#### **DEPARTMENT OF LABOR**

### Employment and Training Administration

TA-W-61,712

# Ghn Neon Incorporated; Garden Grove, CA; Notice of Termination of Investigation

Pursuant to section 221 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended, an investigation was initiated on June 20, 2007 in response to a petition filed by a company official on behalf of workers at GHN Neon Incorporated, Garden Grove, California.

The petitioner has requested that the petition be withdrawn. Consequently, the investigation has been terminated.

Signed in Washington, DC, this 28th day of June 2007.

#### Linda G. Poole,

Certifying Officer, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. E7–13172 Filed 7–6–07; 8:45 am] **BILLING CODE 4510–FN–P** 

#### **DEPARTMENT OF LABOR**

# **Employment and Training Administration**

[TA-W-61,157 and TA-W-61,157A]

Visteon Systems, LLC, Climate Control Division, Evaporators, Connersville, IN; Visteon Systems, LLC, Climate Control Division, Radiator/Heat Exchange, Connersville, IN; Including On-Site Leased Workers From CDI-IT Services and Synova, Employed Through IBM Corporation, Securitas Security Services USA, Inc., Premier Mfg. Services. Kleenaway Services. Waste Management Upstream, PMI, Inc., Coolant Controls and Pitney **Bowes; Amended Certification** Regarding Eligibility To Apply for **Worker Adjustment Assistance and** Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2273), and section 246 of the Trade Act of 1974 (26 U.S.C. 2813), as amended, the Department of Labor issued a Certification of Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance and Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance on April 23, 2007, applicable to workers of Visteon Systems, LLC, Climate Control Division, Evaporators, Connersville, Indiana and Visteon Systems, LLC Climate Control Division Radiator/Heat Exchange, Connersville, Indiana. The notice was published in

the **Federal Register** on May 9, 2007 (72 FR 26424).

At the request of the State agency, the Department reviewed the certification for workers of the subject firm. The workers are engaged in the production of evaporators and radiators/heat exchanges for the automotive industry.

The investigation revealed that the leased workers of the above listed firms were contracted to work on-site at the Connersville, Indiana location of Visteon Systems, LLC Climate Control Division. These workers provided a variety of functions supporting the production of evaporators and radiator/ heat exchange units manufactured at the subject firm. The Department has determined that the above listed on-site worker groups are in support of the production of evaporators and radiator/ heat exchange units at the subject firm and are sufficiently under the control of the subject firm.

Since the workers of Visteon Systems, LLC, Climate Control Division, Evaporators and Radiator/Heat Exchange, Connersville, Indiana are certified eligible to apply for ATAA, the Department is extending that eligibility to the employees of the above listed firms working on-site at the subject firm.

The intent of the Department's certification is to include all workers employed at Visteon Systems, LLC, Climate Control Division, Evaporators and Radiator/Heat Exchange, Connersville, Indiana who were adversely affected by a shift in production to Mexico.

The amended notice applicable to TA–W–61,157 is hereby issued as follows:

Workers of Visteon Systems, LLC, Climate Control Division, Evaporators, Connersville, Indiana (TA-W-61,157) and Visteon Systems, LLC Climate Control Division, Radiator/Heat Exchange, Connersville, Indiana (TA-W-61,157A), including on-site leased workers from CDI-IT Services and Synova, employed through IBM Corporation, Securitas Security Services USA, Inc., Premier Mfg. Services, KleenAway Services, Waste Management Upstream, PMI, Inc., and Pitney Bowes, who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after March 19, 2006 through April 23, 2009, are eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974, and are also eligible to apply for alternative trade adjustment assistance under Section 246 of the Trade Act of 1974.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 29th day of June 2007.

### Linda G. Poole,

Certifying Officer, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. E7–13174 Filed 7–6–07; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4510–FN–P

#### **DEPARTMENT OF LABOR**

# **Employment and Training Administration**

# Notice of Determinations Regarding Eligibility To Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance and Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 U.S.C. 2273) the Department of Labor herein presents summaries of determinations regarding eligibility to apply for trade adjustment assistance for workers (TA–W) number and alternative trade adjustment assistance (ATAA) by (TA–W) number issued during the period of June 18 through June 22, 2007.

In order for an affirmative determination to be made for workers of a primary firm and a certification issued regarding eligibility to apply for worker adjustment assistance, each of the group eligibility requirements of section 222(a) of the Act must be met.

I. Section (a)(2)(A) all of the following must be satisfied:

A. A significant number or proportion of the workers in such workers' firm, or an appropriate subdivision of the firm, have become totally or partially separated, or are threatened to become totally or partially separated;

B. the sales or production, or both, of such firm or subdivision have decreased absolutely; and

C. increased imports of articles like or directly competitive with articles produced by such firm or subdivision have contributed importantly to such workers' separation or threat of separation and to the decline in sales or production of such firm or subdivision;

II. Section (a)(2)(B) both of the following must be satisfied:

A. A significant number or proportion of the workers in such workers' firm, or an appropriate subdivision of the firm, have become totally or partially separated, or are threatened to become totally or partially separated;

B. there has been a shift in production by such workers' firm or subdivision to a foreign country of articles like or directly competitive with articles which are produced by such firm or subdivision; and

C. One of the following must be satisfied:

1. The country to which the workers' firm has shifted production of the articles is a party to a free trade agreement with the United States;

2. the country to which the workers' firm has shifted production of the articles to a beneficiary country under

the Andean Trade Preference Act, African Growth and Opportunity Act, or the Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act; or

3. there has been or is likely to be an increase in imports of articles that are like or directly competitive with articles which are or were produced by such firm or subdivision.

Also, in order for an affirmative determination to be made for secondarily affected workers of a firm and a certification issued regarding eligibility to apply for worker adjustment assistance, each of the group eligibility requirements of section 222(b) of the Act must be met.

- (1) Significant number or proportion of the workers in the workers' firm or an appropriate subdivision of the firm have become totally or partially separated, or are threatened to become totally or partially separated;
- (2) the workers' firm (or subdivision) is a supplier or downstream producer to a firm (or subdivision) that employed a group of workers who received a certification of eligibility to apply for trade adjustment assistance benefits and such supply or production is related to the article that was the basis for such certification; and
  - (3) either-
- (A) the workers' firm is a supplier and the component parts it supplied for the firm (or subdivision) described in paragraph (2) accounted for at least 20 percent of the production or sales of the workers' firm; or
- (B) a loss or business by the workers' firm with the firm (or subdivision) described in paragraph (2) contributed importantly to the workers' separation or threat of separation.

In order for the Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance to issue a certification of eligibility to apply for Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance (ATAA) for older workers, the group eligibility requirements of Section 246(a)(3)(A)(ii) of the Trade Act must be met.

- 1. Whether a significant number of workers in the workers' firm are 50 years of age or older.
- 2. Whether the workers in the workers' firm possess skills that are not easily transferable.
- 3. The competitive conditions within the workers' industry (*i.e.*, conditions within the industry are adverse).

# Affirmative Determinations for Worker Adjustment Assistance

The following certifications have been issued. The date following the company name and location of each determination references the impact date for all workers of such determination.

The following certifications have been issued. The requirements of section 222(a)(2)(A) (increased imports) of the Trade Act have been met.

TA-W-61,637; VyTech Industries, Inc., Elkhart, IN: June 5, 2006

The following certifications have been issued. The requirements of section 222(a)(2)(B) (shift in production) of the Trade Act have been met.

#### None

The following certifications have been issued. The requirements of section 222(b) (supplier to a firm whose workers are certified eligible to apply for TAA) of the Trade Act have been met.

The following certifications have been issued. The requirements of section 222(b) (downstream producer for a firm whose workers are certified eligible to apply for TAA based on increased imports from or a shift in production to Mexico or Canada) of the Trade Act have been met.

#### None

## Affirmative Determinations for Worker Adjustment Assistance and Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance

The following certifications have been issued. The date following the company name and location of each determination references the impact date for all workers of such determination.

The following certifications have been issued. The requirements of section 222(a)(2)(A) (increased imports) and section 246(a)(3)(A)(ii) of the Trade Act have been met.

- TA-W-61,610; Ogura Corporation, Madison Heights, MI: May 30, 2006
- TA-W-61,629; Cooper Tools, Inc., Tools Operations, Dayton, OH: October 8, 2006
- TA-W-61,235; WCI Steel, Inc., Warren, OH: April 2, 2006
- TA-W-61,567; Oregon Woodworking Company, Bend, OR: May 21, 2006
- TA-W-61,574; Century Truss Company of Michigan LLC, Brighton, MI: May 23, 2006

The following certifications have been issued. The requirements of section 222(a)(2)(B) (shift in production) and section 246(a)(3)(A)(ii) of the Trade Act have been met.

- TA-W-61,413; Nautel Maine, Inc., Bangor, ME: April 5, 2006
- TA-W-61,451; Irving Forest Products, Hardwood Division, Strong, ME: May 4, 2006
- TA-W-61,581; Keykert USA Inc., On-Site Leased Workers of Online

- Employment, Webberville, MI: May 24, 2006
- TA-W-61,644; Deere and Company, John Deere Cylinder Division, Leased Workers of Aerotex and Volt, Coon Rapids, MN: June 6, 2006
- TA-W-61,649; Americ Disc DDL Georgia, On-Site Leased Workers From Productiv Staffing, Madison, GA: June 7, 2006
- TA-W-61,504; Woodmarc Enterprises, LLC, A Subsidiary of Sentinel Acquisitions, LLC, Winterset, IA: May 10, 2006
- TA-W-61,605; Yamaha Musical Products, Grand Rapids, MI: May 9, 2006
- TA-W-61,605A; Yamaha Corporation of America, Grand Rapids, MI: May 9, 2006
- TA-W-61,671; Faradyne Motors, A Joint Venture of ITT Industries and Pentair, Inc., Newark, NY: June 11, 2006

The following certifications have been issued. The requirements of section 222(b) (supplier to a firm whose workers are certified eligible to apply for TAA) and section 246(a)(3)(A)(ii) of the Trade Act have been met.

#### None

The following certifications have been issued. The requirements of section 222(b) (downstream producer for a firm whose workers are certified eligible to apply for TAA based on increased imports from or a shift in production to Mexico or Canada) and section 246(a)(3)(A)(ii) of the Trade Act have been met.

## None

# Negative Determinations for Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance

In the following cases, it has been determined that the requirements of 246(a)(3)(A)(ii) have not been met for the reasons specified.

The Department has determined that criterion (1) of section 246 has not been met. Workers at the firm are 50 years of age or older.

TA-W-61,637; VyTech Industries, Inc., Elkhart, IN

The Department has determined that criterion (2) of section 246 has not been met. Workers at the firm possess skills that are easily transferable.

#### None

The Department has determined that criterion (3) of section 246 has not been met. Competition conditions within the workers' industry are not adverse.

#### None

### Negative Determinations for Worker Adjustment Assistance and Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance

In the following cases, the investigation revealed that the eligibility criteria for worker adjustment assistance have not been met for the reasons specified.

Because the workers of the firm are not eligible to apply for TAA, the workers cannot be certified eligible for ATAA.

The investigation revealed that criteria (a)(2)(A)(I.A.) and (a)(2)(B)(II.A.) (employment decline) have not been met.

TA-W-61,424; Hewlett Packard, Design Delivery Organization Operations, Image PermananceLab, Planning Div., Corvallis, OR

TA-W-61,424A; Hewlett Packard, Technology Delivery Operations, Process Development Operations Division, Corvallis, OR

The investigation revealed that criteria (a)(2)(A)(I.B.) (Sales or production, or both, did not decline) and (a)(2)(B)(II.B.) (shift in production to a foreign country) have not been met.

TA-W-61,467; Federal Mogul Corp., Sealing System Division, Tool Room, Frankfort, IN

TA-W-61,515; Invitrogen Corporation, BioDiscovery Division, San Francisco, CA

The investigation revealed that criteria (a)(2)(A)(I.C.) (increased imports) and (a)(2)(B)(II.B.) (shift in production to a foreign country) have not been met.

TA-W-61,458; S & S Plastics, Inc., Hillside, NJ

TA-W-61,530; Track Corp, Spring Lake,

TA-W-61,545; Bell Sponging Co., Inc., Allentown, PA

The workers' firm does not produce an article as required for certification under section 222 of the Trade Act of 1974.

TA-W-61,287; Kelly Services, On-Site at Delphi (Through HSS Material), Saginaw, MI

TA-W-61,506; Celestica, Carrollton, TX TA-W-61,598; Penn-Plax Inc., Hauppauge, NY

TA-W-61,615; American Food and Vending, Springhill, TN

TA-W-61,630; Qwest Services Corporation, A Subsidiary of Qwest Communications, Quality Assurance Team, Idaho Falls, ID

TA-W-61,633; World Wide Apparel Resources, Carteret, NJ

TA-W-61,641; Coresource, A Subsidiary of Trustmark Insurance, Jackson, MN TA-W-61,682; NC Furniture House, Inc., Jamestown, NC

The investigation revealed that criteria of section 222(b)(2) has not been met. The workers' firm (or subdivision) is not a supplier to or a downstream producer for a firm whose workers were certified eligible to apply for TAA.

None

I hereby certify that the aforementioned determinations were issued during the period of June 18 through June 22, 2007. Copies of these determinations are available for inspection in Room C–5311, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20210 during normal business hours or will be mailed to persons who write to the above address.

Dated: June 29, 2007.

## Ralph DiBattista,

Director, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. E7–13173 Filed 7–6–07; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-FN-P

#### **DEPARTMENT OF LABOR**

# **Employment and Training Administration**

[TA-W-61,524]

# World Kitchen, LLC; Charleroi, PA; Notice of Termination of Investigation

Pursuant to section 221 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended, an investigation was initiated on May 16, 2007 in response to a petition filed by a company official on behalf of workers at World Kitchen, LLC, Charleroi, Pennsylvania. The workers at the subject facility produce Pyrex glass prep-ware, bake-ware and storage containers.

The petitioner has requested that the petition be withdrawn. Consequently, the investigation has been terminated.

Signed in Washington, DC, this 29th day of June 2007.

### Richard Church,

Certifying Officer, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. E7–13175 Filed 7–6–07; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-FN-P

# NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

[Docket No. 50-458]

Entergy Gulf States, Inc., River Bend Station, Unit 1; Notice of Consideration of Approval of Transfer of Facility Operating License and Conforming Amendment and Opportunity for a Hearing

The U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC or the Commission) is considering the issuance of an order under 10 CFR 50.80 approving the direct transfer of the Facility Operating License (No. NPF-47) for the River Bend Station, Unit 1 (RBS), to the extent currently held by Entergy Gulf States, Inc. (EGS), as owner of RBS. The transfer would be to Entergy Gulf States Louisiana, L.L.C. (EGS-LA), a Louisiana limited liability company. Entergy Operations, Inc. (EOI), the licensed operator of the facility, will remain as such and will continue to operate RBS. The Commission is also considering amending the license for administrative purposes to reflect the proposed transfer.

According to an application for approval filed by EGS and EOI, both EGS and EOI are direct subsidiaries of Entergy Corporation. Under a proposed restructuring, EGS will merge into EGS-LA, with EGS-LA being the surviving entity. EGS-LA, will own all of EGS' Louisiana assets, including RBS, except for EGS' undivided ownership interests in Big Cajun, Unit 2 and the Nelson 6 coal plants, which will be jointly owned with Entergy Texas, Inc. (ETI), a company to be formed by EGS.

Once these and other steps of the restructuring are competed, EGS-LA will serve EGS' current retail customers in Louisiana and EGS' current wholesale customers, and ETI will serve EGS' current retail customers in Texas. EGS-LA's retail utility operations will be subject to the jurisdiction of the Louisiana Public Service Commission (LPSC) to the same extent that LPSC currently possesses jurisdiction over EGS' retail utility operations. EGS-LA will succeed to and assume all of EGS' jurisdictional tariffs, rate schedules, and service agreements, and provide electric service to EGS' customers without interruption.

EOI operates RBS pursuant to an Operating Agreement with EGS. EOI will continue to operate RBS and the current Operating Agreement will be amended to reflect the new owner of the plant. EOI will not be affected by the restructuring.