they reflect a consensus industry perspective. However, the comment period provided in the June 20 **Federal Register** Notice is insufficient given the volume of material and need for a thorough technical review. Extending the comment period would provide the time necessary to fully assess the impact of these proposed changes and arrive at a set of comments that are of value to the NRC staff."

Response to Request

The request for an extension to the comment period is denied.

The information contained in DG– 1200 regarding internal fire and external events has been available to the public prior to the issuance of DG–1200 in June of 2008 for public comment. Therefore, DG–1200 does not "represent a significant expansion over the current Revision [Revision 1] by including detailed technical information on fire and external events PRAs."

DG-1200 provides high level discussions on what constitutes a technically acceptable Level 1 and Level 2 PRA for internal and external events. which has been in the previous revisions of the guide. Specifically, the information for external events in DG-1200 has not changed since the previous revision. The information for internal fires in DG-1200 was revised from the previous revision; however, the information is high level and was revised to be consistent with the standard (i.e., there was not anything added to the DG-1200 that was new or differing from the standard).

With regard to the internal fire standard (Part 3 of the ASME/ANS RA-S-2008 standard), as documented in DG-1200, the staff has no objections to the majority of the standard's requirements. The staff has continually noted its position during development of the standard and in a formal letter to ASME in November 2007 (ADAMS (http://www.nrc.gov/reading-rm/ adams.html), under Accession No. 073030364), and in an April 2008 interoffice letter from M. Cunningham to C. Lui (ADAMS under Accession No. 080880202) which are publicly available.

The staff issued DG-1138 in September 2004 which provided the staff position on Revision 0 of the American Nuclear Society (ANS) external events standard. Revision 1 of the ANS standard (which is Part 4 of the ASME/ANS RA-S-2008 PRA standard) addressed the majority of the staff objections. The staff position in DG-1200, for the objections not addressed in Part 4 of the ASME/ANS RA-S-2008 standard, is unchanged from DG-1138. Requests for technical information about DG–1200 may be directed to the NRC contact, Mary Drouin at (301) 415– 6675 or e-mail to *Mary.Drouin@nrc.gov*.

Electronic copies of DG-1200 are available through the NRC's public Web site under Draft Regulatory Guides in the "Regulatory Guides" collection of the NRC's Electronic Reading Room at *http://www.nrc.gov/reading-rm/doccollections/.* Electronic copies are also available in ADAMS (*http:// www.nrc.gov/reading-rm/adams.html*), under Accession No. ML081200566.

In addition, regulatory guides are available for inspection at the NRC's Public Document Room (PDR), which is located at 11555 Rockville Pike, Rockville, Maryland. The PDR's mailing address is USNRC PDR, Washington, DC 20555–0001. The PDR can also be reached by telephone at (301) 415–4737 or (800) 397–4205, by fax at (301) 415– 3548, and by e-mail to *pdr.resource@nrc.gov.*

Regulatory guides are not copyrighted, and Commission approval is not required to reproduce them.

Dated at Rockville, Maryland, this 11th day of August 2008.

For the Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

Stephen C. O'Connor,

Acting Chief, Regulatory Guide Development Branch, Division of Engineering, Office of Nuclear Regulatory Research. [FR Doc. E8–18920 Filed 8–14–08; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7590-01-P

POSTAL SERVICE

Request of the Postal Service To Add Express Mail Contract to Competitive Product List

AGENCY: Postal Service.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice sets forth the request of the Postal Service to add a new product (Express Mail Contract) to the competitive product list.

DATES: Effective Date: August 15, 2008.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Daniel J. Foucheaux, Jr., 202–268–2989.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Postal Service in accordance with 39 U.S.C. 3642 and 39 CFR 3020.30 *et seq.* is filing a Request before the Postal Regulatory Commission, the addition of a new product, Express Mail Contract 1, to the competitive product list of the Mail Classification Schedule. As required by 39 U.S.C. 3642(d)(1), the Request is being published in the **Federal Register**. The Request is set out below.

Neva R. Watson,

Attorney, FOIA/Privacy and Government Relations.

Before the Postal Regulatory Commission

Washington, DC 20268-0001

[Docket No. MC2008-5]

Modification of the Mail Classification Schedule; Addition to Competitive Product Category; Express Mail Contract 1

Request of the United States Postal Service To Add Express Mail Contract to Competitive Product List and Notice of Establishment of Rates and Class Not of General Applicability

July 21, 2008.

In accordance with 39 U.S.C. 3642 and 39 CFR 3020.30 et seq., the United States Postal Service hereby requests modification of the Mail Classification Schedule product list. The Postal Service proposes to add Express Mail Contract 1 to the competitive product list.¹ This is a competitive product not of general applicability within the meaning of 39 U.S.C. 3632(b)(3).² A redacted version of the Governors' Decision establishing the price and classification and a certification of the Governors' vote is provided in Attachment A.³ Attachment B shows the requested changes in the Mail Classification product list with the addition in brackets.⁴ Attachment C provides a statement of supporting justification for this request, as specified in 39 CFR 3020.32.5

As explained in the supporting justification, the Postal Service believes that it is appropriate to add this contract to the list of competitive products. The Commission should therefore approve this request as set forth in its rules. As required by 39 U.S.C. 3642(d)(1), this Request is being published in the **Federal Register**.

The Postal Service also gives notice, pursuant to 39 U.S.C. 3632(b)(3) and 39 CFR 3015.5, that the Governors have established prices and classifications not of general applicability for this contract.⁶ The prices and class are to be effective one day after the Commission approves the required addition to the product list.⁷ An explanation and

¹ 39 CFR § 3020.31(a), (c).

² Id. § 3020.31(d).

³ *Id.* § 3020.31(b).

⁴ *Id.* § 3020.31(f).

⁵ *Id.* § 3020.31(e). ⁶ *Id.* § 3015.5(a).

⁷ Id. § 3015.5(b).

justification is provided in the Governors' Decision and accompanying analysis, which are being filed in unredacted version under seal.⁸ Also, being filed under seal are the required cost and revenue data ⁹ and certification of compliance with 39 U.S.C. 3633(a)(1) and (3).¹⁰

While aware that the Commission intends to address broader confidentiality issues in the future,¹¹ the Postal Service maintains that the contract, related financial information, the customer's name and the portions of the Governors' Decision and accompanying analysis that provides prices, terms, and conditions should remain confidential. The contract contains pricing and other information related to the customer and its processes as well as to Postal Service processes and procedures for handling the mail tendered under the contract. Related financial information contains cost and pricing information underlying the contract. Prices and other contract terms relating to the parties' processes and procedures are highly confidential in the business world and the Postal Service protects them in accordance with industry standards. The ability of the Postal Service to negotiate such contracts would be severely compromised if prices and other information pertaining to these types of agreements were publicly disclosed. Also, public disclosure would compromise the ability of the customer to negotiate favorable shipping services contracts in the future. The name of the customer should remain confidential due to the substantial likelihood that the Postal Service's competitors would use such information to target their efforts and undercut the Postal Service's prices. The Postal Service is aware of no competitor or private company of comparable size and scope that releases similar information to the public.

Respectfully submitted,

United States Postal Service, By its attorneys: Daniel J. Foucheaux, Jr., *Chief Counsel, Ratemaking*, Scott L. Reiter, 475 L'Enfant Plaza West, S.W., Washington, DC 20260–1137, (202) 268–2999, Fax–5402, *scott.l.reiter@usps.gov*, July 21, 2008. ATTACHMENT A to Postal Service Request

Docket No. MC2008-5

Redacted Governors' Decision

Decision of the Governors of the United States Postal Service on Establishment of Rate and Class Not of General Applicability for Express Mail Service (Governors' Decision No. 08–9)

July 16, 2008.

Statement of Explanation and Justification

The Postal Service and * * * have entered into a shipping services contract that provides specialized pricing for * * use of Express Mail service. Accordingly, pursuant to our authority under section 3632 of title 39, as amended by the Postal Accountability and Enhancement Act of 2006 ("PAEA"), we establish a new price not of general applicability, and such changes in classifications as are necessary to implement the new price.

Under the contract,* * * The contract is for three years.* * *

We have reviewed management's analysis of the contract, which is attached. We have evaluated the new price and classification changes in this context in accordance with 39 U.S.C. 3632–3633 and 39 CFR 3015.5 and 3015.7. We approve the changes, finding that they are appropriate, and are consistent with the regulatory criteria, as indicated by management.

Order

We direct management to file with the Postal Regulatory Commission appropriate notice of these classification and rate changes and to request any needed addition to the competitive product list. The changes in price and class set forth herein shall be effective one day after the Commission approves any required addition to the product list under 39 CFR 3020 Subpart B.

By The Governors: Alan C. Kessler Chairman

Analysis of the Express Mail Service Contract with* * *

Under the terms of the Postal Service's Express Mail contract with.* * *

* * * The customized features included in this contract will make the pieces less costly for the Postal Service than the average Express Mail piece.* * *

Based on the estimated increase in contribution from this contract, in light of anticipated costs and volumes, this contract will cover its attributable cost (39 U.S.C. 3633(a)(2)) and will result in competitive products as a whole complying with 39 U.S.C. 3633(a)(3), which, as implemented by 39 CFR 3015.7(c), requires competitive products to contribute a minimum of 5.5 percent to the Postal Service's total institutional costs. Accordingly, no issue of subsidization of competitive products by market dominant products arises (39 U.S.C. 3633(a)(1)).

MAIL CLASSIFICATION SCHEDULE

PART B—COMPETITIVE PRODUCTS

2000 COMPETITIVE PRODUCT LIST

NEGOTIATED SERVICE AGREEMENTS

Domestic [Express Mail Contract 1]

Statement of Supporting Justification

I, Kim Parks, Manager, Sales and Communications, Expedited Shipping, am sponsoring this request that the Commission add Express Mail Contract 1 to the list of competitive products. This statement supports the Postal Service's request by providing the information required by each applicable subsection of 39 CFR 3020.32. I attest to the accuracy of the information contained herein.

(a) Demonstrate why the change is in accordance with the policies and applicable criteria of the Act.

As demonstrated below, the change complies with the applicable statutory provisions.

(b) Explain why, as to the market dominant products, the change is not inconsistent with each requirement of 39 U.S.C. 3622(d), and that it advances the objectives of 39 U.S.C. 3622(b), taking into account the factors of 39 U.S.C. 3622(c).

Not applicable. The Postal Service is proposing that this Express Mail contract be added to the competitive products list.

(c) Explain why, as to competitive products, the addition, deletion, or transfer will not result in the violation of any of the standards of 39 U.S.C. 3633.

The service to be provided under the contract will cover its attributable costs and make a positive contribution to coverage of institutional costs. The contract will increase contribution toward the requisite 5.5 percent of the Postal Service's total institutional costs. Accordingly, no issue of subsidization of competitive products by market dominant products arises (39 U.S.C. 3633(a)(1)).

(d) Verify that the change does not classify as competitive a product over

⁸ Id.

⁹ Id. § 3015.5(c)(1).

¹⁰ Id. § 3015.5(c)(2).

¹¹ See Order No. 86, Order Concerning Global Expedited Package Services Contract, Docket No. CP2008–5, June 27, 2008, at 7.

which the Postal Service exercises sufficient market power that it can without risk of losing a significant level of business to other firms offering similar products: (1) Set the price of such product substantially above costs, (2) raise prices significantly; (3) decrease quality; or (4) decrease output.

The contract sets specific terms and conditions for providing Express Mail service to the customer. Express Mail is provided in a highly competitive market. The Postal Service is unable to set prices substantially above costs, raise prices significantly, decrease quality, or decrease output, without losing this business to private competitors in the expedited shipping market.

In negotiating this contract, the Postal Service's bargaining position was constrained by the existence of other providers of services similar to the Postal Service's. As such, the market precludes the Postal Service from taking unilateral action to increase prices or decrease service. As with Express Mail service in general, the Postal Service may not decrease quality or output without risking the loss of business to competitors that offer similar expedited delivery services. The market does not allow the Postal Service to raise prices or offer prices substantially above costs; rather, the contract is premised on prices and terms that provide sufficient incentive for the customer to ship with the Postal Service rather than a competitor.

(e) Explain whether or not each product that is the subject of the request is covered by the postal monopoly as reserved to the Postal Service under 189 U.S.C. 1696, subject to the exceptions set forth in 39 U.S.C. 601.

I am advised that Express Mail service and this contract are not covered by these provisions. See part (d) above.

(f) Provide a description of the availability and nature of enterprises in the private sector engaged in the delivery of the product.

See part (d) above. Expedited shipping, including guaranteed overnight shipping, is widely available from well-known and successful private firms at both published and contract prices.

(g) Provide any available information of the views of those who use the product on the appropriateness of the proposed modification.

Having entered into this contract with the Postal Service, the customer supports the addition of the contract to the product list so that the contractual terms can be effectuated. (h) Provide a description of the likely impact of the proposed modification on small business concerns.

The market for expedited delivery services is highly competitive and requires a substantial infrastructure to support a national network. Large shipping companies serve this market. The Postal Service is unaware of any small business concerns that could offer comparable service for this customer.

(i) Include such other information, data, and such statements of reasons and bases, as are necessary and appropriate to fully inform the Commission of the nature, scope, significance, and impact of the proposed modification.

Additional details regarding the terms of the contract have been provided to the Commission under seal due to the sensitivity of the contract to both the customer and the Postal Service.

[FR Doc. E8–18887 Filed 8–14–08; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 7710–12–P

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Release No. 34–58326; File No. SR–CBOE– 2008–82]

Self-Regulatory Organizations; Chicago Board Options Exchange, Incorporated; Notice of Filing and Immediate Effectiveness of Proposed Rule Change To Amend Its Rules Related to the Hybrid Agency Liaison and the Complex Order RFQ Auction

August 7, 2008.

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Act"),¹ and Rule 19b–4 thereunder,² notice is hereby given that on July 31, 2008, the Chicago Board Options Exchange, Incorporated ("Exchange" or "CBOE") filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") the proposed rule change as described in Items I, II, and III below, which Items have been prepared by the Exchange. The Exchange filed the proposal as a "noncontroversial" proposed rule change pursuant to Section 19(b)(3)(A)(iii) of the Act³ and Rule 19b-4(f)(6) thereunder.⁴ The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

I. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule Change

The Exchange proposes to modify Rule 6.14, Hybrid Agency Liaison (HAL), so that the order eligibility requirements mirror the requirements for the Exchange's Rule 6.13A, Simple Auction *Liaison (SAL).* The Exchange also proposes a similar modification to Rule 6.53C(d), Process for Complex Order RFR Auction ("COA"), so that the Exchange may determine eligible complex order type and eligible complex order origin code for COA on a class-by-class basis. The text of the proposed rule change is available on the Exchange's Web site (http:// www.cboe.org/Legal), at the Exchange's Office of the Secretary and at the Commission.

II. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, the self-regulatory organization included statements concerning the purpose of and basis for the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text of those statements may be examined at the places specified in Item IV below. The Exchange has prepared summaries, set forth in sections A, B, and C below, of the most significant parts of such statements.

A. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

1. Purpose

HAL and COA are features within CBOE's Hybrid System. In classes where HAL and/or COA are activated, eligible orders are electronically exposed for an exposure period. During the applicable exposure period, the orders that are subject to exposure are eligible to receive a better price. At the conclusion of the HAL or COA process, as applicable, the order is then allocated or, to the extent not executed, booked or routed as described in the relevant rules.

HAL exposes eligible simple orders for price improvement. For HAL, an eligible order is currently an order in an option class designated by the Exchange that is (i) a market order or limit order that is marketable against the Exchange's disseminated quotation while that quotation is not at the national best bid or offer ("NBBO"); (ii) a limit order that would improve the Exchange's disseminated quotation and

¹15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).

² 17 CFR 240.19b-4.

³15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(3)(A)(iii).

⁴17 CFR 240.19b-4(f)(6).