

Dated: May 23, 2007.

**Richard A. Sloan,**

Chief, Regulatory Management Division, U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services, Department of Homeland Security.

[FR Doc. E7-10243 Filed 5-25-07; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410-10-P

## DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

### U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services

#### Agency Information Collection Activities: Revision of an Existing Information Collection; Comment Request

**ACTION:** 30-day notice of information collection under review: Form I-643, Health and Human Services Statistical Data for Refugee/Asylee Adjusting Status; OMB Control No. 1615-0070.

The Department of Homeland Security, U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS) has submitted the following information collection request to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and clearance in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. The information collection was previously published in the **Federal Register** on March 19, 2007, at 72 FR 12809 allowing for a 60-day public comment period. No comments were received on this information collection.

The purpose of this notice is to allow an additional 30 days for public comments. Comments are encouraged and will be accepted until June 28, 2007. This process is conducted in accordance with 5 CFR 1320.10.

Written comments and/or suggestions regarding the item(s) contained in this notice, especially regarding the estimated public burden and associated response time, should be directed to the Department of Homeland Security (DHS), USCIS, Chief, Regulatory Management Division, Clearance Office, 111 Massachusetts Avenue, 3rd floor, Washington, DC 20529. Comments may also be submitted to DHS via facsimile to 202-272-8352 or via e-mail at rfs.regs@dhs.gov, and to the OMB USCIS Desk Officer via facsimile at 202-395-6974 or via e-mail at [kastrich@omb.eop.gov](mailto:kastrich@omb.eop.gov).

When submitting comments by e-mail please make sure to add OMB Control Number 1615-0070 in the subject box. Written comments and suggestions from the public and affected agencies should address one or more of the following four points:

(1) Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;

(2) Evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;

(3) Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and

(4) Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses.

Overview of this information collection:

(1) *Type of Information Collection:* Revision of an existing information collection.

(2) *Title of the Form/Collection:* Health and Human Services Statistical Data for Refugee/Asylee Adjusting Status.

(3) *Agency form number, if any, and the applicable component of the Department of Homeland Security sponsoring the collection:* Form I-643. U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS).

(4) *Affected public who will be asked or required to respond, as well as a brief abstract:* *Primary:* Individuals or Households. Refugees and asylees, Cuban/Haitian Entrants under section 202 of Public Law 99-603, and Amerasians under Public Law 97-359, must use this form when applying for adjustment of status, with the U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS). USCIS will provide the data collected on this form to the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS).

(5) *An estimate of the total number of respondents and the amount of time estimated for an average respondent to respond:* 195,000 responses at 55 minutes (.916) per response.

(6) *An estimate of the total public burden (in hours) associated with the collection:* 178,620 annual burden hours.

If you have additional comments, suggestions, or need a copy of the information collection instrument, please contact Richard A. Sloan, Chief, Regulatory Management Division, U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services, 111 Massachusetts Avenue, NW., Suite 3008, Washington, DC 20529; Telephone 202-272-8377.

Dated: May 23, 2007.

**Richard A. Sloan,**

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[FR Doc. E7-10244 Filed 5-25-07; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410-10-P

## DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

### U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services

[CIS No. 2409-07; DHS Docket No. USCIS-2007-0026]

RIN 1615-ZA48

#### Extension of the Designation of Honduras for Temporary Protected Status; Automatic Extension of Employment Authorization Documentation for Honduran TPS Beneficiaries

**AGENCY:** U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services, DHS.

**ACTION:** Notice of extension of temporary protected status designation of Honduras.

**SUMMARY:** This Notice announces that the designation of Honduras for Temporary Protected Status (TPS) has been extended for 18 months to January 5, 2009, from its current expiration date of July 5, 2007. This Notice also sets forth procedures necessary for nationals of Honduras (or aliens having no nationality who last habitually resided in Honduras) with TPS to re-register and to apply for an extension of their Employment Authorization Documents (EADs) for the additional 18-month period. Re-registration is limited to persons who have previously registered for TPS under the designation of Honduras and whose application has been granted or remains pending. Certain nationals of Honduras (or aliens having no nationality who last habitually resided in Honduras) who have not previously applied for TPS may be eligible to apply under the late initial registration provisions.

Given the timeframes involved with processing TPS re-registrants, the Department of Homeland Security (DHS) recognizes that re-registrants may not receive a new EAD until after their current EAD expires on July 5, 2007. Accordingly, this Notice automatically extends the validity of EADs issued under the TPS designation of Honduras for six months, through January 5, 2008, and explains how TPS beneficiaries and their employers may determine which EADs are automatically extended. New EADs with the January 5, 2009,

expiration date will be issued to eligible TPS beneficiaries who timely re-register and apply for an EAD.

**DATES:** The extension of the TPS designation of Honduras is effective July 6, 2007, and will remain in effect until 11:59 p.m. on January 5, 2009. The 60-day re-registration period begins May 29, 2007, and will remain in effect until July 30, 2007. To facilitate processing applications, applicants are strongly encouraged to file as soon as possible after the start of the 60-day re-registration period beginning on May 29, 2007.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Matthew Horner, Status and Family Branch, Office of Service Center Operations, U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services, Department of Homeland Security, 20 Massachusetts Avenue, NW., 2nd Floor, Washington, DC 20529, telephone (202) 272-1533. This is not a toll-free call. Further information will also be available at local USCIS offices upon publication of this Notice and on the USCIS Web site at <http://uscis.gov>.

**Note:** the phone number provided here is solely for questions regarding this notice and the information contained herein. It is not for individual case status inquiries. Applicants seeking information about the status of their individual case can look up cases in Case Status Online available at the USCIS Web site listed above, or applicants may call the USCIS National Customer Service Center at 1-800-375-5283 (TTY 1-800-767-1833).

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

##### Abbreviations and Terms Used in This Document

Act—Immigration and Nationality Act  
 ASC—USCIS Application Support Center  
 DHS—Department of Homeland Security  
 DOS—Department of State  
 EAD—Employment Authorization Document  
 Secretary—Secretary of Homeland Security  
 TPS—Temporary Protected Status  
 USAID—U.S. Agency for International Development  
 USCIS—U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services

##### What authority does the Secretary of Homeland Security have to extend the designation of Honduras for TPS?

Section 244(b)(1) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (Act), 8 U.S.C. 1254a(b)(1), authorizes the Secretary of Homeland Security (Secretary), after consultation with appropriate agencies of the Government, to designate a foreign state (or part thereof) for TPS.

The Secretary may then grant TPS to eligible nationals of that foreign state (or aliens having no nationality who last habitually resided in that state). 8 U.S.C. 1254a(a)(1)(A).

At least 60 days before the expiration of the TPS designation, or any extension thereof, the Secretary, after consultations with appropriate agencies of the Government, must review the conditions in a foreign state designated for TPS to determine whether the conditions for the TPS designation continue to be met and, if so, the length of an extension. 8 U.S.C. 1254a(b)(3)(A), (C). If the Secretary determines that the foreign state no longer meets the conditions for the TPS designation, he must terminate the designation. 8 U.S.C. 1254a(b)(3)(B).

##### Why did the Secretary decide to extend the TPS designation of Honduras?

On January 5, 1999, the Attorney General published a Notice in the **Federal Register** at 64 FR 524, designating Honduras for TPS due to the devastation resulting from Hurricane Mitch. Subsequent to that date, the Attorney General and the Secretary have extended TPS for Honduras six times, determining in each instance that the conditions warranting the designation continued to be met. 65 FR 30438 (July 6, 2000); 66 FR 23269 (July 6, 2001); 67 FR 22451 (July 6, 2002); 68 FR 23744 (July 6, 2003); 69 FR 64084 (Jan. 6, 2005); 71 FR 16328 (July 6, 2006). The most recent extension of TPS for Honduras became effective on July 5, 2006, and is due to expire on July 5, 2007.

On February 21, 2007, the Government of Honduras requested an extension of the TPS designation of Honduras. Over the past year, DHS and the Department of State have continued to review conditions in Honduras. Based on this review, the Secretary has concluded that an 18-month extension is warranted because there continues to be a substantial, but temporary, disruption of living conditions in Honduras resulting from Hurricane Mitch and Honduras remains unable, temporarily, to adequately handle the return of its nationals, as required for TPS designations based on environmental disasters. 8 U.S.C. 1254a(b)(1)(B).

The Government of Honduras has realized some success in disaster mitigation and prevention projects, as well as in rebuilding infrastructure since Hurricane Mitch. The country, however, still faces significant social and economic stress caused by the environmental disaster.

Estimates of severely damaged or destroyed dwellings as a result of the hurricane ranged from 80,000 to 200,000. By 2004, the United States Agency for International Development (USAID) had completed the construction of 6,100 permanent housing units. By early 2005, nongovernmental organizations had repaired or built over 15,000 housing units, but housing reconstruction had still not been completed in many areas and much of the housing that was built lacked water and electricity. In those cases where people were required to be relocated, infrastructure and personnel for health and education services, as well as employment opportunities, were unavailable.

An estimated 70 to 80 percent of Honduras' transportation infrastructure was destroyed. The majority of the country's bridges and secondary roads were washed away, including 163 bridges and 6,000 km of roads. In November 2006, the road network had been restored and transport infrastructure continued to improve. Infrastructure, however, remains basic and vulnerable to additional damage depending on weather conditions. The "Road Reconstruction and Improvement Project" funded by the World Bank is scheduled to be completed during 2007.

All health centers were fully operational and almost all schools had reopened by the end of 1999, and by the end of 2005, USAID and some other donors had completed their reconstruction projects in Honduras. The country continues, however, to rely heavily on outside assistance and faces daunting long-term development challenges with hundreds of thousands of people living in areas designated as "high risk," awaiting completion of additional disaster mitigation projects. Current unemployment and underemployment rates range from 20 to 40 percent.

Based upon this review, the Secretary finds, after consultation with the appropriate Government agencies, that the conditions that prompted the designation of Honduras for TPS continue to be met. *See* 8 U.S.C. 1254a(b)(3)(A). There continues to be a substantial, but temporary, disruption in living conditions in Honduras as the result of an environmental disaster, and Honduras continues to be unable, temporarily, to handle adequately the return of its nationals. *See* 8 U.S.C. 1254a(b)(1)(B). On the basis of these findings, the Secretary concludes that the designation of Honduras for TPS should be extended for an additional 18-month period. *See* 8 U.S.C. 1254a(b)(3)(C).

**Notice of Extension of the TPS Designation of Honduras**

By the authority vested in me as Secretary of Homeland Security under section 244 of the Act, 8 U.S.C. 1254a, I have determined, after consultation with the appropriate Government agencies that the conditions that prompted designation of Honduras for TPS in January 1999 continue to be met. See 8 U.S.C. 1254a(b)(3)(A). There are approximately 78,000 nationals of Honduras (or aliens having no nationality who last habitually resided in Honduras) who have been granted TPS and who may be eligible for re-registration. Accordingly, I am extending the TPS designation of Honduras for 18 months from July 6, 2007 to January 5, 2009. For instructions on this extension, please refer to the following attachments, which include filing and eligibility requirements for Temporary Protected Status and Employment Authorization Documents.

Dated: May 16, 2007.  
**Michael Chertoff,**  
*Secretary.*

**Temporary Protected Status Filing Guidelines**

*If I currently have benefits through the TPS designation of Honduras for TPS and would like to maintain them, do I need to re-register for TPS?*

Yes. If you already have received TPS benefits through the designation of Honduras for TPS, your benefits will expire at 11:59 p.m. on July 5, 2007. All TPS beneficiaries must comply with the re-registration requirements described in this Notice in order to maintain TPS benefits through January 5, 2009. TPS benefits include temporary protection against removal from the United States and employment authorization during the TPS designation period. 8 U.S.C. 1254a(a)(1). Failure to re-register without good cause will result in the withdrawal of your TPS and possibly your removal from the United States. 8 U.S.C. 1254a(c)(3)(C).

*If I am currently registered for TPS or have a pending application for TPS, how do I re-register to renew my benefits for the duration of the extension period?*

Please submit the proper forms and fees according to Table 1 below. All applicants are strongly encouraged to pay close and careful attention when filling out the required forms to help ensure that their dates of birth, alien registration numbers, spelling of their names, and other required information is correctly entered on the forms. Aliens who have previously registered for TPS, but whose applications remain pending, should follow these instructions if they wish to renew their TPS benefits. All TPS re-registration applications submitted without the required fees will be returned to the applicant. All fee waiver requests should be filed in accordance with 8 CFR 244.20. If you received an EAD during the most recent registration period, please submit a photocopy of the front and back of your EAD.

**TABLE 1.—APPLICATION FORMS AND APPLICATION FEES**

If	And	Then
You are re-registering for TPS .....	You are applying for an extension of your EAD valid through January 5, 2009.	You must complete and file the Form I-765, Application for Employment Authorization, with fee or a fee waiver request. You must also submit Form I-821, Application for Temporary Protected Status, with no fee.
You are re-registering for TPS .....	You are NOT applying for renewal of your EAD.	You must complete and file the Form I-765 with no fee and Form I-821 with no fee. Note: DO NOT check any box for the question "I am applying for" listed on Form I-765, as you are NOT requesting an EAD benefit.
You are applying for TPS as a late initial registrant and you are between the ages of 14 and 65 (inclusive).	You are applying for a TPS-related EAD .....	You must complete and file Form I-821 with the \$50 fee or fee waiver request and Form I-765 with fee or a fee waiver request.
You are applying for TPS as a late initial registrant and are under age 14 or over age 65.	You are applying for a TPS-related EAD .....	You must complete and file Form I-821 with the \$50 fee or fee waiver request. You must also submit Form I-765 with no fee.
T≤You are applying for TPS as a late initial registrant, regardless of age.	You are NOT applying for an EAD .....	You must complete and file Form I-821 with the \$50 fee or fee waiver request and Form I-765 with no fee.
Your previous TPS application is still pending.	You are applying to renew your temporary treatment benefits (i.e., an EAD with category "C-19" on its face).	You must complete and file the Form I-765 with fee or a fee waiver request. You must also submit Form I-821 with no fee.

Certain applicants must also submit a Biometric Service Fee (See Table 2).

**TABLE 2.—BIOMETRIC SERVICE FEES**

If	And	Then
You are 14 years of age or older .....	1. You are re-registering for TPS, or .....  2. You are applying for TPS under the late initial registration provisions, or.	You must submit a Biometric Service fee as defined in 8 CFR 103.7.

TABLE 2.—BIOMETRIC SERVICE FEES—Continued

If	And	Then
You are younger than 14 years of age .....	3. Your TPS application is still pending and you are applying to renew temporary treatment benefits (i.e., EAD with category “c-19” on its face). You are applying for an EAD .....	You must submit a Biometric Service fee as defined in 8 CFR 103.7.
You are younger than 14 years of age .....	You are NOT applying for an EAD .....	You do NOT need to submit a biometric fee.

*What edition of the Form I-821 should I submit?*

Only the edition of Form I-821 dated November 5, 2004, or later will be accepted. The revision date can be

found in the bottom right corner of the form. The proper form can be found on the Internet at <http://www.uscis.gov> or by calling the USCIS forms hotline at 1-800-870-3676.

*Where should I submit my application for TPS?*

Please reference Table 3 below to see where to mail your specific application.

TABLE 3.—APPLICATION MAILING DIRECTIONS

If	Then mail to	Or, for Non-United States Postal Service (USPS) deliveries, mail to
You are applying for re-registration or applying to renew your temporary treatment benefits.	U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services Attn: TPS Honduras P.O. Box 6943 Chicago, IL 60680-6943.	U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services Attn: TPS Honduras 427 S. LaSalle—3rd Floor Chicago, IL 60605-1029.
You are applying for TPS for the first time, as a late initial registrant, or you were granted TPS by an Immigration Judge or the Board of Immigration Appeals.	U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services Attn: TPS Honduras P.O. Box 8631 Chicago, IL 60680-8631.	U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services Attn: TPS Honduras [EOIR/Additional Documents] or [Late Initial Registrant] 427 S. LaSalle—3rd Floor, Chicago, IL 60605-1029.

*How will I know if I need to submit supporting documentation with my application package?*

See Table 4 below to determine if you need to submit supporting documentation.

TABLE 4.—WHO SHOULD SUBMIT SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION?

If	Then
One or more of the questions listed in Part 4, Question 2 of Form I-821 applies to you. You were granted TPS by an Immigration Judge or the Board of Immigration Appeals.	You must submit an explanation, on a separate sheet(s) of paper, and/or additional documentation. You may NOT file electronically. You must include evidence of the grant of TPS (such as an order from the Immigration Judge) with your application package. You may NOT file electronically.

*Can I file my application electronically?*

If you are filing for re-registration and do not need to submit supporting documentation with your application, you may file your application electronically. To file your application electronically, follow directions on the USCIS Web site at: <http://www.uscis.gov>.

*What is late initial registration?*

Some persons may be eligible for late initial registration under 8 CFR 244.2. In order to be eligible for late initial registration, an applicant must:

(1) Be a national of Honduras (or an alien who has no nationality and who last habitually resided in Honduras);

(2) Have continuously resided in the United States since December 30, 1998;

(3) Have been continuously physically present in the United States since January 5, 1999; and

(4) Be both admissible as an immigrant, except as provided under section 244(c)(2)(A) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (Act), and not ineligible under section 244(c)(2)(B) of the Act.

Additionally, the applicant must be able to demonstrate that, during the initial registration period (from January 5, 1999 to August 20, 1999), he or she:

(1) Was a nonimmigrant or had been granted voluntary departure status or any relief from removal;

(2) Had an application for change of status, adjustment of status, asylum, voluntary departure, or any relief from removal or change of status pending or subject to further review or appeal;

(3) Was a parolee or had a pending request for reparole; or

(4) Is the spouse or child of an alien currently eligible to be a TPS registrant.

An applicant for late initial registration must file an application for late registration no later than 60 days after the expiration or termination of the conditions described above. 8 CFR 244.2(g). All late initial registration applications for TPS, pursuant to the designation of Honduras, should be submitted to the appropriate address in Chicago, Illinois, as defined in Table 3.

*Are certain aliens ineligible for TPS?*

Yes. There are certain criminal and terrorism-related inadmissibility grounds that render an alien ineligible for TPS. See 8 U.S.C. 1254a(c)(2)(A)(iii). Further, aliens who have been convicted of any felony or two or more misdemeanors committed in the United States are ineligible for TPS under section 244(c)(2)(B)(i) of the Act, 8 U.S.C. 1254a(c)(2)(B)(i), as are aliens described in the bars to asylum in section 208(b)(2)(A) of the Act, 8 U.S.C. 1158(b)(2)(A). See 8 U.S.C. 1254a(c)(2)(B)(ii).

*If I currently have TPS, can I lose my TPS benefits?*

An individual granted TPS will have his or her TPS withdrawn if the alien is not in fact eligible for TPS, if the alien fails to timely re-register for TPS without good cause, or if the alien fails to maintain continuous physical presence in the United States. See 8 U.S.C. 1254a(c)(3)(A)–(C).

*Does TPS lead to lawful permanent residence?*

No. TPS is a temporary benefit that does not lead to lawful permanent residence or confer any other immigration status. 8 U.S.C. 1254a, (f)(1), and (h). When a country's TPS designation is terminated, TPS beneficiaries will maintain the same immigration status that they held prior to TPS (unless that status has since expired or been terminated), or any other status they may have acquired while registered for TPS. Accordingly, if an alien held no lawful immigration status prior to being granted TPS and did not obtain any other status during the TPS period, he or she will revert to unlawful status upon the termination of the TPS designation. Once the Secretary determines that a TPS designation should be terminated, aliens who had TPS under that designation are expected to plan for their departure from the United States.

*May I apply for another immigration benefit while registered for TPS?*

Yes. Registration for TPS does not prevent you from applying for non-immigrant status, filing for adjustment of status based on an immigrant petition, or applying for any other immigration benefit or protection. 8 U.S.C. 1254a(a)(5). For the purposes of change of status and adjustment of status, an alien is considered as being in, and maintaining, lawful status as a nonimmigrant during the period in which the alien is granted TPS. See 8 U.S.C. 1254a(f)(4).

*How does an application for TPS affect my application for asylum or other immigration benefits?*

An application for TPS does not affect an application for asylum or any other immigration benefit. Denial of an application for asylum or any other immigration benefit does not affect an applicant's TPS eligibility, although the grounds for denying one form of relief may also be grounds for denying TPS. For example, a person who has been convicted of a particularly serious crime is not eligible for asylum or TPS. See 8 U.S.C. 1158(b)(2)(A)(ii) and 8 U.S.C. 1254a(c)(2)(B)(ii).

*Does this extension allow nationals of Honduras (or aliens having no nationality who last habitually resided in Honduras) who entered the United States after December 30, 1998, to file for TPS?*

No. An extension of a TPS designation does not change the required dates of continuous residence and continuous physical presence in the United States. This extension does not expand TPS eligibility to those that are not eligible currently. To be eligible for benefits under this extension, nationals of Honduras (or aliens having no nationality who last habitually resided in Honduras) must have continuously resided in the United States since December 30, 1998, and been continuously physically present in the United States since January 5, 1999, the date of the initial designation of Honduras for TPS.

**Employment Authorization Document Automatic Extension Guidelines***Who is eligible to receive an automatic extension of his or her EAD from July 5, 2007 to January 5, 2008?*

To receive an automatic extension of an EAD, an individual must be a national of Honduras (or an alien having no nationality who last habitually resided in Honduras) who has applied for and received an EAD under the designation of Honduras for TPS and who has not had TPS withdrawn or denied. This automatic extension is limited to: (1) EADs issued on Form I-766, Employment Authorization Document, bearing an expiration date of July 5, 2006 on the face AND that have a July 2007 DHS-issued extension sticker on the back of the card; and (2) EADs issued on Form I-766, bearing an expiration date of July 31, 2007. These EADs must also bear the notation "A-12" or "C-19" on the face of the card under "Category."

*If I am currently registered under the designation of Honduras for TPS and am re-registering for TPS, how do I receive an extension of my EAD after the automatic six-month extension?*

You will receive a notice in the mail with instructions as to whether or not you will be required to appear at a USCIS Application Support Center (ASC) for biometrics collection. To increase efficiency and improve customer service, whenever possible USCIS will reuse previously-captured biometrics and conduct the security checks using those biometrics such that you may not be required to appear at an ASC.

Regardless of whether you are required to appear at an ASC, you are required to pay the biometrics fee during this re-registration. USCIS fees fund the cost of processing applications and petitions for immigration benefits and services, and USCIS' associated operating costs. A detailed description of how USCIS developed its current fee schedule is contained in the proposed rule, Adjustment of Certain Fees of the Immigration Examinations Fee Account, 63 FR 1775 (Jan. 12, 1998).

If you are required to report to an ASC, you must bring the following documents: (1) Your receipt notice for your re-registration application; (2) your ASC appointment notice; and (3) your current EAD. If no further action is required for your case, you will receive a new EAD by mail, valid through January 5, 2009. If your case requires further resolution, USCIS will contact you in writing to explain what additional information, if any, is necessary to resolve your case. Once your case is resolved and if your application is approved, you will receive a new EAD in the mail with an expiration date of January 5, 2009.

*May I request an interim EAD at my local District Office?*

No. USCIS will not be issuing interim EADs to TPS applicants and re-registrants at District Offices.

*How may employers determine whether an EAD has been automatically extended for six months through January 5, 2008, and is therefore acceptable for completion of the Form I-9?*

An EAD that has been automatically extended for six months by this Notice through January 5, 2008, will be a Form I-766 bearing the notation "A-12" or "C-19" on the face of the card under "Category," and either: (1) have an expiration date of July 5, 2006 on the face of the card and a July 2007 DHS-

issued extension sticker on the back; or (2) have an expiration date of July 31, 2007 on the face of the card. New EADs or extension stickers showing the January 5, 2008, expiration date of the six-month automatic extension will not be issued. Employers should not request proof of Honduran citizenship.

Employers should accept an EAD as a valid "List A" document and not ask for additional Form I-9, Employment Eligibility Verification, documentation if presented with an EAD that has been extended pursuant to this **Federal Register** Notice, and the EAD reasonably appears on its face to be genuine and to relate to the employee. This does not affect the right of an applicant for employment or an employee to present any legally acceptable document as proof of identity and eligibility for employment.

**Note to Employers:** Employers are reminded that the laws requiring employment eligibility verification and prohibiting unfair immigration-related employment practices remain in full force. This Notice does not supersede or in any way limit applicable employment verification rules and policy guidance, including those setting forth re-verification requirements. See 8 CFR 274a.2(b)(1)(vii). For questions, employers may call the USCIS Office of Business Liaison Employer Hotline at 1-800-357-2099. Also, employers may call the U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Special Counsel for Immigration Related Unfair Employment Practices (OSC) Employer Hotline at 1-800-255-8155 or 1-800-362-2735 (TDD). Employees or applicants may call the OSC Employee Hotline at 1-800-255-7688 or 1-800-237-2515 (TDD) for information regarding the automatic extension. Additional information is available on the OSC Web site at <http://www.usdoj.gov/crt/osc/index.html>.

*How may employers determine an employee's eligibility for employment once the automatic six-month extension expires on January 5, 2008?*

Eligible TPS aliens will possess an EAD with an expiration date of January 5, 2009. The EAD will be a Form I-766 bearing the notation "A-12" or "C-19" on the face of the card under "Category," and should be accepted for the purposes of verifying identity and employment authorization.

*What documents may a qualified individual show to his or her employer as proof of employment authorization and identity when completing Form I-9, Employment Eligibility Verification?*

During the first six months of this extension, qualified individuals who have received a six-month automatic extension of their EADs by virtue of this **Federal Register** Notice may present

their TPS-based EAD to their employer, as described above, as proof of identity and employment authorization through January 5, 2008. To minimize confusion over this extension at the time of hire or re-verification, qualified individuals may also present a copy of this **Federal Register** Notice regarding the automatic extension of employment authorization documentation through January 5, 2008.

After the first six months of this extension and continuing until the end of the extension period, January 5, 2009, a qualified individual may present a new EAD valid through January 5, 2009.

In the alternative, any legally acceptable document or combination of documents listed in List A, List B, or List C of the Form I-9 may be presented as proof of identity and employment eligibility.

[FR Doc. E7-10175 Filed 5-25-07; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410-10-P

## DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

### U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services

[CIS No. 2410-07; DHS Docket No. USCIS-2007-0027]

RIN 1615-ZA49

#### Extension of the Designation of Nicaragua for Temporary Protected Status; Automatic Extension of Employment Authorization Documentation for Nicaraguan TPS Beneficiaries

**AGENCY:** U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services, DHS.

**ACTION:** Notice of extension of temporary protected status designation of Nicaragua.

**SUMMARY:** This Notice announces that the designation of Nicaragua for Temporary Protected Status (TPS) has been extended for 18 months to January 5, 2009, from its current expiration date of July 5, 2007. This Notice also sets forth procedures necessary for nationals of Nicaragua (or aliens having no nationality who last habitually resided in Nicaragua) with TPS to re-register and to apply for an extension of their Employment Authorization Documents (EADs) for the additional 18-month period. Re-registration is limited to persons who have previously registered for TPS under the designation of Nicaragua and whose application has been granted or remains pending. Certain nationals of Nicaragua (or aliens having no nationality who last habitually resided in Nicaragua) who

have not previously applied for TPS may be eligible to apply under the late initial registration provisions.

Given the timeframes involved with processing TPS re-registrants, the Department of Homeland Security (DHS) recognizes that re-registrants may not receive a new EAD until after their current EAD expires on July 5, 2007. Accordingly, this Notice automatically extends the validity of EADs issued under the TPS designation of Nicaragua for six months, through January 5, 2008, and explains how TPS beneficiaries and their employers may determine which EADs are automatically extended. New EADs with the January 5, 2009 expiration date will be issued to eligible TPS beneficiaries who timely re-register and apply for an EAD.

**DATES:** The extension of the TPS designation of Nicaragua is effective July 6, 2007, and will remain in effect until 11:59 p.m. on January 5, 2009. The 60-day re-registration period begins May 29, 2007, and will remain in effect until July 30, 2007. To facilitate processing of applications, applicants are strongly encouraged to file as soon as possible after the start of the 60-day re-registration period beginning on May 29, 2007.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Matthew Horner, Status and Family Branch, Office of Service Center Operations, U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services, Department of Homeland Security, 20 Massachusetts Avenue, NW, 2nd Floor, Washington, DC 20529, telephone (202) 272-1533. This is not a toll-free call. Further information will also be available at local USCIS offices upon publication of this Notice and on the USCIS Web site at <http://uscis.gov>. Note: the phone number provided here is solely for questions regarding this notice and the information contained herein. It is not for individual case status inquiries. Applicants seeking information about the status of their individual case can look up their case in Case Status Online available at the USCIS Web site listed above, or applicants may call the USCIS National Customer Service Center at 1-800-375-5283 (TTY 1-800-767-1833).

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

##### Abbreviations and Terms Used in This Document

Act—Immigration and Nationality Act  
 ASC—USCIS Application Support Center  
 DHS—Department of Homeland Security  
 DOS—Department of State  
 EAD—Employment Authorization Document