Room 2111, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW., Washington, DC 20230–0002, and in the "Reading Room" section of the Board's Web site, which is accessible via *http:// www.trade.gov/ftz.* For further information, contact Kathleen Boyce at *Kathleen.Boyce@trade.gov* or (202) 482– 1346.

Dated: April 28, 2011.

Andrew McGilvray,

Executive Secretary. [FR Doc. 2011–10887 Filed 5–3–11; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A-570-888]

Floor-Standing, Metal-Top Ironing Tables and Certain Parts Thereof From the People's Republic of China; Extension of Time Limit for Preliminary Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce. **DATES:** *Effective Date:* May 4, 2011. **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Michael J. Heaney or Robert James, AD/CVD Operations Office 7, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue NW., Washington, DC 20230; *telephone:* (202) 482–4475 or (202) 482– 0649, respectively.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On September 29, 2010, the Department of Commerce (the Department) published in the **Federal Register** the initiation of administrative review of the antidumping duty order on floor-standing, metal top ironing tables and certain parts thereof from the People's Republic of China, covering the period of August 1, 2009, through July 31, 2010. See Initiation of Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Administrative Reviews and Request for Revocation in Part, 75 FR 60076 (September 29, 2010). The current deadline for the preliminary results of this review is May 3, 2011.

Extension of Time Limits for Preliminary Results of Review

Section 751(a)(3)(A) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), requires that the Department complete the preliminary results of an administrative review within 245 days after the last day of the anniversary month of an order for which a review is requested. However, if it is not practicable to complete the review within this time period, section 751(a)(3)(A) of the Act allows the Department to extend the time limit for the preliminary results to a maximum of 365 days after the last day of the anniversary month of an order for which a review is requested.

The Department finds that it is not practicable to complete the preliminary results of this review within the original time frame because we require additional time to solicit and analyze complex data regarding steel inputs, factors of production and surrogate values. Thus, the Department finds it is not practicable to complete this review within the original time limit (i.e., May 3, 2011). Accordingly, the Department is extending the time limit for completion of the preliminary results of this administrative review by 120 days (i.e., until August 31, 2011, in accordance with section 751(a)(3)(A) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.213(h)(2)). We intend to issue the final results no later than 120 days after publication of the preliminary results notice.

This extension is issued and published in accordance with sections 751(a)(3)(A) and 777(i) of the Act. Dated: April 27, 2011. **Christian Marsh**, *Deputy Assistant Secretary for Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Operations*. [FR Doc. 2011–10890 Filed 5–3–11; 8:45 am] **BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P**

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

Executive-Led Eurasian Trade Mission

AGENCY: International Trade Administration, Commerce. **ACTION:** Update.

Mission Description

The United States Department of Commerce, International Trade Administration, U.S. and Foreign Commercial Service (CS) is organizing a Trade Mission to from June 20–24, 2011. This Executive led mission will include representatives from a variety of U.S. firms specializing in, but not limited to the following Industries:

- Oil and Gas
- Medical and Health Care
- Information and Communication Technologies (ICT)
- Environmental Technologies
- Shipping Transportation and Freight Forwarding

Mission participants will be introduced to international agents, distributors, and end-users whose capabilities and services are targeted to each participant's needs. This mission will contribute to National Export Initiative goals through increased sales of oil and gas equipment/services; information and communication technologies, medical and health care, environmental technologies, shipping transportation and freight forwarding, *etc.* in Turkey and Kazakhstan.

Participants will have an opportunity to meet with major international companies, integrated service providers, potential agents and distributors as well as potential public and private buyers in Istanbul and Ankara, Turkey and Almaty, Kazakhstan. The mission will include matchmaking meetings in different cities including site visits of commercial interest. We are targeting 15 U.S. company representatives responsible for their corporate activity in Eurasia.

Commercial Setting—Turkey

Turkey, the world's 17th largest economy, is a major consumer of oil and gas. Although oil and gas produced in Turkey currently meets only a small fraction of the country's demand, there are significant prospects offshore in the

Black Sea, and onshore in the Thrace region of western Turkey, and the East and Southeast. Between 2002 and 2009, 747 wells were drilled. In 2009 alone, \$716 million was spent for oil and gas exploration and production in Turkey. As of today, only 20% of onshore prospects and 1% of offshore prospects have been explored. Chevron and ExxonMobil announced important exploration efforts in 2009 and 2010 in the Western Black Sea Region. Companies offering technologies and services for exploration and production can also find a market in the geothermal sector: Turkey ranks No.1 in Europe and 7 in the world in terms of geothermal power potential.

Turkey is a crucial corridor between the energy-rich Caspian and Middle East and Europe. The planned 3,300 km NABUCCO natural gas pipeline will link Caspian and Middle Eastern suppliers through Turkey to Central Europe, and will create major opportunities for U.S. companies. The total capacity of the pipeline will be 25 to 31 BCMA. Estimated investment costs including financing costs for the entire pipeline system will be well over \$10 billion. Other potential pipeline projects include Italy—Greece—Turkey Interconnector (ITGI) and Trans Adriatic Pipeline (TAP).

In addition to oil and gas exploration and production activities and pipelines, new refinery and petrochemical plants are planned over the next decade, with a projected increase of over 90% in refining capacity by 2019, to over 1.3 million BPD.

Turkey's oil and gas market provides excellent opportunities for U.S. companies within the following product areas:

1. Offshore and onshore oil and gas exploration and production equipment and services,

2. 2–D and 3–D Seismic equipment and engineering services,

 Shale gas exploration and production equipment and services,
Horizontal Drilling equipment and

services,

5. Petrochemical processing equipment and services,

6. Geothermal energy exploration and drilling equipment and engineering services,

7. Coal-bed methane production equipment and services,

8. Compressors, turbines, measuring meters, SCADA systems, and pumps for pipelines,

9. Pipeline construction equipment and engineering services,

10. Refinery processing equipment and refinery auxiliary units,

11. Oil and Gas Storage Systems.