FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

Change in Bank Control Notices; Acquisition of Shares of Bank or Bank Holding Companies

The notificants listed below have applied under the Change in Bank Control Act (12 U.S.C. 1817(j)) and § 225.41 of the Board's Regulation Y (12 CFR 225.41) to acquire a bank or bank holding company. The factors that are considered in acting on the notices are set forth in paragraph 7 of the Act (12 U.S.C. 1817(j)(7)).

The notices are available for immediate inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank indicated. The notices also will be available for inspection at the office of the Board of Governors. Interested persons may express their views in writing to the Reserve Bank indicated for that notice or to the offices of the Board of Governors. Comments must be received not later than January 18, 2008.

A. Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco (Tracy Basinger, Director, Regional and Community Bank Group) 101 Market Street, San Francisco, California 94105–1579:

1. Polamar QFP, LP, Long Beach, California; to acquire 100 percent of the voting shares of Palomar Enterprises, LLC and thereby indirectly acquire voting shares of Farmers & Merchants Bank of Long Beach, both of Long Beach, California.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, December 28, 2007.

Jennifer J. Johnson,

Secretary of the Board. [FR Doc. E7–25562 Filed 1–2–08; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6210–01–S

FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

Formations of, Acquisitions by, and Mergers of Bank Holding Companies

The companies listed in this notice have applied to the Board for approval, pursuant to the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1841 *et seq.*) (BHC Act), Regulation Y (12 CFR Part 225), and all other applicable statutes and regulations to become a bank holding company and/or to acquire the assets or the ownership of, control of, or the power to vote shares of a bank or bank holding company and all of the banks and nonbanking companies owned by the bank holding company, including the companies listed below.

The applications listed below, as well as other related filings required by the Board, are available for immediate

inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank indicated. The application also will be available for inspection at the offices of the Board of Governors. Interested persons may express their views in writing on the standards enumerated in the BHC Act (12 U.S.C. 1842(c)). If the proposal also involves the acquisition of a nonbanking company, the review also includes whether the acquisition of the nonbanking company complies with the standards in section 4 of the BHC Act (12 U.S.C. 1843). Unless otherwise noted, nonbanking activities will be conducted throughout the United States. Additional information on all bank holding companies may be obtained from the National Information Center website at www.ffiec.gov/nic/.

Unless otherwise noted, comments regarding each of these applications must be received at the Reserve Bank indicated or the offices of the Board of Governors not later than January 28, 2008.

A. Federal Reserve Bank of Minneapolis (Jacqueline G. King, Community Affairs Officer) 90 Hennepin Avenue, Minneapolis, Minnesota 55480–0291:

1. Frandsen Financial Corporation, Arden Hills, Minnesota; to acquire 100 percent of the voting shares of The First National Bank of Montgomery, Montgomerey, Minnesota.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, December 28, 2007.

Jennifer J. Johnson,

Secretary of the Board. [FR Doc. E7–25561 Filed 1–2–08; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6210–01–S

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[60 Day-08-08AG]

Proposed Data Collections Submitted for Public Comment and Recommendations

In compliance with the requirement of Section 3506(c)(2)(A) of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 for opportunity for public comment on proposed data collection projects, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) will publish periodic summaries of proposed projects. To request more information on the proposed projects or to obtain a copy of the data collection plans and instruments, call 404–639–5960 or send comments to Maryam I. Daneshvar, CDC Reports Clearance Officer, 1600 Clifton Road, MS–D74, Atlanta, GA 30333 or send an e-mail to *omb@cdc.gov*.

Comments are invited on: (a) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents, including through the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology. Written comments should be received within 60 days of this notice.

Proposed Project

HIV/AIDS Surveillance, Research, and Intervention Methods and Materials Development—New—National Center for HIV, STD, and TB Prevention (NCHHSTP), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).

Background and Brief Description

The Division of HIV/AIDS Prevention (DHAP) within the National Center for HIV, Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention (NCHHSTP) of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) is planning to request the Office of Management and Budget for a generic clearance mechanism to support behavioral projects. The projects encompass several qualitative analytic methods, intervention, and materials development activities to be carried out by CDC, its contractors, or its partners.

The major activities fall into six categories based on their purpose and intended use:

(1) Qualitative interviewing for HIV/ AIDS surveillance, research, and intervention methods and material development. Results of individual interviews or group interviews are used to develop population-appropriate methods, interventions, and data collection materials for current and future projects.

(2) Cognitive interviewing for development and testing of specific data collection instruments used for HIV/ AIDS surveillance or research. Draft instruments to be used by DHAP are developed and tested through rounds of cognitive interviews with volunteer respondents. Results of cognitive interviews are used to make instrument design decisions that minimize response error and reduce burden to the public.

(3) Research on methodology for HIV/ AIDS surveillance or research projects. The purpose of the research is to enhance understanding of the psychology of participation and response, to develop better standards for project methodology and instrument design, or to improve data collection and other study procedures. Such research could take the form of experiments embedded within fielded surveillance or research projects or exploratory studies employing individual interviews or focus groups.

(4) Research on utilizing computerassisted instruments (including webbased technology) for HIV surveillance or research projects. This research uses qualitative and quantitative data collection methods with volunteer respondents in order to assess the design and use of computer-assisted instruments.

(5) *Pilot interviews*. A limited number of pilot interviews are conducted using proposed instruments and data collection methodologies. Sources of response error are identified through examination of pilot data, observation by methodologists, and techniques such as the coding of the interviewerrespondent interaction. Respondents for pilot interviews and interventions will be selected using the methods developed for the study that is being piloted.

(6) Pilot testing of behavioral interventions. Component testing will assess acceptability and feasibility of separate intervention activities. A limited number of pilot tests are conducted for behavioral interventions prior to being tested in a "full intervention trial."

Respondents who will participate in individual and group interviews (qualitative, cognitive, and computerassisted development activities) are selected purposively from those who

ESTIMATE OF ANNUALIZED BURDEN TABLE

respond to recruitment advertisements. In addition to utilizing advertisements for recruitment, respondents who will participate in research on survey methods may be selected purposively or systematically from within an ongoing surveillance or research project.

CDC estimates that an average of 1430 individuals will participate in HIV/ AIDS methods, intervention, and instrument development activities in a given year and the average annual respondent burden is estimated to be 2135 hours. The estimates given below cover the time that each respondent will spend communicating with the recruitment staff, in answering survey questions and, in some cases, being debriefed about the decision and recall strategies they used. Participation of respondents is voluntary and there is no cost to the respondents other than their time.

Types of data collection	No. of re- spondents	No. of re- sponses per respondent	Average bur- den per re- sponse (in hours)	Total burden (in hours)
(1) Methods, interventions, and materials development-individual inter-				
views	250	1	1	250
(2) Methods, interventions, and materials development—group interviews	450	1	2	900
(3) Research on survey methodology	150	1	1	150
(4) Research on human-computer interface	350	1	1	350
(5) Pilot interviewing	200	1	1	200
(6) Pilot interventions	30	6	2	360
Total	1,430			2,210

Dated: December 26, 2007.

Maryam I. Daneshvar,

Acting Reports Clearance Officer, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. [FR Doc. E7–25564 Filed 1–2–08; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4163–18–P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

National Institutes of Health

National Toxicology Program (NTP); NTP Interagency Center for the Evaluation of Alternative Toxicological Methods (NICEATM); Workshop on Acute Chemical Safety Testing: Advancing In Vitro Approaches and Humane Endpoints for Systemic Toxicity Evaluations

AGENCY: National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences (NIEHS), National Institutes of Health (NIH).

ACTION: Workshop announcement.

SUMMARY: The Interagency Committee on the Validation of Alternative

Methods (ICCVAM) and NICEATM announce the upcoming "Scientific Workshop on Acute Chemical Safety Testing: Advancing *In Vitro* Approaches and Humane Endpoints for Systemic Toxicity Evaluations." The goals of the workshop are to:

(1) Review the state-of-the-science and identify knowledge gaps regarding the key pathways involved in acute systemic toxicity.

(2) Recommend how these knowledge gaps can be addressed by collecting mechanistic biomarker data during currently required *in vivo* safety testing.

(3) Recommend how key *in vivo* pathway information can be used to develop more predictive mechanism-based *in vitro* test systems and earlier, more humane endpoints for *in vivo* test methods.

(4) Recommend how mechanismbased *in vitro* test systems and earlier, more humane endpoints can be used to further reduce, refine, and eventually replace animal use for acute systemic toxicity testing while ensuring the protection of human and animal health. This workshop is open to the public with attendance limited only by the space available.

DATES: The workshop will be held on February 6–7, 2008.

ADDRESSES: The workshop will be held at the NIH, Natcher Conference Center, 45 Center Drive, Bethesda, MD 20892. A draft agenda and other information are available on the ICCVAM workshop Web site (http://iccvam.niehs.nih.gov/ meetings/AcuteToxWksp08/ AcuteToxWksp08.htm) and can be obtained from NICEATM (see FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT below).

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dr. William S. Stokes, NICEATM Director, NIEHS, P.O. Box 12233, MD EC–17, Research Triangle Park, NC 27709, (telephone) 919–541–2384, (fax) 919–541–0947, (e-mail) niceatm@niehs.nih.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

NICEATM and ICCVAM convened a peer review panel meeting in 2006. The panel was charged to determine the