#### **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

## Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

The Department of Commerce will submit to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for clearance the following proposal for collection of information under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. chapter 35).

Agency: U.S. Census Bureau. Title: Survey of Residential Building or Zoning Permit Systems.

Form Number(s): C-411. OMB Control Number: 0607-0350. Type of Request: Extension of a currently approved collection.

Burden Hours: 500. Number of Respondents: 2,000. Average Hours Per Response: 15 minutes.

Needs and Uses: The U.S. Census Bureau produces statistics used to monitor activity in the large and dynamic construction industry. These statistics help state and local governments and the Federal government, as well as private industry, to analyze this important sector of the economy. The accuracy of the Census Bureau statistics regarding the amount of construction authorized depends on data supplied by building and zoning officials throughout the country.

The Census Bureau uses Form C-411 to obtain information from state and local building permit officials needed for updating the universe of permitissuing places which serves as the sampling frame for the Report of Privately-Owned Residential Building or Zoning Permits Issued (OMB Control No. 0607-0094), also known as the Building Permits Survey (BPS), and the Survey of Housing Starts, Sales, and Completions (OMB Control No. 0607-0110), also known as Survey of Construction (SOC). These two sample surveys provide widely used measures of construction activity, including the economic indicators New Residential Construction and New Home Sales. The questions on Form C-411 pertain to the legal requirements for issuing building or zoning permits in the local jurisdictions. Information is obtained on such items as geographic coverage and types of construction for which permits are issued.

The form is sent to jurisdictions when the Census Bureau has reason to believe that a new permit system has been established or an existing one has changed. This is based on information from a variety of sources including survey respondents, regional councils and Census' efforts to keep abreast of changes in corporate status. Based on the information collected, the Census Bureau adds new permit-issuing places to the universe, deletes places no longer issuing permits, and makes changes to the universe to reflect those places that have merged.

Failure to maintain the universe of permit-issuing places would result in deficient samples and inaccurate statistics. This in turn jeopardizes the accuracy of the above-mentioned economic indicators. These indicators are closely monitored by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System and other economic policy makers because of the sensitivity of the housing industry to changes in interest rates.

Affected Public: State, local or Tribal government; Federal government.

Frequency: On occasion.

Respondent's Obligation: Voluntary. Legal Authority: The Census Bureau is authorized under Title 13, United States Code, Sections 9(b), 161, and 182 to collect information on new residential buildings.

*OMB Desk Officer:* Brian Harris-Kojetin, (202) 395–7314.

Copies of the above information collection proposal can be obtained by calling or writing Diana Hynek, Departmental Paperwork Clearance Officer, (202) 482–0266, Department of Commerce, Room 6625, 14th and Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20230 (or via the Internet at dhynek@doc.gov).

Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection should be sent within 30 days of publication of this notice to Brian Harris-Kojetin, OMB Desk Officer either by fax (202–395–7245) or e-mail (bharrisk@omb.eop.gov).

Dated: August 7, 2008.

### Gwellnar Banks,

Management Analyst, Office of the Chief Information Officer.

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# **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

## Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

The Department of Commerce will submit to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for clearance the following proposal for collection of information under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. chapter 35).

Agency: U.S. Census Bureau. Title: Annual Survey of Manufactures. Form Number(s): MA-10000(L), MA-10000(S), NC-99530.

OMB Control Number: 0607–0449. Type of Request: Reinstatement, with change, of an expired collection. Burden Hours: 177,400.

Number of Respondents: 50,000. Average Hours Per Response: 2 hours and 44 minutes.

Needs and Uses: The Census Bureau has conducted the Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM) since 1949 to provide key measures of manufacturing activity during intercensal periods. In census years ending in "2" and "7," Census mail and collect the ASM as part of the Economic Census Covering the

Manufacturing Sector.

The ASM statistics are based on a survey that includes both a mail and nonmail components. The mail portion of the survey is comprised of a probability sample of approximately 50,000 manufacturing establishments from a frame of approximately 128,000 establishments. These 128,000 establishments are comprised of manufacturing establishments of multiunit companies (companies with operations at more than one location) and large single-location manufacturing companies. The nonmail component is comprised of the remaining small and medium-sized single-location companies, approximately 218,000. No data are collected from companies in the nonmail component. Data are directly obtained from the administrative records of the Internal Revenue Service (IRS), the Social Security Administration (SSA), and the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS). The nonmail companies account for 63 percent of the population and for less than 7 percent of the manufacturing output.

Starting with the 2008 ASM, depreciation charges for all capital expenditures and rental payments will be added to the MA-10000(L) and MA-10000(S) forms.

This survey is an integral part of the Government's statistical program. Its results provide a factual background for decision making by the executive and legislative branches of the Federal Government. Federal agencies use the annual survey's input and output data as benchmarks for their statistical programs, including the Federal Reserve Board's Index of Industrial Production and the Bureau of Economic Analysis' estimates of the gross domestic product (GDP). The data also provide the Department of Energy with primary information on the use of energy by the manufacturing sector to produce manufactured products. These data also are used as benchmark data for the Manufacturing Energy Consumption