

Because virtually all funds extant have now adopted audit committee charters, the annual one-time collection of information burden associated with adopting audit committee charters is limited to the burden incurred by newly established funds. Commission staff estimates that fund sponsors establish approximately 153 new funds each year,⁶ and that all of these funds will adopt an audit committee charter in order to rely on rule 32a-4. Thus, Commission staff estimates that the annual one-time hour burden associated with adopting an audit committee charter under rule 32a-4 going forward will be approximately 459 hours.⁷

As noted above, all funds that rely on rule 32a-4 are subject to the ongoing collection of information requirement to preserve a copy of the charter in an easily accessible place. This ongoing requirement, which Commission staff has estimated has no hourly burden, applies to all funds that have adopted an audit committee charter and continue to maintain it.

When funds adopt an audit committee charter in order to rely on rule 32a-4, they also may incur one-time costs related to hiring outside counsel to prepare the charter. Commission staff estimates that those costs average approximately \$1000 per fund.⁸ Commission staff understands that virtually all funds now rely on rule 32a-4 and have adopted audit committee charters, and thus estimates that the annual cost burden related to hiring outside legal counsel is limited to newly established funds.

As noted above, Commission staff estimates that approximately 153 new funds each year will adopt an audit committee charter in order to rely on rule 32a-4. Thus, Commission staff estimates that the ongoing annual cost burden associated with rule 32a-4 in

107-204, 116 Stat. 745) and other developments. However, the costs associated with these revisions are not attributable to the requirements of rule 32a-4.

⁶ This estimate is based on the number of Form N-8As filed from January 2005 through December 2007.

⁷ This estimate is based on the following calculation: (3.0 burden hours for establishing charter × 153 new funds = 459 burden hours).

⁸ Costs may vary based on the individual needs of each fund. However, based on the staff's conversations with outside counsel that prepare these charters, legal fees related to the preparation and adoption of an audit committee charter usually average \$1000 or less. The Commission also understands that the ICI has prepared a model audit committee charter, which most legal professionals use when establishing audit committees, thereby reducing the costs associated with drafting a charter.

the future will be approximately \$153,000.⁹

The estimates of average burden hours and costs are made solely for the purposes of the Paperwork Reduction Act, and are not derived from a comprehensive or even a representative survey or study of the costs of Commission rules and forms.

The collections of information required by rule 32a-4 are necessary to obtain the benefits of the rule. The Commission is seeking OMB approval, because an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid control number.

Please direct general comments regarding the above information to the following persons: (i) Desk Officer for the Securities and Exchange Commission, Office of Management and Budget, Room 10102, New Executive Office Building, Washington, DC 20503 or e-mail to: nfraser@omb.eop.gov; and (ii) Lewis W. Walker, Acting Director/CIO, Securities and Exchange Commission, c/o Shirley Martinson, 6432 General Green Way, Alexandria, VA 22312; or send an e-mail to: PRA_Mailbox@sec.gov. Comments must be submitted to OMB within 30 days of this notice.

Dated: November 10, 2008.

Florence E. Harmon,

Acting Secretary.

[FR Doc. E8-27241 Filed 11-14-08; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8011-01-P

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Investment Company Act Release No. 28484; 813-365]

Wortham Finance, L.P. et al.; Notice of Application

November 10, 2008.

AGENCY: Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission").

ACTION: Notice of an application for an order under sections 6(b) and 6(e) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the "Act") granting an exemption from all provisions of the Act, except section 9 and sections 36 through 53, and the rules and regulations under the Act. With respect to sections 17 and 30 of the Act, and the rules and regulations thereunder, and rule 38a-1 under the Act, the exemption is limited as set forth in the application.

⁹ This estimate is based on the following calculations: (\$1000 cost of adopting charter × 153 newly established funds = \$153,000).

SUMMARY OF THE APPLICATION:

Applicants request an order to exempt a vehicle formed for the benefit of certain eligible current employees of John L. Wortham & Son, L.P. ("Insurance LP") from certain provisions of the Act. The vehicle will be an "employees' securities company" as defined in section 2(a)(13) of the Act.

APPLICANTS: Wortham Finance, L.P. ("Finance LP"), JLW Finance, LLC ("Finance GP"), J. Wortham, LLC ("Insurance GP") and Insurance LP (together with any business organization that results solely from a reorganization of Insurance LP into a different organizational structure or into an entity organized under the laws of another jurisdiction, "Insurance LP"). Insurance LP, Finance LP, Finance GP and Insurance GP are collectively referred to herein as the "Firm".

FILING DATES: The application was filed on April 10, 2007 and amended on December 5, 2007 and October 30, 2008.

HEARING OR NOTIFICATION OF HEARING: An order granting the application will be issued unless the Commission orders a hearing. Interested persons may request a hearing by writing to the Commission's Secretary and serving applicants with a copy of the request, personally or by mail. Hearing requests should be received by the Commission by 5:30 p.m. on December 8, 2008 and should be accompanied by proof of service on applicants, in the form of an affidavit or, for lawyers, a certificate of service. Hearing requests should state the nature of the writer's interest, the reason for the request, and the issues contested. Persons who wish to be notified of a hearing may request notification by writing to the Commission's Secretary.

ADDRESSES: Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F St., NE., Washington, DC 20549-1090. Applicants, 2727 Allen Parkway, Suite 2400, Houston, Texas 77109-2115.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Shannon Conaty, Senior Counsel, at (202) 551-6827, or Janet M. Grossnickle, Assistant Director, at (202) 551-6821, (Division of Investment Management, Office of Investment Company Regulation).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The following is a summary of the application. The complete application may be obtained for a fee at the Commission's Public Reference Room, 100 F St., NE., Washington, DC 20549-1520 (tel. 202-551-5850).

Applicants' Representations

1. Founded in 1915, Insurance LP, a Texas limited partnership, is the largest

independent insurance broker in Texas with headquarters in Houston and offices in Addison, Austin, Dallas, Fort Worth and San Antonio. Insurance LP offers a comprehensive portfolio of services, including insurance brokerage, claims management, loss control, risk management consulting, personal life insurance and employee benefits to public and private companies, professional practices and individuals engaged in an extensive range of industries. Since its inception, Insurance LP has been an independent, privately-owned entity. In 1965, Insurance LP was purchased from its founders, Gus Wortham and other selling founders, by a new generation of partners, thus beginning a cyclical succession of ownership that continues today. Prior to December 1, 2003, when an Insurance LP partner sold all or a portion of his or her partnership interest in Insurance LP, the Insurance LP Executive Committee (as defined below) designated either a new or existing partner to buy such interest. On December 1, 2003, Insurance LP was restructured and two new limited partnerships were formed, Insurance LP and Finance LP.

2. Insurance LP conducts the traditional insurance business of the Firm while Finance LP buys and sells ownership interests in the Firm. The two new limited partnerships, and the corresponding limited liability companies created to be the general partners of such limited partnerships, Insurance GP and Finance GP, are owned directly or indirectly by each equity partner of the Firm in the same proportion as their pre-restructuring ownership in Insurance LP. Limited partnership interests in Insurance LP and membership interests in Insurance GP may only be transferred together (such interests, the "Insurance Units"). Limited partnership interests in Finance LP and membership interests in Finance GP may only be transferred together (such interests, the "Finance Units", and together with the Insurance Units, "Units").

3. Finance LP is a Texas limited partnership. Finance LP operates as a non-diversified, closed-end management investment company. Finance LP has been established to facilitate the purchase or sale of Units. Finance GP, a Texas limited liability company, serves as the sole general partner of Finance LP. Finance GP has delegated all management functions for Finance LP to an executive committee (the "Finance GP Executive Committee") composed of managing members of Finance GP elected by a majority of the individuals and entities

which currently own Units ("Unitholders"). Insurance GP, a Texas limited liability company, serves as the sole general partner of Insurance LP. Insurance GP has delegated all management functions for Insurance LP to an executive committee (the "Insurance GP Executive Committee") composed of managing members of Insurance GP elected by a majority of the Unitholders. All the members of the Finance GP Executive Committee and the Insurance GP Executive Committee are Unitholders. The Finance GP Executive Committee will be the sole manager of Finance LP and make all investment and other operational decisions for Finance LP. Finance GP or any person involved in the operation of Finance LP will register as an investment adviser if required under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 ("Advisers Act"), or the rules under it.

4. Unitholders and Eligible Unitholders (as defined below) are required to buy and sell their Insurance Units and Finance Units simultaneously. Finance LP is responsible for (a) purchasing Units from Unitholders, (b) issuing its own promissory notes for such purchases, (c) selling Units acquired by it to Eligible Unitholders, (d) accepting promissory notes from Eligible Unitholders purchasing Units, (e) holding and managing investments in certain marketable securities and other assets, and (f) handling the administration of such activities.

5. Units will be offered without registration in reliance on section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933 (the "Securities Act") or Regulation D under the Securities Act, and will be offered solely to Eligible Unitholders. Eligible Unitholders must be (a) persons who are, at the time of investment, current employees of Insurance LP ("Wortham Employees") but who are not yet Unitholders, (b) persons who are, at the time of investment, current Wortham Employees and who are Unitholders, (c) persons who are highly-experienced individual insurance professionals who laterally join Insurance LP ("Lateral Partners"), or (d) a limited partnership, corporation or other business entity all of the voting power of which is controlled by such Lateral Partners ("Lateral Partner Investment Vehicle"). In order for a Lateral Partner Investment Vehicle to be an "Eligible Unitholder", it must qualify as either (a) an accredited investor as defined in rule 501(a) of Regulation D or (b) an entity for which a Lateral Partner is a settlor and principal investment decision-

maker.¹ In order for a Wortham Employee or Lateral Partner to qualify as an "Eligible Unitholder", that person must be a person who is, at the time of investment, a current Wortham Employee or Lateral Partner who (a) meets the standards of an "accredited investor" set forth in rule 501(a)(5) or rule 501(a)(6) of Regulation D under the Securities Act, or (b) is one of 35 or fewer current Wortham Employees or Lateral Partners who meets certain requirements ("Category 2 investors").

6. Each Category 2 investor will be a current Wortham Employee or Lateral Partner, who meets the sophistication requirements set forth in rule 506(b)(2)(ii) of Regulation D under the Securities Act and who (a) has a college education and/or has had a minimum of five years of business and/or professional experience in the insurance and risk management industries, and (b) has had compensation of at least \$80,000 in the preceding 12 month period, and has a reasonable expectation of compensation of at least \$140,000 in each of the two immediately succeeding 12 month periods.

7. Prior to offering Units to an individual, the Insurance GP Executive Committee and the Finance GP Executive Committee must reasonably believe that the individual is a sophisticated investor capable of understanding and evaluating the risks of investing in the Firm without the benefit of regulatory safeguards.

8. Finance LP is a financing vehicle intended to create an opportunity for Eligible Unitholders to become owners in the Firm when they might not have otherwise been able to make immediate full payment of the purchase price of the Units. Eligible Unitholders who are individuals acquire Units by executing a non-recourse 10-year promissory note bearing interest at prime rate (but not exceeding 10%) to Finance LP in a face amount equal to (i) a fixed formula price calculated monthly for the Insurance Units (as determined in accordance with the terms of the Insurance Units transfer agreement) multiplied by the total number of Insurance Units purchased and sold plus (ii) a fixed formula price calculated monthly for the Finance Units (as determined in accordance with the terms of the Finance Units transfer agreement) multiplied by the total number of Finance Units purchased and sold (together, the "Formula Price"). Eligible Unitholders that are S corporations contribute their net

¹ If a Lateral Partner Investment Vehicle is an entity other than a trust, the reference to "settlor" shall be construed to mean a person who created the vehicle, alone or together with others, and who contributed funds or other assets to the vehicle.

insurance brokerage business assets as tax-free contributions to Insurance LP in exchange for newly issued Units and execute 10-year promissory notes for any shortfall in their pro-rata share of the combined equity in the Firm.

9. Each selling Unitholder currently receives a non-recourse 10-year prime rate (not to exceed 10%) bearing promissory note in an amount equal to the Formula Price for the number of Units sold. Through a credit facility with a local financial institution (the "Credit Facility"), Finance LP provides letter of credit enhanced promissory notes to selling Unitholders in exchange for their Units. All promissory notes for Eligible Unitholders contain a prepayment provision exercisable at the option of Finance LP. On rare occasions, cash is paid for the Units acquired from selling Unitholders.

10. To secure full and complete payment and performance of the obligations under the Credit Facility, Finance LP must grant the lender a first priority security interest in certain collateral held by Finance LP. Such collateral is comprised of a portfolio consisting of high quality fixed income securities, including municipal bonds (rated AA or better) and U.S. Treasury and Agency securities (rated AAA), and registered money market funds operating in compliance with rule 2a-7. The Finance GP Executive Committee selects one or more investment advisers registered under the Advisers Act to manage Finance LP's portfolio based on such adviser's overall level of professional experience and its conservative value preservation strategies. Neither the Credit Facility nor any other borrowing by Finance LP from a bank or other financial institution would cause any person not named in section 2(a)(13) of the Act to own outstanding securities of Finance LP (other than short-term paper). Any borrowings by Finance LP will be non-recourse other than to the Firm.

11. The terms of the Units will be fully disclosed in the private placement memorandum of the Firm, and each Eligible Unitholder will receive a private placement memorandum, Finance LP's limited partnership agreement and Insurance LP's limited partnership agreement (or other organizational documents) prior to his or her investment in the Units. Finance GP will send Unitholders annual reports of the Firm, which will contain audited financial statements, as soon as practicable after the end of each fiscal year, but no later than 180 days after the fiscal year end. In addition, as soon as practicable after the end of each fiscal year of the Firm, Finance GP shall send

a report to each person who was a Unitholder at any time during the fiscal year then ended, setting forth such tax information as shall be necessary for the preparation by the Unitholder of his or her federal and state income tax returns and a report of the investment activities of Finance LP during such year.

12. Unitholders will be permitted to transfer Units only by operation of law, to a receiver or trustee in bankruptcy for that Unitholder, to the Unitholder's estate in the event of his or her death, or with the express consent of both the Insurance GP Executive Committee and the Finance GP Executive Committee. No person may become a transferee or substitute Unitholder unless that person is a member of one of the classes of persons listed in section 2(a)(13) of the Act, except that a legal representative or executor may hold Units in order to settle the estate of a decedent or bankrupt or for similar purposes. No fee of any kind will be charged in connection with the sale of Units.

13. No separate management fee will be charged to Finance LP by Finance GP, and no compensation will be paid by Finance LP or by Unitholders to Finance GP for its services.

14. Finance LP will not acquire any security issued by a registered investment company if immediately after the acquisition Finance LP would own more than 3% of the outstanding voting stock of the registered investment company.

Applicants' Legal Analysis

1. Section 6(b) of the Act provides, in part, that the Commission may exempt employees' securities companies from the provisions of the Act to the extent that the exemption is consistent with the protection of investors. Section 6(b) provides that the Commission will consider, in determining the provisions of the Act from which the company should be exempt, the company's form of organization and capital structure, the persons owning and controlling its securities, the price of the company's securities and the amount of any sales load, how the company's funds are invested, and the relationship between the company and the issuers of the securities in which it invests. Section 2(a)(13) defines an employees' securities company as any investment company all of whose securities (other than short-term paper) are beneficially owned (a) by current or former employees, or persons on retainer, of one or more affiliated employers, (b) by immediate family members of such persons, or (c) by such employer or employers together with any of the persons in (a) or (b).

2. Section 7 of the Act generally prohibits investment companies that are not registered under section 8 of the Act from selling or redeeming their securities. Section 6(e) provides that, in connection with any order exempting an investment company from any provision of section 7, certain provisions of the Act, as specified by the Commission, will be applicable to the company and other persons dealing with the company as though the company were registered under the Act. Applicants request an order under sections 6(b) and 6(e) of the Act exempting Finance LP from all provisions of the Act, except section 9 and sections 36 through 53, and the rules and regulations under the Act. With respect to sections 17 and 30 of the Act, and the rules and regulations thereunder, and rule 38a-1 under the Act, the exemption is limited as set forth in the application.

3. Section 17(a) generally prohibits any affiliated person of a registered investment company, or any affiliated person of an affiliated person, acting as principal, from knowingly selling or purchasing any security or other property to or from the company. Applicants request an exemption from section 17(a) to the extent necessary permit Finance LP to: (a) Purchase, from the Firm or any affiliated person thereof, Units for the account of the Firm or any affiliated person thereof; or (b) sell, to the Firm or any affiliated person thereof, Units previously acquired by Finance LP.

4. Applicants state that an exemption from section 17(a) is consistent with the protection of investors and the purposes of the Act. Applicants state that Unitholders will be informed in the Firm's private placement memorandum of the possible extent of Finance LP's dealings with the Firm or any affiliated person thereof. Applicants also state that, as financially sophisticated professionals, Unitholders will be able to evaluate the attendant risks. Applicants assert that the community of interest among Unitholders and the Firm will provide the best protection against any risk of abuse.

5. Section 17(f) of the Act designates the entities that may act as investment company custodians, and rule 17f-2 allows an investment company to act as self-custodian, subject to certain requirements. Applicants request an exemption from section 17(f) and rule 17f-2 to permit the following exceptions from the requirements of rule 17f-2: (a) The promissory notes and non-publicly traded securities held by Finance LP may be kept in the locked files of Finance LP; (b) for purposes of paragraph (d) of the rule, (i) employees

of the Firm will be deemed employees of Finance LP, (ii) officers of Finance GP (including the Finance GP Executive Committee) will be deemed to be officers of Finance LP, and (iii) the Finance GP Executive Committee will be deemed to be the board of directors of Finance LP; and (c) in place of the verification procedure under paragraph (f) of the rule, verification will be effected quarterly by two employees of the Firm. Applicants assert that the promissory notes and non-publicly traded securities held by Finance LP are most suitably kept in Finance LP's files, where they can be referred to as necessary. The publicly traded securities owned by Finance LP are held in one or more brokerage accounts.

6. Section 17(g) and rule 17g-1 generally require the bonding of officers and employees of a registered investment company who have access to its securities or funds. Rule 17g-1 requires that a majority of directors who are not interested persons ("independent directors") take certain actions and give certain approvals relating to fidelity bonding. Paragraph (g) of rule 17g-1 sets forth certain materials relating to the fidelity bond that must be filed with the Commission and certain notices relating to the fidelity bond that must be given to each member of the investment company's board of directors. Paragraph (h) of rule 17g-1 provides that an investment company must designate one of its officers to make the filings and give the notices required by paragraph (g). Paragraph (j) of rule 17g-1 exempts a joint insured bond provided and maintained by an investment company and one or more other parties from section 17(d) of the Act. Rule 17g-1(j)(3) requires that the board of directors of an investment company satisfy the fund governance standards defined in rule 0-1(a)(7). Applicants request an exemption from section 17(g) and rule 17g-1 to the extent necessary to permit Finance LP to comply with rule 17g-1 without the necessity of having a majority of the independent directors take such action and make such approvals as are set forth in the rule. Specifically, Finance LP will comply with rule 17g-1 by having the GP Finance Executive Committee take such actions and make such approvals as are set forth in rule 17g-1. Applicants state that, because Finance GP will be an interested person of Finance LP, Finance LP could not comply with rule 17g-1 without the requested relief. Applicants also request an exemption from the requirements of rule 17g-1(g) and (h) relating to the filing of copies of

fidelity bonds and related information with the Commission and the provision of notices to the board of directors and from the requirements of rule 17g-1(j)(3). Applicants believe the filing requirements are burdensome and unnecessary as applied to Finance LP. The Finance GP Executive Committee will maintain the materials otherwise required to be filed with the Commission by rule 17g-1(g) and agree that all such material will be subject to examination by the Commission and its staff. The Finance GP Executive Committee will designate a person to maintain the records otherwise required to be filed with the Commission under paragraph (g) of the rule. Applicants also state that the notices otherwise required to be given to the board of directors would be unnecessary as Finance LP will not have a board of directors. Finance LP will comply with all other requirements of rule 17g-1.

7. Section 17(j) and paragraph (b) of rule 17j-1 make it unlawful for certain enumerated persons to engage in fraudulent or deceptive practices in connection with the purchase or sale of a security held or to be acquired by a registered investment company. Rule 17j-1 also requires that every registered investment company adopt a written code of ethics and that every access person of a registered investment company report personal securities transactions. Applicants request an exemption from the requirements of rule 17j-1, except for the anti-fraud provisions of paragraph (b), because they are unnecessarily burdensome as applied to Finance LP.

8. Applicants request an exemption from the requirements in sections 30(a), 30(b) and 30(e), and the rules under those sections, that registered investment companies prepare and file with the Commission and mail to their shareholders certain periodic reports and financial statements. Applicants contend that the forms prescribed by the Commission for periodic reports have little relevance to Finance LP and would entail administrative and legal costs that outweigh any benefit to Unitholders. Applicants request exemptive relief to the extent necessary to permit Finance LP to report annually to Unitholders. Applicants also request an exemption from section 30(h) to the extent necessary to exempt the Finance GP Executive Committee and any other persons who may be deemed members of an advisory board of Finance LP from filing Forms 3, 4 and 5 under section 16 of the under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 with respect to their ownership of Units. Applicants assert that, because there will be no trading

market and the transfers of Units will be severely restricted, these filings are unnecessary for the protection of investors and burdensome to those required to make them.

9. Rule 38a-1 requires investment companies to adopt, implement and periodically review written policies and procedures reasonably designed to prevent violation of the federal securities laws and to appoint a chief compliance officer. Finance LP will comply with rule 38a-1(a), (c) and (d), except that (i) since Finance LP does not have a board of directors, the Finance GP Executive Committee will fulfill the responsibilities assigned to a board of directors under the rule, and (ii) since the Finance GP Executive Committee does not have any independent members, approval by a majority of the independent board members required by rule 38a-1 will not be obtained.

Applicants' Conditions

The applicants agree that any order granting the requested relief will be subject to the following conditions:

1. Each proposed transaction to which Finance LP is a party otherwise prohibited by Section 17(a) (each, a "Section 17 Transaction") will be effected only if the Finance GP Executive Committee determines that: (a) the terms of the Section 17 Transaction, including the consideration to be paid or received, are fair and reasonable to Unitholders and do not involve overreaching of Finance LP or Unitholders on the part of any person concerned; and (b) the Section 17 Transaction is consistent with the interests of the Unitholders, the Firm's organizational documents and the Firm's reports to its Unitholders. In addition, the Finance GP Executive Committee will record and preserve a description of such Section 17 Transactions, its findings, the information or materials upon which its findings are based and the basis therefore. All such records will be maintained for the life of Finance LP and at least six years thereafter, and will be subject to examination by the Commission and its staff. All such records will be maintained in an easily accessible place for at least the first two years.

2. Finance GP will send to each person who was a Unitholder at any time during the fiscal year then ended audited financial statements with respect to the Firm. At the end of each fiscal year, the Firm will make a valuation or have a valuation made of all of the assets of Finance LP as of the fiscal year end in a manner consistent with customary practice with respect to

the valuation of assets of the kind held by Finance LP. Consistent with the Firm's customary practice, Units will be valued in accordance with the terms of the Transfer Agreements. In addition, as soon as practicable after the end of each fiscal year of the Firm, Finance GP shall send a report to each person who was a Unitholder at any time during the fiscal year then ended, setting forth such tax information as shall be necessary for the preparation by the Unitholder of his or her federal and state income tax returns and a report of the investment activities of Finance LP during such year.

3. Finance LP and the Finance GP Executive Committee will maintain and preserve, for the life of Finance LP and at least six years thereafter, such accounts, books, and other documents as constitute the record forming the basis for the audited financial statements and annual reports of the Firm to be provided to Unitholders, and agree that all such records will be subject to examination by the Commission and its staff. All such records will be maintained in an easily accessible place for at least the first two years.

For the Commission, by the Division of Investment Management, under delegated authority.

Florence E. Harmon,

Acting Secretary.

[FR Doc. E8-27213 Filed 11-14-08; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8011-01-P

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Sunshine Act Meeting

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the provisions of the Government in the Sunshine Act, Public Law 94-409, that the Securities and Exchange Commission will hold an Open Meeting on Wednesday, November 19, 2008 at 10 a.m., in the Auditorium, Room L-002.

The subject matter of the Open Meeting will be:

Item 1: The Commission will consider whether to adopt rule amendments that would impose additional requirements on nationally recognized statistical rating organizations in order to address concerns about the integrity of their credit rating procedures and methodologies.

Item 2: The Commission will consider whether to adopt rule amendments to improve mutual fund disclosure by providing investors with a summary prospectus containing key information in plain English in a clear and concise

format, and by enhancing the availability on the Internet of more detailed information to investors. The Commission also will consider whether to adopt related amendments to Form N-1A, including amendments that address exchange-traded funds.

At times, changes in Commission priorities require alterations in the scheduling of meeting items.

For further information and to ascertain what, if any, matters have been added, deleted or postponed, please contact:

The Office of the Secretary at (202) 551-5400.

Dated: November 12, 2008.

Florence E. Harmon,

Acting Secretary.

[FR Doc. E8-27295 Filed 11-14-08; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8011-01-P

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Release No. 34-58903; File No. SR-FINRA-2008-011]

Self-Regulatory Organizations; Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc.; Order Approving Proposed Rule Change To Amend the Trade Reporting Structure and Require Submission of Non-Tape Reports That Identify Other Members Who Participated in Agency and Riskless Principal Transactions as Modified by Amendments Nos. 1 and 2

November 5, 2008.

I. Introduction

On March 28, 2008, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., ("FINRA") filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Act")¹ and Rule 19b-4 thereunder,² a proposed rule change to amend its trade reporting rules applicable to over-the-counter ("OTC") equity transactions. The proposed rule change was published for comment in the **Federal Register** on April 24, 2008.³ The Commission received four comment letters on the proposed rule change.⁴

¹ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).

² 17 CFR 240.19b-4.

³ See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 57681 (April 17, 2008), 73 FR 22186 ("Notice").

⁴ See letters from Romeo Bermudez, Chief Compliance Officer, Direct Edge ECN LLC, to Florence E. Harmon, Acting Secretary, Commission, dated May 13, 2008 ("Direct Edge Letter"); Eric Swanson, General Counsel, BATS Trading, Inc. to Florence E. Harmon, Acting Secretary, Commission, dated May 14, 2008 ("BATS Letter"); Ann Vleck, Managing Director and Associate General Counsel,

On October 9, 2008, FINRA filed Amendment No. 1 to the proposed rule change.⁵ November 3, 2008, FINRA filed Amendment No. 2.⁶ This order approves the proposed rule change, as amended.

II. Description of Proposed Rule Change

A. Summary

FINRA has proposed to amend its trade reporting rules applicable to OTC equity transactions⁷ to: (1) Replace the current market maker-based trade reporting framework with an "executing party" framework; and (2) require that any member with the trade reporting obligation under FINRA rules that is acting in a riskless principal or agency capacity on behalf of one or more other members submit non-tape reports to FINRA, as necessary, to identify such other member(s) as a party to the trade.

B. Description of Proposed Rule Change

1. Trade Reporting Structure

Currently, the following structure is in place for purposes of reporting most OTC equity transactions to FINRA: (1) In transactions between two market makers, the sell-side reports; (2) in transactions between a market maker and a non-market maker, the market maker reports; (3) in transactions between two non-market makers, the sell-side reports; and (4) in transactions between a member and either a non-member or customer, the member reports. FINRA has proposed to amend its rules to require that for transactions between members, the "executing party" reports the trade to FINRA and

Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association ("SIFMA") to Florence E. Harmon, Acting Secretary, Commission, dated May 15, 2008 ("SIFMA Letter"); Philip M. Pinc, Vice President, Counsel, National Stock Exchange, Inc. ("NSX"), to Florence E. Harmon, Acting Secretary, Commission, dated May 29, 2008 ("NSX Letter").

⁵ In Amendment No. 1, FINRA made technical changes to the rule text to reflect changes approved by the Commission in SR-FINRA-2008-021, which renumbered certain rules and replaced references to "NASD" with "FINRA." See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 58643 (September 25, 2008), 73 FR 57174 (October 1, 2008).

⁶ In Amendment No. 2, FINRA clarified that the implementation date for this proposed rule change would be 180 days from the date of this approval order. The Commission is not publishing the amendment for comment.

⁷ Specifically, OTC equity transactions are: (1) Transactions in NMS stocks, as defined in Rule 600(b) of Regulation NMS under the Act, effected otherwise than on an exchange, which are reported through the Alternative Display Facility ("ADF") or a Trade Reporting Facility ("TRF"); and (2) transactions in "OTC Equity Securities," as defined in NASD Rule 6610 (e.g., OTC Bulletin Board and Pink Sheets securities), Direct Participation Program ("DPP") securities and PORTAL equity securities, which are reported through the OTC Reporting Facility ("ORF"). The ADF, TRFs and ORF are collectively referred to herein as the "FINRA Facilities."