part 51. Contact British Aerospace Regional Aircraft American Support, 13850 Mclearen Road, Herndon, Virginia 20171, for a copy of this service information. You may review copies at the Docket Management Facility, U.S. Department of Transportation, 400 Seventh Street, SW., Room PL-401, Nassif Building, Washington, DC; on the Internet at http://dms.dot.gov; or at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at the NARA, call (202) 741-6030, or go to http://www.archives.gov/ federal_register/code_of_federal_regulations/ ibr_locations.html.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on December 1, 2006.

Kevin M. Mullin.

Acting Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service. [FR Doc. E6-20952 Filed 12-11-06; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910-13-P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 2004-NE-19-AD; Amendment 39-13197; AD 2004-26-05]

RIN 2120-AA64

Airworthiness Directives; Rolls-Royce plc RB211-524 Series Turbofan **Engines**; Correction

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration, DOT.

ACTION: Final rule; correction.

SUMMARY: This document makes a correction to airworthiness directive (AD) 2004-26-05 applicable to certain Rolls-Royce plc (RR) RB211-524 series turbofan engines that was published in the Federal Register on January 5, 2005. The part number UL29916 in the Applicability section is incorrect. This document corrects that part number. In all other respects, the original document remains the same.

DATES: Effective Date: December 12,

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ian Dargin, Aerospace Engineer, Engine Certification Office, FAA, Engine and Propeller Directorate, 12 New England Executive Park, Burlington, MA 01803-5299; telephone (781) 238-7178; fax (781) 238-7199.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: A final rule airworthiness directive FR Doc, 05-85 applicable to RR RB211-524 series turbofan engines, was published in the Federal Register on January 5, 2005 (70 FR 681). The following correction is needed:

§ 39.13 [Corrected]

■ On page 682, in the first column, in the PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES Section, in the Applicability paragraph, in the second line, "UL29916" is corrected to read

Issued in Burlington, Massachusetts, on December 5, 2006.

Diane M. Cook,

Acting Manager, Engine and Propeller Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service. [FR Doc. E6-21122 Filed 12-11-06; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910-13-P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Food and Drug Administration

21 CFR Part 558

New Animal Drugs For Use in Animal Feeds; Tylosin

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration,

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is amending the animal drug regulations to reflect approval of a supplemental new animal drug application (NADA) filed by Elanco Animal Health, A Division of Eli Lilly & Co. The supplemental NADA provides for an alternate feeding regimen for tylosin phosphate in Type C medicated swine feeds used for the control of swine proliferative enteropathies.

DATES: This rule is effective December 12, 2006.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Joan

C. Gotthardt, Center for Veterinary Medicine (HFV-130), Food and Drug Administration, 7500 Standish Pl., Rockville, MD 20855, 301-827-7571, email: joan.gotthardt@fda.hhs.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Elanco Animal Health, A Division of Eli Lilly & Co., Lilly Corporate Center, Indianapolis, IN 46285, filed a supplement to NADA 12-491 that provides for use of TYLAN (tylosin phosphate) Type A medicated articles. The supplement provides for an alternate feeding regimen for the control of swine proliferative enteropathies (ileitis) associated with Lawsonia intracellularis. In addition, Elanco Animal Health revised the names of other enteric pathogens of swine to reflect changes in the scientific nomenclature for these bacteria. The supplemental NADA is approved as of November 7, 2006, and the regulations

in 21 CFR 558.625 are amended to reflect the approval. The basis of approval is discussed in the freedom of information summary.

In accordance with the freedom of information provisions of 21 CFR part 20 and 21 CFR 514.11(e)(2)(ii), a summary of safety and effectiveness data and information submitted to support approval of this application may be seen in the Division of Dockets Management (HFA-305), Food and Drug Administration, 5630 Fishers Lane, rm. 1061, Rockville, MD 20852, between 9 a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through Friday.

Under section 512(c)(2)(F)(iii) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 360b(c)(2)(F)(iii)), this approval qualifies for 3 years of marketing exclusivity beginning November 7, 2006.

FDA has determined under 21 CFR 25.33(a)(1) that this action is of a type that does not individually or cumulatively have a significant effect on the human environment. Therefore, neither an environmental assessment nor an environmental impact statement is required.

This rule does not meet the definition of "rule" in 5 U.S.C. 804(3)(A) because it is a rule of "particular applicability." Therefore, it is not subject to the congressional review requirements in 5 U.S.C. 801-808.

List of Subjects in 21 CFR Part 558

Animal drugs, Animal feeds.

■ Therefore, under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act and under authority delegated to the Commissioner of Food and Drugs and redelegated to the Center for Veterinary Medicine, 21 CFR part 558 is amended as follows:

PART 558—NEW ANIMAL DRUGS FOR **USE IN ANIMAL FEEDS**

■ 1. The authority citation for 21 CFR part 558 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 21 U.S.C. 360b, 371.

■ 2. In § 558.625, revise paragraphs (f)(1)(i)(b), (f)(1)(vi)(b)(1), (f)(1)(vi)(c)(1),and (f)(1)(vi)(e)(1) to read as follows:

§ 558.625 Tylosin.

(f) * * *

- * (1) * * *
- (i) * * *
- (b) Indications for use. For reduction of incidence of liver abscesses caused by Fusobacterium necrophorum and Arcanobacterium (Actinomyces) pyogenes.

* (vi) * * * (b) * * *

(1) Indications for use. For control of swine dysentery associated with Brachyspira hyodysenteriae, and for control of porcine proliferative enteropathies (ileitis) associated with Lawsonia intracellularis.

* * * * * * (C) * * *

(1) Indications for use. For treatment and control of swine dysentery associated with *B. hyodysenteriae*.

* * (e) * * *

(1) Indications for use. For control of porcine proliferative enteropathies (ileitis) associated with *L. intracellularis*.

Dated: November 29, 2006.

David R. Newkirk,

Acting Director, Office of New Animal Drug Evaluation, Center for Veterinary Medicine. [FR Doc. E6–21021 Filed 12–11–06; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4160–01–8

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

Internal Revenue Service

26 CFR Part 1

[TD 9301]

RIN 1545-BF89

Reduction in Taxable Income for Housing Hurricane Katrina Displaced Individuals

AGENCY: Internal Revenue Service (IRS), Treasury.

ACTION: Temporary regulations.

summary: This document contains temporary regulations relating to the reduction in taxable income under section 302 of the Katrina Emergency Tax Relief Act of 2005. The regulations affect taxpayers who provide housing in their principal residences to individuals displaced by Hurricane Katrina. The text of the temporary regulations also serves as the text of the proposed regulations set forth in the notice of proposed rulemaking on this subject in the Proposed Rules section in this issue of the Federal Register.

DATES: Effective Date: These regulations are effective December 11, 2006.

Applicability Date: For date of applicability, see § 1.9300–1T(g).

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Marnette M. Myers, 202–622–4920 (not a toll-free number).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

This document contains amendments to the Income Tax Regulations (26 CFR

part 1) relating to the reduction in taxable income for housing provided to displaced individuals under section 302 of the Katrina Emergency Tax Relief Act of 2005 (Pub. L. No. 109–73, 119 Stat. 2016) (KETRA).

For taxable years beginning in 2005 and 2006, a taxpayer may reduce taxable income by \$500 for each Hurricane Katrina displaced individual to whom the taxpayer provides free housing in the taxpayer's principal residence for a period of 60 consecutive days that ends in the taxable year. No reduction is allowed if the taxpayer receives rent or other compensation from any source for providing the housing.

A taxpayer may not claim a reduction in taxable income with respect to the same Hurricane Katrina displaced individual in more than one taxable year and must include the Hurricane Katrina displaced individual's tax identification number on the taxpayer's return. Generally, the total reduction for all taxable years is \$2,000.

A Hurricane Katrina displaced individual is defined as a natural person who was displaced from a principal place of abode that, on August 28, 2005, was in the Hurricane Katrina core disaster area. A Hurricane Katrina displaced individual also is defined as an individual whose principal place of abode was located in the Hurricane Katrina disaster area, but outside the core disaster area, if the abode was damaged by Hurricane Katrina or the individual was evacuated from the abode because of Hurricane Katrina. A Hurricane Katrina displaced individual may not be the taxpayer's spouse or dependent.

Under section 2(1) of KETRA, the Hurricane Katrina disaster area is the area with respect to which a major disaster by reason of Hurricane Katrina has been declared by the President before September 14, 2005, under section 401 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5170) (Stafford Act). For purposes of relief provided under KETRA, this area comprises the states of Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama, and Florida. Under section 2(2) of KETRA, the Hurricane Katrina core disaster area is the portion of the Hurricane Katrina disaster area determined by the President to warrant individual or individual and public assistance from the Federal government under the Stafford Act. See Appendix to Notice 2005-73 (2005-42 I.R.B. 723) (Oct. 17, 2005) (listing parishes and counties designated for assistance under the Stafford Act).

Explanation of Provisions

Provision of Housing

The temporary regulations provide that a taxpayer is considered to provide housing if the housing is provided either in, or on the site of, the taxpayer's principal residence. In addition, the taxpayer must be an owner or lessee of the residence to be treated as providing housing to a Hurricane Katrina displaced individual. The term principal residence has the same meaning as in section 121 and the regulations thereunder. Amounts in connection with the provision of housing (for which the taxpayer may not be reimbursed or compensated) include rent and utilities. Amounts for telephone calls, food, clothing and transportation are not amounts in connection with the provision of housing for this purpose.

Limitations on Amount of Reduction

The temporary regulations provide that the \$2,000 aggregate limit on the reduction in taxable income applies to unmarried individuals and married taxpayers filing a joint tax return. Married taxpayers who file separate returns may reduce taxable income by \$1,000 each for all taxable years.

The temporary regulations clarify that a taxpayer may reduce taxable income with respect to a specific Hurricane Katrina displaced individual in 2005 or 2006, but not both years. Additionally, the temporary regulations provide that a Hurricane Katrina displaced individual may be taken into account by only one taxpayer occupying the same principal residence.

Effective Date

The temporary regulations apply to taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, and before January 1, 2007, and ending on or after December 11, 2006, which is the date the temporary regulations were filed with the Federal Register. Taxpayers may rely on the temporary regulations with respect to taxable years ending before the filing date, but may not rely on the absence of regulations for taxable years ending before the filing date for a result contrary to that under the temporary regulations.

Special Analyses

It has been determined that this Treasury decision is not a significant regulatory action as defined in Executive Order 12866. Therefore, a regulatory assessment is not required. It also has been determined that section 553(b) of the Administrative Procedure Act (5 U.S.C. chapter 5) does not apply