Administration Order 7400.9P, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, dated September 1, 2006, and effective September 15, 2006, is amended as follows:

* * * * *

Paragraph 6004 Class E Airspace Areas Designated as an Extension to a Class D Surface Area.

* * * * *

AAL AK E4 Kodiak, AK [Revised]

Kodiak Airport, AK

(Lat. 57°45′00" N., long. 152°29′38" W.)

That airspace extending upward from the surface within 1.3 miles either side of the 072° bearing from the Kodiak Airport, AK, extending from the 3.1-mile radius from the airport, to 4.8 miles east of the airport, and within 1 mile either side of the 091° bearing from the Kodiak Airport, AK, extending from the 3.1-mile radius from the airport, to 6.7 miles east of the airport.

Paragraph 6005 Class E Airspace Extending Upward From 700 Feet or More Above the Surface of the Earth.

* * * * *

AAL AK E5 Kodiak, AK [Revised]

Kodiak Airport, AK

(Lat. 57°45′00″ N., long. 152°29′38″ W.)

That airspace extending upward from 700 feet above the surface within an 6.9-mile radius of the Kodiak Airport, AK, and within 3.1 miles either side of the 072° bearing from the Kodiak Airport, AK, extending from the 6.9-mile radius from the airport, to 12.2 miles east of the airport, and within 1 mile either side of the 091° bearing from the Kodiak Airport, AK, extending from the 6.9-mile radius from the airport, to 8.2 miles east of the airport, and that airspace extending upward from 1,200 feet above the surface within a 73-mile radius of the Kodiak Airport, AK.

* * * * *

Issued in Anchorage, AK, on May 3, 2007. **Anthony M. Wylie,**

Manager, Alaska Flight Services Information Area Group.

[FR Doc. E7–9154 Filed 5–11–07; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-13-P

PEACE CORPS

22 CFR Part 303

RIN 0420-AA21

Freedom of Information Act Administration

AGENCY: Peace Corps. **ACTION:** Direct final rule.

SUMMARY: The Peace Corps is amending its Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) regulations, to permit requesters to use electronic mail when submitting requests, and to increase copy fees to 15

cents per page. The first revision will provide the public with more efficient FOIA responses, and the second revision will cover the costs of materials and upkeep for photocopying services.

DATES: This final rule is effective on June 28, 2007. Without further action, unless adverse comment is received by Peace Corps by June 13, 2007. If adverse comment is received, Peace Corps will publish a timely withdrawal of the rule in the Federal Register.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments by e-mail to sglasow@peacecorps.gov. Include RIN 0420—AA21 in the subject line of the message. You may also submit comments by mail to Suzanne Glasow, Office of the General Counsel, Peace Corps, Suite 8200, 1111 20th Street, NW., Washington, DC 20526. Contact Suzanne Glasow for copies of comments.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Suzanne Glasow, Associate General Counsel, 202–692–2150, sglasow@peacecorps.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The revisions to the Peace Corps' FOIA regulations include a change in the manner of making FOIA requests, and an increased fee for copying documents released under FOIA. First, consistent with the E-Government Act, Peace Corps proposes to begin allowing FOIA requesters to make FOIA requests through e-mail. Second, Peace Corps is revising its FOIA regulations to increase the standard copying charge from 10 cents to 15 cents per page. By increasing fees, the agency will be able to fully cover the costs of paper and machine maintenance associated with providing a large quantity of photocopies.

Section-by-Section Analysis

Section 308.8 Requests for Records

Subpart (b) is amended to permit requesters to make FOIA requests through e-mail.

Section 303.13 Fees

Subpart (e) is amended to increase the reasonable standard charge for duplication by paper copy from 10 cents to 15 cents.

Executive Order 12866

This regulation has been determined to be non-significant within the meaning of Executive Order 12866.

Regulatory Flexibility Act of 1980 (5 U.S.C. 605(b))

This regulatory action will not have a significant adverse impact on a substantial number of small entities.

Unfunded Mandates Act of 1995 (Sec. 202, Pub. L. 104–4)

This regulatory action does not contain a Federal mandate that will result in the expenditure by State, local, and tribal governments, in aggregate, or by the private sector of \$100 or more in any one year.

Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C., Chapter 35)

This regulatory action will not impose any additional reporting or recordkeeping requirements under the Paperwork Reduction Act.

Federalism (Executive Order 13132)

This regulatory action does not have Federalism implications, as set forth in Executive Order 13132. It will not have substantial direct effects on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government.

List of Subjects in 22 CFR Part 303

Freedom of Information.

■ For reasons set out in the preamble, the Peace Corps amends 22 CFR part 303 as follows:

PART 303—PROCEDURES FOR DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION UNDER THE FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT

■ 1. The authority citation for part 303 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 5 U.S.C. 552; 22 U.S.C. 2501, et seq.; E.O. 12137, 44 FR 29023, 3 CFR, 1979 Comp., p. 389; E.O. 12600, 52 FR 23781, 3 CFR, 1987 Comp., p. 235.

■ 2. In § 303.8, paragraph (b) is revised to read as follows:

§ 303.8 Requests for records.

* * * * *

(b) Requests. Requests for records under this section shall be made in writing via regular mail, e-mail, or facsimile and, as applicable, the envelope, letter or subject line shall be clearly marked "Freedom of Information Request." All requests shall be addressed to the FOIA Officer. Requests by letter shall use the address given in § 303.5(a) and requests by e-mail must be sent to the FOIA electronic mailbox address foia@peacecorps.gov. Any request not marked and addressed as specified in this paragraph will be so marked by Peace Corps personnel as soon as the request is properly identified. The request will then be forwarded immediately to the FOIA Officer. A request improperly addressed will not be deemed to have been

received for purposes of the time period set out in paragraph (h) of this section until it has been received by the FOIA Officer. Upon receipt of an improperly addressed request, the FOIA Officer shall notify the requester of the date on which the time period began. The request shall be stamped "received" on the date it is received by the FOIA Office. Any request received by e-mail shall be printed on paper and stamped on the date it is received by the FOIA Office.

■ 3. In § 303.13, paragraph (e)(3) is revised to read as follows:

§ 303.13 Fees.

* * * * : (e) * * *

(3) Duplication by paper copy: 15 cents per page;

Dated: May 8, 2007.

Tyler S. Posey,

General Counsel.

[FR Doc. 07–2349 Filed 5–11–07; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6051-01-M

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 52

[EPA-R07-OAR-2007-0015; FRL-8312-5]

Approval and Promulgation of Implementation Plans; State of Iowa

AGENCY: Environmental Protection

Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: EPA is approving a State Implementation Plan (SIP) submission by the state of Iowa which revises the air quality rules to include portions of the Federal New Source Review (NSR) regulations promulgated by EPA in December 2002. These revisions do not include the portion of the rules for nonattainment areas as there are currently no nonattainment areas in the state of Iowa. The definitions and applicability portions of the Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) program were written into the state rules while the remaining portions of the PSD program were adopted by reference. All references to clean units and pollution control projects are not adopted by reference. Iowa has also not adopted portions of the Federal rule relating to exceptions from recordkeeping requirements.

DATES: This rule is effective on June 13, 2007.

ADDRESSES: EPA has established a docket for this action under Docket ID No. EPA-R07-OAR-2007-0015. All documents in the docket are listed on the http://www.regulations.gov Web site. Although listed in the index, some information is not publicly available, *i.e.*, CBI or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute. Certain other material, such as copyrighted material, is not placed on the Internet and will be publicly available only in hard copy form. Publicly available docket materials are available either electronically through http://www.regulations.gov or in hard copy at the Environmental Protection Agency, Air Planning and Development Branch, 901 North 5th Street, Kansas City, Kansas. The Regional Office's official hours of business are Monday through Friday, 8 to 4:30 excluding Federal holidays. The interested persons wanting to examine these documents should make an appointment with the office at least 24 hours in advance.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Heather Hamilton at (913) 551–7039, or by e-mail at hamilton.heather@epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Throughout this document whenever "we," "us," or "our" is used, we mean EPA. This section provides additional information by addressing the following questions:

What is a SIP?

What is the Federal approval process for a SIP?

What does Federal approval of a State regulation mean to me?
What is the background for this action?
What is being addressed in this document?
Have the requirements for approval of a SIP revision been met?

What action is EPA taking?

What is a SIP?

Section 110 of the Clean Air Act (CAA) requires states to develop air pollution regulations and control strategies to ensure that state air quality meets the national ambient air quality standards established by EPA. These ambient standards are established under section 109 of the CAA, and they currently address six criteria pollutants. These pollutants are: carbon monoxide, nitrogen dioxide, ozone, lead, particulate matter, and sulfur dioxide.

Each state must submit these regulations and control strategies to us for approval and incorporation into the federally-enforceable SIP.

Each federally-approved SIP protects air quality primarily by addressing air pollution at its point of origin. These SIPs can be extensive, containing state regulations or other enforceable documents and supporting information

such as emission inventories, monitoring networks, and modeling demonstrations.

What is the Federal approval process for a SIP?

In order for State regulations to be incorporated into the Federally-enforceable SIP, States must formally adopt the regulations and control strategies consistent with State and Federal requirements. This process generally includes a public notice, public hearing, public comment period, and a formal adoption by a state-authorized rulemaking body.

Once a State rule, regulation, or control strategy is adopted, the State submits it to us for inclusion into the SIP. We must provide public notice and seek additional public comment regarding the final Federal action on the State submission. If adverse comments are received, they must be addressed prior to any final Federal action by us.

All State regulations and supporting information approved by EPA under section 110 of the Clean Air Act (CAA or Act) are incorporated into the Federally-approved SIP. Records of such SIP actions are maintained in the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) at title 40, part 52, entitled "Approval and Promulgation of Implementation Plans." The actual state regulations which are approved are not reproduced in their entirety in the CFR outright but are "incorporated by reference," which means that we have approved a given state regulation with a specific effective date.

What does Federal approval of a State regulation mean to me?

Enforcement of the State regulation before and after it is incorporated into the Federally-approved SIP is primarily a State responsibility. However, after the regulation is Federally-approved, we are authorized to take enforcement action against violators. Citizens are also offered legal recourse to address violations as described in section 304 of the CAA.

What is the background of this action?

The 2002 NSR Reform rules are part of EPA's implementation of parts C and D of title I of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. 7470–7515. Part C of title I of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. 7470–7492, is the Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) program, which applies in areas that meet the National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS), also known as "attainment areas" and in areas for which there is insufficient information to determine whether the area meets the NAAQS, also known as "unclassifiable" areas.