

commercial quantities in a timely manner in the United States or Peru. CITA submitted to the Office of Management and Budget (“OMB”) for Clearance its Interim Procedures requiring the collection of information under the emergency provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (“PRA”) (44 U.S.C. Chapter 35). In accordance with the PRA, CITA has estimated the “burden” (in number of hours) on the public to submit information required by CITA under its Interim Procedures. In a **Federal Register** notice published on July 31, 2009, (74 FR 38169), CITA solicited public comment on its estimated burden. CITA hereby provides the public further opportunity to provide comment on its estimates of the burden on the public to submit information to CITA under the Interim Procedures.

Estimate of Burden as a Result of Information Collection: Based on estimates on the number of Requests, Rebuttals and Responses filed per year, and the average amount of time required to submit a Request, Rebuttal, and Response, CITA estimates that the total annual burden to the public is 89 hours. A further breakdown of its estimates for the number of hours to collect and provide information to CITA for Requests, Responses and Rebuttals is provided in detail below.

Requests: CITA estimates that 10 Requests will be filed per year under the US-PERU TPA commercial availability provision. Based on the following activities required to submit a Request, CITA estimates that the total time to collect and present information in a Request is 8 hours, for a total of 80 hours per year.

Activity: Request	Time Required
Due Diligence	5 hours
Summarizing Due Diligence and Preparing Request	2 hours
Preparing Supporting Documentation	1 hour
Total Time per Request	8 hours
Times 10 Requests per Year	80 hours

Responses: CITA estimates that 3 Requests will be filed per year under the US-PERU TPA commercial availability provision. Based on the following activities required to submit a Request, CITA estimates that the total time to collect and present information in a Response is 2 hours, for a total of 6 hours per year.

Activity: Response	Time Required
Preparing Response	1 hours and 30 minutes
Preparing Supporting Documentation	30 minutes

Total Time per Response	2 hours
Times 3 Responses per Year	6 hours

Rebuttals: CITA estimates that 3 Rebuttals will be filed per year. The average amount of time required to prepare each Rebuttal is estimated at 1 hour, for a total annual burden for all Rebuttals of 3 hours.

Activity: Rebuttal	Time Required
Preparing Rebuttal	1 hour
Total Time per Response	1 hour
Times 3 Responses per Year	3 hours

Combined, these three information collections represent an annual burden of 89 hours. CITA hereby requests public comment on its estimates for the burden to the public to collect and submit information in the course of a commercial availability proceeding under Section 203(o) of the US-PERU TPA and the Interim Procedures provided above. Copies of the above estimate can be obtained by calling or writing Diana Hynek, Departmental Paperwork Clearance Officer, (202) 482-0266, Department of Commerce, Room 7845, 14th & Constitution Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20230 or via the Internet at DHynek@doc.gov. Written comments and recommendations for the estimate of the burden to the public should be sent to Wendy Liberante, OMB Desk Officer, via the Internet at Wendy.L.Liberante@omb.eop.gov or fax (202) 395-7285 by September 14, 2009.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no person is required to respond to, nor shall any person be subject to a penalty for failure to comply with a collection of information subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act unless that collection displays a currently valid OMB Control Number.

Janet E. Heinzen,

Acting Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements.

[FR Doc. E9-19559 Filed 8-13-09; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DS

COMMITTEE FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF TEXTILE AGREEMENTS

Request for Public Comment on Short Supply Petition under the North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA)

August 11, 2009.

AGENCY: Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements (CITA).

ACTION: Request for Public Comments concerning a request for modification of the NAFTA rules of origin for articles of apparel and clothing accessories, not knitted or crocheted made from certain yarn-dyed poplin fabric.

SUMMARY: On August 5, 2009, the Chairman of CITA received a request from Sorini Samet & Associates LLC, on behalf of Cintas Corporation (“Cintas”), alleging that certain yarn-dyed poplin fabric, as specified below, classified under subheading 5513.31 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS), cannot be supplied by the domestic industry in commercial quantities in a timely manner and requesting that CITA consider whether the North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA) rule of origin for articles of apparel and clothing accessories, not knitted or crocheted, classified under HTSUS Chapter 62, should be modified to allow the use of certain non-North American yarn-dyed poplin fabric, as specified below. The President may proclaim a modification to the NAFTA rules of origin only after reaching an agreement with the other NAFTA countries on the modification. CITA hereby solicits public comments on this request, in particular with regard to whether certain yarn-dyed poplin fabric, as specified below, can be supplied by the domestic industry in commercial quantities in a timely manner. Comments must be submitted by September 14, 2009 to the Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements, Room 3001, United States Department of Commerce, Washington, DC 20230.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Maria Dybczak, International Trade Specialist, Office of Textiles and Apparel, U.S. Department of Commerce, (202) 482-3651.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Authority: Section 204 of the Agricultural Act of 1956, as amended (7 USC 1854); Section 202(q) of the North American Free Trade Agreement Implementation Act (19 USC 3332(q)); Executive Order 11651 of March 3, 1972, as amended.

BACKGROUND:

Under the North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA), NAFTA countries are required to eliminate customs duties on textile and apparel goods that qualify as originating goods under the NAFTA rules of origin, which are set out in Annex 401 to the NAFTA. The NAFTA provides that the rules of origin for textile and apparel products may be amended through a subsequent agreement by the NAFTA countries. See

Section 202(q) of the NAFTA Implementation Act. In consultations regarding such a change, the NAFTA countries are to consider issues of availability of supply of fibers, yarns, or fabrics in the free trade area and whether domestic producers are capable of supplying commercial quantities of the good in a timely manner. The Statement of Administrative Action (SAA) that accompanied the NAFTA Implementation Act stated that any interested person may submit to CITA a request for a modification to a particular rule of origin based on a change in the availability in North America of a particular fiber, yarn or fabric and that the requesting party would bear the burden of demonstrating that a change is warranted. NAFTA Implementation Act, SAA, H. Doc. 103-159, Vol. 1, at 491 (1993). The SAA provides that CITA may make a recommendation to the President regarding a change to a rule of origin for a textile or apparel good. SAA at 491. The NAFTA Implementation Act provides the President with the authority to proclaim modifications to the NAFTA rules of origin as are necessary to implement an agreement with one or more NAFTA country on such a modification. See section 202(q) of the NAFTA Implementation Act.

CITA is soliciting public comments regarding this request, particularly with respect to whether the certain yarn-dyed poplin fabric, as specified below, can be supplied by the domestic industry in commercial quantities in a timely manner. Comments must be received no later than September 14, 2009.

Interested persons are invited to submit six copies of such comments or information to the Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements, Room 3100, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, DC 20230.

If a comment alleges that the specified yarn-dyed poplin fabric can be supplied by the domestic industry in commercial quantities in a timely manner, CITA will closely review any supporting documentation, such as a signed statement by a manufacturer stating that it produces the fabric that is the subject of the request, including the quantities that can be supplied and the time necessary to fill an order, as well as any relevant information regarding past production.

CITA will protect any business confidential information that is marked business confidential from disclosure to the full extent permitted by law. CITA will make available to the public non-confidential versions of the request and non-confidential versions of any public comments received with respect to a request in room 3001 in the Herbert Hoover Building, 14th and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, DC 20230. Persons submitting comments on a request are encouraged to include a non-confidential version and a non-confidential summary.

Specifications: Certain Poplin Fabric

HTSUS: 5513.31
Fabric Type: Yarn-Dyed Plaid Poplin
Fiber Content: 64-67% polyester, 33 to 36% cotton

Yarn Size:

Warp: Ring spun 49/1 to 53/1 metric; 64 to 67% polyester, 33 to 36% cotton
Filling: Ring spun 49/1 to 53/1 metric; 64 to 67% polyester, 33 to 36% cotton
Thread Count: 34.5 to 38 ends x 21 to 23 picks per centimeter
Weave Type: Plain
Fabric Weight: 127 to 140 grams per square meter
Fabric Width: 156 to 170 centimeters, cuttable
Coloration: Warp stripes, filling yarns dyed multiple colors
Finishing Process: Moisture management (see performance criteria), pre-cure permanent press, 10% mechanical stretch in filling direction
Performance Criteria: Moisture management test method is AATCC Test Method 79-2007, and the pass/fail standard is 10 seconds.

Janet E. Heinzen,

Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements.

[FR Doc. E9-19556 Filed 8-13-09; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DS

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

Antidumping or Countervailing Duty Order, Finding, or Suspended Investigation; Opportunity to Request Administrative Review

Correction

In notice document E9-18474, beginning on page 38397, in the issue of Monday, August 3, 2009, make the following correction:

On page 38398, at the end of the chart, in the section that reads “Countervailing Duty Proceedings,” the table is corrected to read as follows:

	Period
Countervailing Duty Proceedings	
Republic of Korea:	
Corrosion-Resistant Carbon Steel Plate C-580-818	1/1/08—12/31/08
Dynamic Random Access Memory Semiconductors C-580-851	1/1/08—8/10/08
Stainless Steel Sheet and Strip in Coils C-580-835	1/1/08—12/31/08
The People’s Republic of China:	
Laminated Woven Sacks C-570-917	12/3/07—12/31/08
Sodium Nitrite C-570-926	4/1/08—12/31/08
Light-Walled Rectangular Pipe and Tube C-570-915	11/30/07—12/31/08

[FR Doc. Z9-18474 Filed 8-13-09; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 1505-01-D

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

A-475-818

Certain Pasta From Italy: Notice of Final Results of Antidumping Duty Changed Circumstances Review and Revocation, in Part

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: On July 2, 2009, the Department of Commerce (“the Department”) published a notice of initiation and preliminary results of a changed circumstances review and intent to revoke, in part, the antidumping duty order of certain pasta from Italy.¹ The Department gave

¹ See *Certain Pasta from Italy: Initiation and Preliminary Results of Antidumping Duty Changed Circumstances Review, and Intent to Revoke Order in Part*, 74 FR 31696 (July 2, 2009) (“Preliminary Results”).