

*Obligation to Respond:* Required to obtain or retain benefits. The statutory authority for this collection of information is contained in the Telecommunications Act of 1996, Public Law 104–104, Sections 301 and 302, 110 Stat. 56, 114–124.

*Total Annual Burden:* 210 hours.

*Total Annual Cost:* None.

*Privacy Act Impact Assessment:* No impact(s).

*Nature and Extent of Confidentiality:* There is no need for confidentiality with this collection of information.

*Needs and Uses:* 47 CFR 76.952 states that all cable operators must provide to the subscribers on monthly bills the name, mailing address and phone number of the franchising authority, unless the franchising authority in writing requests that the cable operator omits such information. The cable operator must also provide subscribers with the FCC community unit identifier for the cable system in their communities.

47 CFR 76.990(b)(1) requires that a small cable operator may certify in writing to its franchise authority at any time that it meets all criteria necessary to qualify as a small operator. Upon request of the local franchising authority, the operator shall identify in writing all of its affiliates that provide cable service, the total subscriber base of itself and each affiliate, and the aggregate gross revenues of its cable and non-cable affiliates. Within 90 days of receiving the original certification, the local franchising authority shall determine whether the operator qualifies for deregulation and shall notify the operator in writing of its decision, although this 90-day period shall be tolled for so long as it takes the operator to respond to a proper request for information by the local franchising authority. An operator may appeal to the Commission a local franchise authority's information request if the operator seeks to challenge the information request as unduly or unreasonably burdensome. If the local franchising authority finds that the operator does not qualify for deregulation, its notice shall state the grounds for that decision. The operator may appeal the local franchising authority's decision to the Commission within 30 days.

47 CFR 76.990(b)(3) requires that within 30 days of being served with a local franchising authority's notice that the local franchising authority intends to file a cable programming services tier rate complaint, an operator may certify to the local franchising authority that it meets the criteria for qualification as a small cable operator. This certification

shall be filed in accordance with the cable programming services rate complaint procedure set forth in § 76.1402. Absent a cable programming services rate complaint, the operator may request a declaration of CPST rate deregulation from the Commission pursuant to § 76.7.

Federal Communications Commission.

**Marlene H. Dortch,**

*Secretary, Office of the Secretary, Office of Managing Director.*

[FR Doc. 2011–9250 Filed 4–15–11; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 6712–01–P**

## FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

### Notice of Public Information Collection(s) Being Reviewed by the Federal Communications Commission, Comments Requested

April 7, 2011.

**SUMMARY:** The Federal Communications Commission, as part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork burden invites the general public and other Federal agencies to take this opportunity to comment on the following information collection(s), as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) of 1995, 44 U.S.C. 3501–3520. Comments are requested concerning: (a) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the Commission, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the Commission's burden estimate; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information collected; (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on the respondents, including the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology, and (e) ways to further reduce the information collection burden on small business concerns with fewer than 25 employees.

The FCC may not conduct or sponsor a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid control number. No person shall be subject to any penalty for failing to comply with a collection of information subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) that does not display a currently valid OMB control number.

**DATES:** Written Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) comments should be submitted on or before June 17, 2011. If you anticipate that you will be submitting PRA comments, but find it difficult to do so within the period of

time allowed by this notice, you should advise the FCC contact listed below as soon as possible.

**ADDRESSES:** Direct all PRA comments to the Federal Communications Commission via e-mail to [PRA@fcc.gov](mailto:PRA@fcc.gov) and [Cathy.Williams@fcc.gov](mailto:Cathy.Williams@fcc.gov).

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** For additional information, contact Cathy Williams on (202) 418–2918.

### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

*OMB Control Number:* 3060–0214.

*Title:* Sections 73.3526 and 73.3527, Local Public Inspection Files; Sections 76.1701 and 73.1943, Political Files.

*Form Number:* N/A.

*Type of Review:* Extension of a currently approved collection.

*Respondents:* Business or other for-profit entities; Not for-profit institutions.

*Number of Respondent and Responses:* 52,285 respondents; 52,285 responses.

*Estimated Time per Response:* 2.5–109 hours.

*Frequency of Response:* Recordkeeping requirement; third party disclosure requirement.

*Obligation to Respond:* Required to obtain benefits. The statutory authority for this collection of information is contained in Sections 154(i), 303 and 308 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended.

*Total Annual Burden:* 1,831,706.

*Total Annual Cost:* None.

*Nature and Extent of Confidentiality:* There is no need for confidentiality with this collection of information.

*Privacy Impact Assessment:* No impact(s).

*Needs and Uses:* The information collection requirements that are apart of this collection and are being extended by the Commission are as follows:

47 CFR 73.3526(a) and 73.3527(a) require that licensees and permittees of commercial and noncommercial educational (NCE) broadcast stations maintain a local public inspection file. The contents of the file vary according to type of service and status. A separate file shall be maintained for each station for which an application is pending or for which an authorization is outstanding. The public inspection file must be maintained so long as an authorization to operate the station is outstanding.

47 CFR 73.3526(b) and 73.3527(b) require that the public inspection file be maintained at the main studio of the station. An applicant for a new station or change of community shall maintain its file at an accessible place in the proposed community of license or at its proposed main studio.

47 CFR 73.3526(c) and 73.3527(c) require the licensee/permittee to make the file available for public inspection at any time during regular business hours. All or part of this file may be maintained in a computer database as long as a computer terminal is made available to members of the public. Materials in the public file must be made available for review, printing or reproduction upon request.

Licensees that maintain their main studios and public file outside their communities of license are required to mail a copy of "The Public and Broadcasting" to anyone requesting a copy. Licensees shall be prepared to assist members of the public in identifying the documents they may want to be sent to them by mail.

47 CFR 73.3526(d) and 73.3527(d) require an assignor to maintain the public inspection file until such time as the assignment is consummated. At that time, the assignee is required to maintain the file.

Under rule sections 47 CFR 73.3526(e) and 73.3527(e) the contents of the public inspection files are specified. The documents to be retained in the public inspection files are as follows:

(a) A copy of the current FCC authorization to construct or operate the station, as well as any other documents necessary to reflect any modifications thereto or any conditions that the FCC has placed on the authorization;

(b) A copy of any application tendered for filing with the FCC, together with all related material, and copies of Initial Decision and Final Decisions in hearing cases. If petitions to deny are filed against the application, a statement that such a petition has been filed shall be maintained in the file together with the name and address of the party filing the petition;

(c) For commercial broadcast stations, a copy of every written citizen agreement;

(d) A copy of any service contour maps, submitted with any application, together with any other information in the application showing service contours and/or main studio and transmitter location;

(e) A copy of the most recent, complete Ownership Report (FCC Form 323) filed with the FCC for the station, together with any statements filed with the FCC certifying that the current Report is accurate;

(f) A political file of records required by 47 CFR 73.1943 concerning broadcasts by candidates for public office;

(g) An Equal Employment Opportunity File required by 47 CFR 73.2080;

(h) A copy of the most recent edition of the manual entitled "The Public and Broadcasting";

(i) For commercial broadcast stations, all written comments and suggestions (letters and electronic mail) received from the public regarding operation of the station;

(j) Material having a substantial bearing on a matter which is the subject of an FCC investigation or complaint to the FCC of which the applicant/permittee/licensee has been advised;

(k) For commercial radio and TV broadcast stations and non-exempt NCE broadcast stations, a list of programs that have provided the station's most significant treatment of community issues. This list is kept on a quarterly basis and contains a brief description of how each issue was treated;

For commercial TV broadcast stations, records sufficient to permit substantiation of the station's certification, in its license renewal application, of compliance with the commercial limits on children's television programming. The records must be placed in the public file quarterly. The FCC Form 398, Children's Television Programming Reports, reflecting efforts made by the licensee during the preceding quarter, and efforts planned for the next quarter, to serve the educational and informational needs of children must be placed in the public file quarterly;

(l) For Commercial radio stations, a list of community issues addressed by the station's programming. This list is kept on a quarterly basis and contains a brief description of how each issue was treated;

(m) For NCE stations, a list of donors supporting specific programs. The list is to be retained for two years from the date of the broadcast of the specific program supported, and will be reserved for sponsors/underwriters of specific programming;

(n) Each applicant for renewal of license shall place in the public file a statement certifying compliance with the pre-filing and post-filing local public notice announcements. These statements shall be placed in the public file within 7 days of the last day of broadcast;

(o) Commercial radio and TV licensees who provide programming to another licensee's station, pursuant to time brokerage agreements, are required to keep copies of those agreements in their public inspection files, with confidential information blocked out where appropriate; and

(p) Commercial TV stations must make an election between retransmission consent and must-carry

status once every three years. Television stations that fail to make an election will be deemed to have elected must-carry status. This statement must be placed in the station's public inspection file. This rule codifies Section 325(b)(3)(B) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended.

(q) NCE television stations requesting mandatory carriage on any cable system pursuant to 47 CFR 76.56 shall place in its public file the request and relevant correspondence.

(r) Commercial radio and TV licensees who have entered into joint sales agreements must place the agreements in the public inspection file, with confidential and propriety information blocked out where appropriate.

47 CFR 73.3526(e)(11)(iv) and 73.3527(e)(13) contain recordkeeping requirements for both full-power commercial (see § 73.3526(e)(11)(iv)) and noncommercial educational ("NCE") (see § 73.3527(e)(13)) TV broadcast stations (both analog and digital) for the contents of their public inspection files. Stations must retain in their public inspection file a copy of their FCC Form 388—DTV Consumer Education Quarterly Activity Report on a quarterly basis. The Report for each quarter is to be placed in the public inspection file by the tenth day of the succeeding calendar quarter. These Reports shall be retained in the public inspection file for one year. Broadcasters must publicize in an appropriate manner the existence and location of these Reports.

47 CFR 76.1701 and 73.1943 require every cable television system and licensees of broadcast stations to keep and permit public inspection of a complete record (political file) of all requests for cablecast time made by or on behalf of candidates for public office, together with an appropriate notation showing the disposition made by the system of such requests, and the charges made, if any, if the request is granted. The disposition includes the schedule of time purchased, when the spots actually aired, the rates charged, and the classes of time purchased. Also, when free time is provided for use by or on behalf of candidates, a record of the free time provided is to be placed in the political file as soon as possible and maintained for a period of two years. 47 CFR 76.1701 also requires that, when an entity sponsors origination cablecasting material that concerns a political matter or a discussion of a controversial issue of public importance, a list must be maintained in the public file of the system that includes the sponsoring entity's chief executive officers, or members of its executive committee or of its board of directors.

Federal Communications Commission.

**Marlene H. Dortch,**

*Secretary, Office of the Secretary, Office of Managing Director.*

[FR Doc. 2011-9251 Filed 4-15-11; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 6712-01-P**

## FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

[DA 10-2318 and DA 11-55]

### Emergency Access Advisory Committee; Announcement of Establishment, and of Members and Co-Chairpersons, and Announcement of Date of First Meeting

**AGENCY:** Federal Communications Commission.

**ACTION:** Notice; correction.

**SUMMARY:** The Federal Communication Commission published a document in the **Federal Register** on December 15, 2010 (75 FR 78244), announcing the establishment of the Emergency Access Advisory Committee (hereinafter “the Committee” or “EAAC”) pursuant to The Twenty-First Century Communications and Video Accessibility Act (“CVAA”), the date of the first meeting, and further announced the membership of the Committee. The Notice contained incorrect and/or omitted names of members or their affiliations and did not designate alternates.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Cheryl King, Consumer and Governmental Affairs Bureau, Federal Communications Commission, 202-418-2284 (voice), 202-418-0416 (TTY), or *Cheryl.King@fcc.gov* (e-mail).  
Correction

In the **Federal Register** of December 15, 2010, in FR Doc. 2010-31513, on page 78244, column 2, correct the last paragraph of the **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** caption to read:

The Chairman of the Commission is appointing thirty-four (34) members of the EAAC. Of this number, eleven (11) represent interests of persons with disabilities and researchers; seven (7) represent interests of communication service providers; six (6) represent interests of State and local emergency responders and emergency subject matter technologies; three (3) represent vendors, developers and manufacturers of systems, facilities and equipment; four(4) represent Federal agencies; and three (3) represent industry organizations. The EAAC’s membership is designed to be representative of the Commission’s many constituencies, and the diversity achieved ensures a balance among individuals with disabilities and other stakeholders, as required by the CVAA. All appointments are effective immediately and shall terminate

December 7, 2012, or when the Committee is terminated, whichever is earlier.

On page 78244, column 3, paragraph 2 and continuing on page 78245, column 1, paragraph 1, correct the list of appointed members of the EAAC to read:

The membership of the EAAC, designated by organization or affiliation as appropriate, is as follows:

- American Foundation for the Blind—Brad Hodges
- AT&T—Brian Daly, alternate Peter Musgrove
- Avaya Labs—Paul Michaelis, alternate Mark Fletcher
- Center for Public Safety Innovation/National Terrorism Preparedness Institute—Christopher Littlewood
- City of Los Angeles Department on Disability and National Emergency Number Association’s Accessibility Committee—Richard Ray
- Comcast Cable—Angel Arocho
- Communication Service for the Deaf—Alfred Sonnenstrahl
- CTIA, The Wireless Association—Matthew Gerst
- Fairfax County Emergency Management—Bruce McFarlane
- Gallaudet University—Norman Williams
- Hearing, Speech & Deafness Center—Donna Platt
- Intrado, Inc.—John Snapp
- Livingston Parrish (Louisiana) Communication District 911—Ronnie Cotton
- Microsoft—Bernard Aboba, alternate Laura Ruby
- National Association of the Deaf, Telecommunications for the Deaf, Inc. and NorCal Center for Deaf and Hard of Hearing—Sheri A. Farinha, alternate Claude Stout
- Omnitor—Gunnar Hellstrom
- Partners for Access, LLC—Joel Ziev
- Purple Communications—Mark Stern
- RealTime Text Task Force (R3TF)—Arnoud van Wijk
- Research in Motion (RIM)—Gregory Fields
- Speech Communication Assistance for the Telephone, Inc.—Rebecca Ladew
- Telecommunications Systems, Inc.—Don Mitchell
- Telecommunications Industry Association and the Mobile Manufacturers Forum—David J. Dzumba
- Time Warner Cable Communications—Martha (Marte) Kinder
- T-Mobile, 911 Policy—Jim Nixon
- Trace R&D Center, University of Wisconsin (IT&Tel-RERC)—Gregg Vanderheiden
- U.S. Department of Commerce, NIST—Douglas Montgomery

- U.S. Department of Homeland Security, Federal Emergency Management Agency—Marcie Roth
- U. S. Department of Justice, Civil Rights Division/DRS—Robert Mather
- U. S. Department of Transportation, NHTSA—Laurie Flaherty
- Verizon Communications—Kevin Green, alternate Susan Sherwood
- Vonage Holding Corp.—Brendan Kasper
- Washington Parish, LA Communications District—James Coleman

Dated: April 8, 2011.

Federal Communications Commission.

**Karen Peltz Strauss,**

*Deputy Chief, Consumer and Governmental Affairs Bureau.*

[FR Doc. 2011-9337 Filed 4-15-11; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 6712-01-P**

## FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

[DA 11-428]

### Twenty-First Century Communications and Video Programming Accessibility Act; Announcement of Town Hall Meeting

**AGENCY:** Federal Communications Commission.

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** In this document, the Commission announces that it held a Town Hall meeting on The Twenty-First Century Communications and Video Programming Accessibility Act (the Act or CVAA) hosted by the California State University at Northridge (CSUN). The Town Hall meeting provided an orientation to the Act, and discussed the advanced communications and video programming changes required by the Act.

**DATES:** The Town Hall meeting was held on Thursday, March 17th, 2011 from 9:20 a.m. to 11:40 a.m.

**ADDRESSES:** The Manchester Grand Hyatt Hotel, One Market Place, Room H-I, San Diego, CA 92101.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Pam Gregory, Consumer and Governmental Affairs Bureau, 202-418-2498 (voice), 202-418-1169 (TTY), or *Pam.Gregory@fcc.gov* (e-mail); or Jamal Mazrui, Wireline Competition Bureau, 202-418-0069, *Jamal.Mazrui@fcc.gov* (e-mail).

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** On October 8, 2010, President Obama signed The Twenty-First Century Communications and Video Programming Accessibility Act, Public