APPENDIX—TAA—Continued

[petitions instituted between 7/16/07 and 7/20/07]

| TA-W | Subject firm (petitioners) | Location | Date of institution | Date of petition |
|-------|--|-----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 61841 | Kay Home Products (Wkrs) | Antioch, IL | 07/19/07 | 07/18/07 |
| 61842 | Seton Company (Comp) | Saxton, PA | 07/20/07 | 07/19/07 |
| 61843 | Kraft Foods Global, Inc (Comp) | Rochelle, IL | 07/20/07 | 07/19/07 |
| 61844 | Carter-Pertaine Inc. (State) | Houston, TX | 07/20/07 | 07/13/07 |
| 61845 | NYC American, Inc. (Wkrs) | Brooklyn, NY | 07/20/07 | 07/19/07 |
| 61846 | Tingstol (Wkrs) | Elk Grove Village, IL | 07/20/07 | 07/03/07 |
| 61847 | Cedar Ideas (Comp) | Oakfield, ME | 07/20/07 | 07/19/07 |
| 61848 | Kentucky Derby Hosiery/Gildan—Plant 4 and Fowler Rd. (Comp). | Mt Airy, NC | 07/20/07 | 07/18/07 |
| 61849 | Ada Gage (Comp) | Ada, MI | 07/20/07 | 07/19/07 |
| 61850 | Southern Loom Reed (Comp) | Gaffney, SC | 07/20/07 | 07/13/07 |
| 61851 | Bosch Security System (IBEW) | Lancaster, PA | 07/20/07 | 07/19/07 |
| 61852 | Schnadig Corporation (Comp) | Montoursville, PA | 07/20/07 | 07/12/07 |

[FR Doc. E7–14996 Filed 8–1–07; 8:45 am]

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

[TA-W-58,984]

Independent Steel Castings Company, New Buffalo, MI; Notice of Revised Determination of Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance on Remand

On July 10, 2007, the U.S. Court of International Trade (USCIT) remanded to the U.S. Department of Labor (Department) Former Employees of Independent Steel Castings Company, Inc. v. United States Department of Labor, Court No. 06–00338. In its order, the USCIT directed the Department to acquire additional information on criterion two of the Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance (ATAA) program (whether the adversely affected workers in the petitioning workers' firm possess job skills that are not easily transferable to other employment).

The Department's determination regarding the subject workers' eligibility to apply for Trade Adjustment Assistance (TAA) and ineligibility to apply for Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance (ATAA) was issued on June 16, 2006. The Department's Notice of determination was published in the Federal Register on July 14, 2006 (71 FR 40157). The determination stated that of the three criteria used to assess eligibility for ATAA —(1) Significant number of adversely affected workers age 50 or over; (2) whether workers possess skills that are easily transferable; and (3) whether competitive conditions within the workers' industry are adverse—workers at the subject firm had not satisfied the

second criterion because they possessed skills that were easily transferable. The subject workers had been engaged in the production of investment castings (i.e. steel, aluminum and bronze castings). The subject firm closed May 2005.

The petitioner, the International Union, United Automobile, Aerospace and Agricultural Implement Workers of America (UAW), requested administrative reconsideration of the negative ATAA determination. The request alleged that the county in which the subject firm is located "has not seen any significant employment growth in the last four years" and has a high unemployment rate.

By a letter dated July 31, 2006, the Department denied the request for reconsideration, stating that the UAW had not presented evidence that the Department had erred in its interpretation of facts or of the law. The letter also outlined the Department's ATAA investigation methodology—Training and Employment Guidance Letter No. 2–03 (TEGL 2–03)—and stated that the UAW's allegations were insufficient to satisfy ATAA criterion two (whether workers possess skills that are easily transferable).

In the complaint, the Plaintiffs alleged that the separated workers did not possess skills that are easily transferable; that the Department "relied on conclusory assertions" provided by the subject firm "while ignoring evidence presented by the Union;" and that the Department "relied on unverified information" provided by the subject firm official.

While the USCIT upheld the Department's position that it was reasonable for the Department to rely on information provided by a knowledgeable subject firm official, the USCIT found that the Department's conclusion on ATAA criterion two was not supported by substantial evidence.

Accordingly, the USCIT remanded the matter to the Department for further investigation and a redetermination of the subject workers' ATAA eligibility.

During the remand investigation, the Department contacted the Plaintiffs' counsel to obtain the position descriptions and lists of skill sets of each of the separated workers. The Department also attempted to contact the subject firm official who provided the Department information during the initial investigation to obtain more information regarding the workers' skills and the skills required to gain new employment in the New Buffalo, Michigan local commuting area. In addition, the Department surveyed companies in the New Buffalo, Michigan local commuting area to determine whether their jobs required the same skills as those which the subject workers possessed.

As a result of the remand investigation, the Department finds that workers at the subject firm do not possess skills that are easily transferable. Accordingly, the workers have satisfied criterion two. Further, the Department finds that at least five percent of the workforce at the subject firm is at least fifty years of age and that competitive conditions within the industry are adverse. Therefore, the Department has concluded that all three ATAA criteria have been met.

Conclusion

After careful review of the additional facts obtained on remand, I conclude that the requirements of section 246 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended, have been met for workers at the subject firm. In accordance with the provisions of the Act, I make the following certification:

"All workers of Independent Steel Castings Company, New Buffalo, Michigan, who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after March 2, 2005 through June 16, 2008 are eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974, and are also eligible to apply for alternative trade adjustment assistance under section 246 of the Trade Act of 1974."

Signed in Washington, DC, this 19th day of July, 2007.

Elliott S. Kushner,

Certifying Officer, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. E7–14998 Filed 8–1–07; 8:45 am]

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

[TA-W-59,168]

Amended Certification Regarding Eligibility To Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance and Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance; Joan Fabrics Corporation Including Workers Who's Wages Were Paid By Accuforce Staffing Service; Siler City, North Carolina

In accordance with Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2273), and Section 246 of the Trade Act of 1074 (26 U.S.C. 2813), as amended, the Department of Labor issued a Certification of Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance and Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance on April 25, 2006, applicable to workers of Joan Fabrics Corporation, Siler City, North Carolina. The notice was published in the **Federal Register** on May 11, 2006 (71 FR 27519).

At the request of a company official, the Department reviewed the certification for workers of the subject firm. The workers were engaged in the production of upholstery, wall panel and tie lining fabrics.

New information shows that following a change in ownership, some workers of the Siler City, North Carolina location of the subject firm will become employees of AccuForce Staffing Service.

Workers separated from employment at the Siler City, North Carolina location of the subject firm had their wages reported under a separate unemployment insurance (UI) tax account for AccuForce Staffing Service.

Accordingly, the Department is amending the certification to properly reflect this matter.

The intent of the Department's certification is to include all workers of Joan Fabrics Corporation, including workers who's wages were paid by AccuForce Staffing Service, Siler City,

North Carolina who were adversely affected by a shift in production to Mexico.

The amended notice applicable to TA–W–59,168 is hereby issued as follows:

"All workers of Joan Fabrics Corporation, including workers who's wages were paid by AccuForce Staffing Service, Siler City, North Carolina, who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after April 5, 2005, through April 25, 2008, are eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974, and are also eligible to apply for alternative trade adjustment assistance under Section 246 of the Trade Act of 1974."

Signed at Washington, DC, this 26th day of July 2007.

Elliott S. Kushner,

Certifying Officer, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. E7–14995 Filed 8–1–07; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4510–FN–P

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

[TA-W-57,746B]

Amended Certification Regarding Eligibility To Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance and Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance; Joan Fabrics Corporation Mastercraft Fabrics, LLC.; Oakland Plant Including Workers Who's Wages Were Paid By Accuforce Staffing Service; Spindale, NC

In accordance with Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2273), and Section 246 of the Trade Act of 1074 (26 U.S.C. 2813), as amended, the Department of Labor issued a Certification of Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance and Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance on September 27, 2005, applicable to workers of Joan Fabrics Corporation, Mastercraft Fabrics, LLC., Oakland Plant, Spindale, North Carolina. The notice was published in the Federal Register on October 31, 2005 (70 FR 72347). The certification was previously amended on November 23, 2005 to correct the impact date. The notice was published in the Federal Register on December 8, 2005 (70 FR

At the request of a company official, the Department reviewed the certification for workers of the subject firm. The workers were engaged in the production of jacquard furniture fabric.

New information shows that following a change in ownership, some

workers of the Oakland Plant, Spindale, North Carolina location of the subject firm will become employees of AccuForce Staffing Service. Workers separated from employment at the Oakland Plant, Spindale, North Carolina location of the subject firm had their wages reported under a separate unemployment insurance (UI) tax account for AccuForce Staffing Service.

Accordingly, the Department is amending the certification to properly reflect this matter.

The intent of the Department's certification is to include all workers of Joan Fabrics Corporation, Mastercraft Fabrics, LLC., Oakland Plant, including workers who's wages were paid by AccuForce Staffing Service, Spindale, North Carolina who were adversely affected by a shift in production to Mexico.

The amended notice applicable to TA–W–57,746B is hereby issued as follows:

"All workers of Joan Fabrics Corporation, Mastercraft Fabrics, LLC., Oakland Plant, including workers who's wages were paid by AccuForce Staffing Service, Spindale, North Carolina, who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after November 11, 2005, through September 27, 2007, are eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974, and are also eligible to apply for alternative trade adjustment assistance under Section 246 of the Trade Act of 1974."

Signed at Washington, DC, this 25th day of July. 2007.

Richard Church,

Certifying Officer, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. E7–14997 Filed 8–1–07; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–FN–P

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

[TA-W-61,313]

Circa 1801 Doblin, a Subsidiary of Joan Fabrics Corporation, EBM Textiles, LLC Division, Now Known as Valdese Weavers, Connelly Springs, NC; Amended Certification Regarding Eligibility To Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance and Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2273), and section 246 of the Trade Act of 1974 (26 U.S.C. 2813), as amended, the Department of Labor issued a Certification Regarding Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance and Alternative Trade