written request not to accept the Agreement within fifteen (15) calendar days, the Agreement shall be deemed finally accepted on the sixteenth (16th) calendar day after the date it is published in the **Federal Register**.

19. Upon the Commission's final acceptance of the Agreement and issuance of the final Order, Brents-Riordan knowingly, voluntarily, and completely waives any rights it may have regarding the Staff's allegations to the following: (1) An administrative or judicial hearing; (2) judicial review or other challenge or contest of the validity of the Order or of the Commission's actions; (3) a determination by the Commission of whether Brents-Riordan failed to comply with the CPSA and its underlying regulations; (4) a statement of findings of fact and conclusions of law; and (5) any claims under the Equal Access to Justice Act.

20. The Commission may publicize the terms of the Agreement and the Order.

21. The Agreement and the Order shall apply to, and be binding upon, Brents-Riordan and each of its successors and assigns.

22. The Commission issues the Order under the provisions of the CPSA, and violation of the Order may subject those referenced in paragraph 21 to appropriate legal action.

23. The Agreement may be used in interpreting the Order. Understandings, agreements, representations, or interpretations apart from those contained in the Agreement and the Order may not be used to vary or contradict their terms. The Agreement shall not be waived, amended, modified, or otherwise altered without written agreement thereto executed by the party against whom such waiver, amendment, modification, or alteration is sought to be enforced.

24. If any provision of the Agreement and the Order is held to be illegal, invalid, or unenforceable under present or future laws effective during the terms of the Agreement and the Order, such provision shall be fully severable. The balance of the Agreement and the Order shall remain in full force and effect, unless the Commission and Brents-Riordan agree that severing the provision materially affects the purpose of the Agreement and the Order.

BRENTS-RIORDAN CO., LLC.

Dated: January 19, 2009. By:

Michael Riordan,

Managing Member, Brents-Riordan Co., LLC, 9151 Youree Drive, Shreveport, LA 71115.

Dated: January 19, 2009.

By:

Michael E. Powell, III, Esquire,

Counsel for Respondent Brents-Riordan, LLC, 6425 Youree Drive, Suite 440, Shreveport, LA 71105.

U.S. CONSUMER PRODUCT SAFETY COMMISSION.

Cheryl A. Falvey,

General Counsel. Ronald G. Yelenik,

Assistant General Counsel, Office of the General Counsel.

Dated: January 28, 2009.

Dennis C. Kacoyanis, Trial Attorney, Division of Compliance, Office of the General Counsel.

Order

Upon consideration of the Settlement Agreement entered into between Brents-Riordan Co., LLC ("Brents-Riordan") and the U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission ("Commission") staff, and the Commission having jurisdiction over the subject matter and over Brents-Riordan, and it appearing that the Settlement Agreement and the Order are in the public interest, it is Ordered, that the Settlement Agreement be, and hereby is, accepted; and it is

Further ordered, that Brents-Riordan shall pay a civil penalty in the amount of thirty-five thousand dollars (\$35,000.00) within twenty (20) calendar days of service of the Commission's final Order accepting the Agreement. The payment shall be by check payable to the order of the United States Treasury. Upon the failure of Brents-Riordan to make the foregoing payment when due, interest on the unpaid amount shall accrue and be paid by Brents-Riordan at the federal legal rate of interest set forth at 28 U.S.C. 1961(a) and (b).

Provisionally accepted and provisional Order issued on the 8th day of April, 2009. BY ORDER OF THE COMMISSION.

Todd A. Stevenson, Secretary, U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission.

[FR Doc. E9–8708 Filed 4–15–09; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6355–01–P

CONSUMER PRODUCT SAFETY COMMISSION

[CPSC Docket No. 09-C0005]

Bob's Stores Corp., Provisional Acceptance of a Settlement Agreement and Order

AGENCY: Consumer Product Safety Commission.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: It is the policy of the Commission to publish settlements

which it provisionally accepts under the Consumer Product Safety Act in the **Federal Register** in accordance with the terms of 16 CFR 1118.20(e). Published below is a provisionally accepted Settlement Agreement with Bob's Stores Corp., containing a civil penalty of \$55,000.00.

DATES: Any interested person may ask the Commission not to accept this agreement or otherwise comment on its contents by filing a written request with the Office of the Secretary by May 1, 2009.

ADDRESSES: Persons wishing to comment on this Settlement Agreement should send written comments to the Comment 09–C0005, Office of the Secretary, Consumer Product Safety Commission, 4330 East West Highway, Room 502, Bethesda, Maryland 20814–4408.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Seth B. Popkin, Lead Trial Attorney, Division of Compliance, Office of the General Counsel, Consumer Product Safety Commission, 4330 East West Highway, Bethesda, Maryland 20814–4408; telephone (301) 504–7612.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The text of the Agreement and Order appears below.

April 9, 2009.

Todd A. Stevenson,

Secretary.

Settlement Agreement

1. In accordance with 16 CFR 1118.20, Bob's Stores Corp. ("Bob's") and the staff ("Staff") of the United States Consumer Product Safety Commission ("Commission") enter into this Settlement Agreement ("Agreement"). The Agreement and the incorporated attached Order ("Order") settle the Staff's allegations set forth below.

Parties

- 2. The Commission is an independent federal regulatory agency established pursuant to, and responsible for the enforcement of, the Consumer Product Safety Act, 15 U.S.C.2051—2089 ("CPSA").
- 3. Bob's is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of New Hampshire, with its principal offices located in Meriden, Connecticut. At all times relevant hereto, Bob's sold apparel.

Staff Allegations

4. From August to December, 2007, Bob's held for sale and/or sold various quantities of the following children's upper outerwear products with drawstrings at the hood or neck: Scope

Imports boys' hooded sweatshirts; and Earth Products Adio Champ Custom boys' hooded zip fleece sweatshirts (collectively referred to herein as "Sweatshirts"). These Sweatshirts identifications correspond to and are coextensive with information Bob's reported to the Staff about the Sweatshirts.

- 5. Bob's sold Sweatshirts to consumers.
- 6. The Sweatshirts are "consumer product[s]," and, at all times relevant hereto, Bob's was a "retailer" of those consumer products, which were "distributed in commerce," as those terms are defined in CPSA sections 3(a)(5), (8), and (13), 15 U.S.C. 2052(a)(5), (8), and (13).
- 7. In February 1996, the Staff issued the Guidelines for Drawstrings on Children's Upper Outerwear ("Guidelines") to help prevent children from strangling or entangling on neck and waist drawstrings. The Guidelines state that drawstrings can cause, and have caused, injuries and deaths when they catch on items such as playground equipment, bus doors, or cribs. In the Guidelines, the Staff recommends that there be no hood and neck drawstrings in children's upper outerwear sized 2T to 12.
- 8. In June 1997, ASTM adopted a voluntary standard, ASTM F1816–97, that incorporated the Guidelines. The Guidelines state that firms should be aware of the hazards and should be sure garments they sell conform to the voluntary standard.
- 9. On May 19, 2006, the Commission posted on its Web site a letter from the Commission's Director of the Office of Compliance to manufacturers, importers, and retailers of children's upper outerwear. The letter urges them to make certain that all children's upper outerwear sold in the United States complies with ASTM F1816-97. The letter states that the Staff considers children's upper outerwear with drawstrings at the hood or neck area to be defective and to present a substantial risk of injury to young children under Federal Hazardous Substances Act ("FHSA") section 15(c), 15 U.S.C. 1274(c). The letter also notes the CPSA's section 15(b) reporting requirements.
- 10. Bob's informed the Commission that there had been no incidents or injuries from the Sweatshirts.
- 11. Bob's distribution in commerce of the Sweatshirts did not meet the Guidelines or ASTM F1816–97, failed to comport with the Staff's May 2006 defect notice, and posed a strangulation hazard to children.

- 12. After distribution in commerce, recalls were announced regarding the Sweatshirts.
- 13. Bob's had presumed an actual knowledge that the Sweatshirts distributed in commerce posed a strangulation hazard and presented a substantial risk of injury to children under FHSA section 15(c)(1), 15 U.S.C. 1274(c)(1). Bob's had obtained information that reasonably supported the conclusion that the Sweatshirts contained a defect that could create a substantial product hazard or that they created an unreasonable risk of serious injury or death. CPSA sections 15(b)(3) and (4), 15 U.S.C. 2064(b)(3) and (4), required Bob's to immediately inform the Commission of the defect and risk.
- 14. Bob's knowingly failed to immediately inform the Commission about the Sweatshirts as required by CPSA sections 15(b)(3) and (4), 15 U.S.C. 2064(b)(3) and (4), and as the term "knowingly" is defined in CPSA section 20(d), 15 U.S.C. 2069(d). This failure violated CPSA section 19(a)(4), 15 U.S.C. 2068(a)(4). Pursuant to CPSA section 20, 15 U.S.C. 2069, this failure subjected Bob's to civil penalties.

Bob's Response

- 15. Bob's denies the Staff's allegations set forth above, including, but not limited to, any allegation that Bob's failed timely to notify the Commission in accordance with section 15 of the CPSA.
- 16. Bob's requires that its vendors represent and warrant that all products sold to Bob's comply with all applicable regulations, standards and requirements.
- 17. Bob's promptly notified the Commission pursuant to section 15 of the CPSA without first being contacted by the Commission upon verifying that certain garments contained drawstrings at the hood or neck.
- 18. Bob's fully cooperated with the Commission in providing information necessary for the Commission to determine, with the vendor, whether a recall was warranted and whether the vendor had sold affected garments to any other retailers.
- 19. Bob's has entered into the Agreement for settlement purposes only, to avoid incurring additional expenses and the distraction of litigation. The Agreement and Order do not constitute and are not evidence of any fault or wrongdoing by Bob's.

Agreement of the Parties

20. Under the CPSA, the Commission has jurisdiction over this matter and over Bob's.

- 21. The parties enter into the Agreement for settlement purposes only. The Agreement does not constitute an admission by Bob's, or a determination by the Commission, that Bob's knowingly violated the CPSA.
- 22. In settlement of the Staff's allegations, Bob's shall pay a civil penalty in the amount of fifty-five thousand dollars (\$55,000.00) within twenty (20) calendar days of service of the Commission's final Order accepting the Agreement. The payment shall be by check payable to the order of the United States Treasury.
- 23. Upon provisional acceptance of the Agreement, the Agreement shall be placed on the public record and published in the **Federal Register** in accordance with the procedures set forth in 16 CFR 1118.20(e). In accordance with 16 CFR 1118.20(f), if the Commission does not receive any written request not to accept the Agreement within fifteen (15) calendar days, the Agreement shall be deemed finally accepted on the sixteenth (16th) calendar day after the date it is published in the **Federal Register**.
- 24. Upon the Commission's final acceptance of the Agreement and issuance of the final Order, Bob's knowingly, voluntarily, and completely waives any rights it may have in this matter to the following: (1) An administrative or judicial hearing; (2) judicial review or other challenge or contest of the validity of the Order or of the Commission's actions; (3) a determination by the Commission of whether Bob's failed to comply with the CPSA and its underlying regulations; (4) a statement of findings of fact and conclusions of law; and (5) any claims under the Equal Access to Justice Act.
- 25. The Commission may publicize the terms of the Agreement and the Order.
- 26. The Agreement and the Order shall apply to, and be binding upon, Bob's and each of its successors and assigns.
- 27. The Commission issues the Order under the provisions of the CPSA, and violation of the Order may subject Bob's to appropriate legal action.
- 28. The Agreement may be used in interpreting the Order. Understandings, agreements, representations, or interpretations apart from those contained in the Agreement and the Order may not be used to vary or contradict their terms. The Agreement shall not be waived, amended, modified, or otherwise altered without written agreement thereto executed by the party against whom such waiver, amendment, modification, or alteration is sought to be enforced.

29. If any provision of the Agreement and the Order is held to be illegal, invalid, or unenforceable under present or future laws effective during the terms of the Agreement and the Order, such provision shall be fully severable. The balance of the Agreement and the Order shall remain in full force and effect, unless the Commission and Bob's agree that severing the provision materially affects the purpose of the Agreement and the Order.

Bob's Stores Corp.

Dated: March 2, 2009.

By:

Kelly Toussaint,

President, Bob's Stores Corp., 160 Corporate Court, Meriden, CT 06450.

Dated: March 5, 2009.

By:

Eric A. Rubel, Esq.,

Arnold & Porter LLP, 555 12th Street, NW., Washington, DC 20004–1206, Counsel for Bob's Stores Corp.

U.S. CONSUMER PRODUCT SAFETY COMMISSION STAFF.

Cheryl A. Falvey,

General Counsel.

Ronald G. Yelenik,

Assistant General Counsel, Division of Compliance, Office of the General Counsel.

Dated: March 6, 2009.

By:

Seth B. Popkin,

Lead Trial Attorney, Division of Compliance, Office of the General Counsel.

Order

Upon consideration of the Settlement Agreement entered into between Bob's Stores Corp. ("Bob's") and the U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission ("Commission") staff, and the Commission having jurisdiction over the subject matter and over Bob's, and it appearing that the Settlement Agreement and the Order are in the public interest, it is

Ordered, that the Settlement Agreement be, and hereby is, accepted; and it is

Further ordered, that Bob's shall pay a civil penalty in the amount of fifty-five thousand dollars (\$55,000.00) within twenty (20) calendar days of service of the Commission's final Order accepting the Agreement. The payment shall be made by check payable to the order of the United States Treasury. Upon the failure of Bob's to make the foregoing payment when due, interest on the unpaid amount shall accrue and be paid by Bob's at the federal legal rate of interest set forth at 28 U.S.C. 1961(a) and (b).

Provisionally accepted and provisional Order issued on the 8th day of April, 2009. BY ORDER OF THE COMMISSION. Todd A. Stevenson,

Secretary, U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission.

[FR Doc. E9–8727 Filed 4–15–09; 8:45 am]

CONSUMER PRODUCT SAFETY COMMISSION

[CPSC Docket No. 09-C0008]

Retco, Inc., Provisional Acceptance of a Settlement Agreement and Order

AGENCY: Consumer Product Safety Commission.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: It is the policy of the Commission to publish settlements which it provisionally accepts under the Consumer Product Safety Act in the Federal Register in accordance with the terms of 16 CFR 1118.20(e). Published below is a provisionally-accepted Settlement Agreement with Retco, Inc., containing a civil penalty of \$45,000.00.

DATES: Any interested person may ask the Commission not to accept this agreement or otherwise comment on its contents by filing a written request with the Office of the Secretary by May 1, 2009.

ADDRESSES: Persons wishing to comment on this Settlement Agreement should send written comments to the Comment 09–C0008, Office of the Secretary, Consumer Product Safety Commission, 4330 East West Highway, Room 502, Bethesda, Maryland 20814–4408.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Renee K. Haslett, Trial Attorney, Division of Compliance, Office of the General Counsel, Consumer Product Safety Commission, 4330 East West Highway, Bethesda, Maryland 20814– 4408; telephone (301) 504–7673.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The text of the Agreement and Order appears below.

Dated: April 9, 2009.

Todd A. Stevenson, *Secretary.*

Settlement Agreement

1. In accordance with 16 CFR 1118.20, Retco Inc. ("Retco") and the staff ("Staff") of the United States Consumer Product Safety Commission ("Commission") enter into this Settlement Agreement ("Agreement"). The Agreement and the incorporated attached Order ("Order") settle the Staff's allegations set forth below.

Parties

- 2. The Commission is an independent federal regulatory agency established pursuant to, and responsible for the enforcement of, the Consumer Product Safety Act, 15 U.S.C. 2051–2089 ("CPSA").
- 3. Retco is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of Colorado, with its principal offices located in Breckenridge, Colorado. At all times relevant hereto, Retco sold apparel.

Staff Allegations

- 4. From at least September 2005 to May 2008, Retco held for sale and/or sold children's hooded sweatshirts and jackets with drawstrings at the hood or neck, which were later recalled on August 28, 2008 ("Garments").
 - Retco sold Garments to consumers.
- 6. The Garments are "consumer product[s]," and, at all times relevant hereto, Retco was a "retailer" of those consumer products, which were "distributed in commerce," as those terms are defined in CPSA sections 3(a)(5), (8), and (13), 15 U.S.C. 2052(a)(5), (8), and (13).
- 7. In February 1996, the Staff issued the Guidelines for Drawstrings on Children's Upper Outerwear ("Guidelines") to help prevent children from strangling or entangling on neck and waist drawstrings. The Guidelines state that drawstrings can cause, and have caused, injuries and deaths when they catch on items such as playground equipment, bus doors, or cribs. In the Guidelines, the Staff recommends that there be no hood and neck drawstrings in children's upper outerwear sized 2T to 12.
- 8. In June 1997, ASTM adopted a voluntary standard, ASTM F1816–97, that incorporated the Guidelines. The Guidelines state that firms should be aware of the hazards and should be sure garments they sell conform to the voluntary standard.
- 9. On May 19, 2006, the Commission posted on its Web site a letter from the Commission's Director of the Office of Compliance to manufacturers, importers, and retailers of children's upper outerwear. The letter urges them to make certain that all children's upper outerwear sold in the United States complies with ASTM F1816-97. The letter states that the Staff considers children's upper outerwear with drawstrings at the hood or neck area to be defective and to present a substantial risk of injury to young children under Federal Hazardous Substances Act ("FHSA") section 15(c), 15 U.S.C. 1274(c). The letter also notes the CPSA's section 15(b) reporting requirements.