

- An area where the percentage of the population living in poverty is at least 20 percent;

- An area in a Metropolitan Area where the median family income is at or below 80 percent of the Metropolitan Area median family income or the national Metropolitan Area median family income, whichever is greater;

- An area outside of a Metropolitan Area, where the median family income is at or below 80 percent of the statewide non-Metropolitan Area median family income or the national non-Metropolitan Area median family income, whichever is greater;

- An area where the unemployment rate is at least 1.5 times the national average;

- An area meeting the criteria for economic distress that may be established by the Community Development Financial Institutions Fund (CDFI) of the United States Department of the Treasury.

In addition, the local community, neighborhood, or rural district must be underserved, based on data considered by the NCUA Board and the Federal banking agencies.

Once an underserved area is added to a Federal credit union's field of membership, the credit union must establish and maintain an office or service facility in the community within two years. A service facility is defined as a place where shares are accepted for members' accounts, loan applications are accepted and loans are disbursed. This definition includes a credit union owned branch, a shared branch, a mobile branch, an office operated on a regularly scheduled weekly basis, or a credit union owned facility that meets, at a minimum, these requirements. This definition does not include an ATM or the credit union's Internet Web site.

The Federal credit union adding the underserved community must document that the community meets the definition for serving underserved areas in the Federal Credit Union Act. Adding an underserved community does not change the charter type of a multiple common-bond federal credit union. In order to receive the benefits afforded to low-income designated credit unions, such as expanded use of nonmember deposits and access to the Community Development Revolving Loan Program for Credit Unions, a credit union must receive low-income designation pursuant to 12 CFR 701.34.

A Federal credit union that desires to include an underserved community in its field of membership must first develop a business plan specifying how it will serve the community. The business plan, at a minimum, must

identify the credit and depository needs of the community and detail how the credit union plans to serve those needs. The credit union will be expected to review the business plan regularly to determine if the community is being adequately served. The regional director may require periodic service status reports from a credit union about the underserved area to ensure that the needs of the community are being met as well as requiring such reports before NCUA allows a multiple common-bond Federal credit union to add an additional underserved area.

[FR Doc. E6-10134 Filed 6-27-06; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 7535-01-P**

## DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

### Federal Aviation Administration

#### 14 CFR Part 39

**[Docket No. FAA-2006-25175; Directorate Identifier 2006-NM-099-AD; Amendment 39-14670; AD 2006-13-17]**

**RIN 2120-AA64**

#### **Airworthiness Directives; Boeing Model 757-200 Series Airplanes Modified by Supplemental Type Certificate (STC) SA979NE**

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Department of Transportation (DOT).

**ACTION:** Final rule; request for comments.

**SUMMARY:** The FAA is adopting a new airworthiness directive (AD) for certain Boeing Model 757-200 series airplanes. This AD requires a one-time deactivation of the auxiliary fuel system, repetitive venting and draining of the auxiliary fuel tank sumps, and revising the Limitations section of the airplane flight manual to limit the maximum cargo weight. This AD results from a re-evaluation of the floor structure and cargo barriers conducted by the STC holder. We are issuing this AD to prevent structural overload of the auxiliary fuel tank support structure, which could cause the floor beams to fail, damaging the primary flight controls and the auxiliary power unit fuel lines that pass through the floor beams, resulting in loss of control of the airplane. We are also issuing this AD to prevent structural overload of the cargo barriers, which could cause the barriers to fail, allowing the cargo to shift, resulting in damage to the auxiliary fuel tanks, residual fuel leakage, and consequent increased risk of a fire.

**DATES:** This AD becomes effective July 13, 2006.

The Director of the Federal Register approved the incorporation by reference of certain publications listed in the AD as of July 13, 2006.

We must receive comments on this AD by August 28, 2006.

**ADDRESSES:** Use one of the following addresses to submit comments on this AD.

- DOT Docket Web site: Go to <http://dms.dot.gov> and follow the instructions for sending your comments electronically.

- Government-wide rulemaking Web site: Go to <http://www.regulations.gov> and follow the instructions for sending your comments electronically.

- Mail: Docket Management Facility; U.S. Department of Transportation, 400 Seventh Street, SW., Nassif Building, Room PL-401, Washington, DC 20590.

- Fax: (202) 493-2251.

- Hand Delivery: Room PL-401 on the plaza level of the Nassif Building, 400 Seventh Street, SW., Washington, DC, between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

Contact PATS Aircraft, LLC, Product Support, 21652 Nanticoke Avenue, Georgetown, DE 19947, for service information identified in this AD.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Jon Hjelm, Aerospace Engineer, Airframe and Propulsion Branch, ANE-171, FAA, New York Aircraft Certification Office, 1600 Stewart Avenue, Suite 410, Westbury, New York 11590; telephone (516) 228-7323; fax (516) 794-5531.

#### **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**

##### **Discussion**

PATS Aircraft (holder of Supplemental Type Certificate (STC) SA979NE) notified us that it has determined that Model 757-200 series airplanes equipped with auxiliary fuel tank systems installed by STC SA979NE have insufficient structural strength in the auxiliary fuel tank support structure. The STC holder has also determined that the cargo barriers have insufficient structural strength if subjected to emergency landing loads with more than 2,000 pounds of cargo in the cargo compartment. These determinations were based on a new structural analysis resulting from a re-evaluation of the floor structure and cargo barriers conducted by the STC holder. Structural overload of the auxiliary fuel tank support structure could cause the floor beams to fail, damaging the primary flight controls and the auxiliary power unit fuel lines that pass through the floor beams; this condition, if not corrected, could result in loss of control

of the airplane. Structural overload of the cargo barriers could cause the barriers to fail, allowing the cargo to shift; this condition, if not corrected, could result in damage to the auxiliary fuel tanks, residual fuel leakage, and consequent increased risk of a fire.

**Relevant Service Information**

We have reviewed PATS Aircraft Service Bulletin SA979NE-28-SB-28\_IR, dated April 3, 2006. The service bulletin describes procedures for deactivating the auxiliary fuel system,

and installing new cargo loading weight limits and "INOP" placards, depending on the airplane configuration. The service bulletin also describes procedures for venting any residual air pressure from the auxiliary fuel tanks following each flight and draining the auxiliary fuel tank sumps to regularly remove any residual fuel that may accumulate over time due to leakage around the auxiliary fuel tank valves. Paragraph I.D. ("Description") of the service bulletin describes limiting the

maximum cargo weight to 2,000 pounds (as specified on the new cargo weight placards) in the forward and aft cargo compartments, as applicable, depending on the STC configuration of the airplane.

We have also reviewed the PATS Aircraft supplements to the Limitations section of the Boeing 757-200 Airplane Flight Manual (AFM), which are identified in the following table. These AFM supplements provide revised maximum cargo weight limits.

TABLE.—APPLICABLE AFM SUPPLEMENTS FOR REVISED CARGO WEIGHT LIMITS

For airplanes having S/Ns—	Use PATS Aircraft AFM supplement—
29025, 29026, 29027, and 29028 (STC Configuration F, which has been upgraded to Configuration H) .....	142, dated May 31, 2006.
24923 (STC Configuration A) .....	143, dated May 31, 2006.
25155 and 25220 (STC Configuration C & D) .....	144, dated May 31, 2006.
28463 (STC Configuration E) .....	145, dated May 31, 2006.
22690 and 25487 (STC Configuration B & G) .....	146, dated May 31, 2006.

**FAA's Determination and Requirements of This AD**

The unsafe conditions described previously are likely to exist or develop on other airplanes of the same type design. We are issuing this AD to prevent structural overload of the auxiliary fuel tank support structure, which could cause the floor beams to fail, damaging the primary flight controls and the auxiliary power unit fuel lines that pass through the floor beams, resulting in loss of control of the airplane. We are also issuing this AD to prevent structural overload of the cargo barriers, which could cause the barriers to fail, allowing the cargo to shift, resulting in damage to the auxiliary fuel tanks, residual fuel leakage, and consequent increased risk of a fire. This AD requires accomplishing the actions specified in the service information described previously, except as discussed under "Differences Between the AD and the Service Bulletin."

**Differences Between the AD and the Service Bulletin**

PATS Aircraft Service Bulletin SA979NE-28-SB-28\_IR, dated April 3, 2006, does not specify a compliance time for deactivating the auxiliary fuel system or implementing the new cargo weight limits. In developing an appropriate compliance time for those actions in this AD, we considered the degree of urgency associated with the subject unsafe condition, the average utilization of the affected fleet, and the time necessary to perform the deactivation (3 hours) and AFM revision. In light of all of these factors,

we find that a 30-day compliance time represents an appropriate interval of time for affected airplanes to continue to operate without compromising safety.

**Interim Action**

We consider this AD interim action. The STC holder is currently developing a modification that will address the unsafe conditions identified in this AD. Once this modification is developed, approved, and available, we may consider additional rulemaking.

**FAA's Determination of the Effective Date**

Since unsafe conditions exists that require the immediate adoption of this AD, we have found that notice and opportunity for public comment before issuing this AD are impracticable, and that good cause exists to make this AD effective in less than 30 days.

**Comments Invited**

This AD is a final rule that involves requirements that affect flight safety and was not preceded by notice and an opportunity for public comment; however, we invite you to submit any relevant written data, views, or arguments regarding this AD. Send your comments to an address listed in the ADDRESSES section. Include "Docket No. FAA-2006-25175; Directorate Identifier 2006-NM-099-AD" at the beginning of your comments. We specifically invite comments on the overall regulatory, economic, environmental, and energy aspects of the AD that might suggest a need to modify it.

We will post all comments we receive, without change, to [http://](http://dms.dot.gov)

[dms.dot.gov](http://dms.dot.gov), including any personal information you provide. We will also post a report summarizing each substantive verbal contact with FAA personnel concerning this AD. Using the search function of that Web site, anyone can find and read the comments in any of our dockets, including the name of the individual who sent the comment (or signed the comment on behalf of an association, business, labor union, etc.). You may review the DOT's complete Privacy Act Statement in the **Federal Register** published on April 11, 2000 (65 FR 19477-78), or you may visit <http://dms.dot.gov>.

**Examining the Docket**

You may examine the AD docket on the Internet at <http://dms.dot.gov>, or in person at the Docket Management Facility office between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. The Docket Management Facility office (telephone (800) 647-5227) is located on the plaza level of the Nassif Building at the DOT street address stated in the ADDRESSES section. Comments will be available in the AD docket shortly after the Docket Management System receives them.

**Authority for This Rulemaking**

Title 49 of the United States Code specifies the FAA's authority to issue rules on aviation safety. Subtitle I, section 106, describes the authority of the FAA Administrator. Subtitle VII, Aviation Programs, describes in more detail the scope of the Agency's authority.

We are issuing this rulemaking under the authority described in subtitle VII,

part A, subpart III, section 44701, "General requirements." Under that section, Congress charges the FAA with promoting safe flight of civil aircraft in air commerce by prescribing regulations for practices, methods, and procedures the Administrator finds necessary for safety in air commerce. This regulation is within the scope of that authority because it addresses unsafe conditions that are likely to exist or develop on products identified in this rulemaking action.

**Regulatory Findings**

We have determined that this AD will not have federalism implications under Executive Order 13132. This AD will not have a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the National government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that the regulation:

1. Is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866;
2. Is not a "significant rule" under the DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979); and
3. Will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

We prepared a regulatory evaluation of the estimated costs to comply with this AD and placed it in the AD docket. See the **ADDRESSES** section for a location to examine the regulatory evaluation.

**List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39**

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Incorporation by reference, Safety.

**Adoption of the Amendment**

Accordingly, under the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the FAA amends 14 CFR part 39 as follows:

**PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES**

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

**§ 39.13 [Amended]**

2. The Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) amends § 39.13 by adding the following new airworthiness directive (AD):

**2006-13-17 PATS Inc.:** Amendment 39-14670. Docket No. FAA-2006-25175; Directorate Identifier 2006-NM-099-AD.

**Effective Date**

(a) This AD becomes effective July 13, 2006.

**Affected ADs**

(b) None.

**Applicability**

(c) This AD applies to Boeing Model 757-200 series airplanes, certificated in any category; modified by Supplemental Type Certificate (STC) SA979NE, having serial numbers identified in PATS Aircraft Service Bulletin SA979NE-28-SB-28\_IR, dated April 3, 2006.

**Unsafe Condition**

(d) This AD results from a re-evaluation of the floor structure and cargo barriers

conducted by the STC holder. We are issuing this AD to prevent structural overload of the auxiliary fuel tank support structure, which could cause the floor beams to fail, damaging the primary flight controls and the auxiliary power unit fuel lines that pass through the floor beams, resulting in loss of control of the airplane. We are also issuing this AD to prevent structural overload of the cargo barriers, which could cause the barriers to fail, allowing the cargo to shift, resulting in damage to the auxiliary fuel tanks, residual fuel leakage, and consequent increased risk of a fire.

**Compliance**

(e) You are responsible for having the actions required by this AD performed within the compliance times specified, unless the actions have already been done.

**Service Bulletin References**

(f) The term "service bulletin," as used in this AD, means the Accomplishment Instructions and Maintenance Requirements of PATS Aircraft Service Bulletin SA979NE-28-SB-28-IR, dated April 3, 2006.

**Deactivation of the Auxiliary Fuel System and Revised Cargo Weight Limits**

(g) Within 30 days after the effective date of this AD: Do the actions in paragraphs (g)(1) and (g)(2) of this AD. Thereafter, do the actions in paragraphs (h) and (i) of this AD at the times specified in those paragraphs.

(1) Deactivate the auxiliary fuel system by doing all of the actions specified in Part III and all of the actions for the applicable airplane configuration specified in Part IV of the service bulletin.

(2) Revise the Limitations section of the Boeing 757-200 Airplane Flight Manual (AFM) to include revised maximum cargo weight limits specified in the applicable AFM supplement identified in Table 1 of this AD. Operate the airplane according to the limitations in the AFM supplements.

TABLE 1.—APPLICABLE AFM SUPPLEMENTS FOR REVISED CARGO WEIGHT LIMITS

For airplanes having S/Ns—	Use PATS Aircraft AFM supplement—
29025, 29026, 29027, and 29028 (STC Configuration F, which has been upgraded to Configuration H) .....	142, dated May 31, 2006.
24923 (STC Configuration A) .....	143, dated May 31, 2006.
25155 and 25220 (STC Configuration C & D) .....	144, dated May 31, 2006.
28463 (STC Configuration E) .....	145, dated May 31, 2006.
22690 and 25487 (STC Configuration B & G) .....	146, dated May 31, 2006.

**Repetitive Venting of the Built-Up Pressure in the Auxiliary Fuel Tanks**

(h) After deactivating the auxiliary fuel system as specified in paragraph (g) of this AD: Following each flight, vent the auxiliary fuel tanks by doing all of the actions specified in paragraph A. of Part V of the service bulletin.

**Repetitive Draining of the Fuel Tank Sumps for Residual Fuel**

(i) At intervals not to exceed 100 flight cycles following deactivation of the auxiliary fuel system, as specified in paragraph (g) of

this AD: Drain the auxiliary fuel tank sumps to remove any built-up residual fuel by doing all of the actions specified in paragraph B. of Part V of the service bulletin.

**Special Flight Permits**

(j) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with sections 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the airplane to a location where the airplane can be modified, provided the airplane is operated with the auxiliary fuel tanks empty.

**Alternative Methods of Compliance (AMOCs)**

(k)(1) The Manager, New York Aircraft Certification Office (ACO), FAA, has the authority to approve AMOCs for this AD, if requested in accordance with the procedures found in 14 CFR 39.19.

(2) Before using any AMOC approved in accordance with § 39.19 on any airplane to which the AMOC applies, notify the appropriate principal inspector in the FAA Flight Standards Certificate Holding District Office.

**Material Incorporated by Reference**

(l) You must use PATS Aircraft Service Bulletin SA979NE-28-SB-28\_IR, dated April 3, 2006, and the applicable PATS Aircraft supplement to the Boeing 757-200 Airplane Flight Manual identified in Table 2 of this AD, as applicable, to perform the actions that are required by this AD, unless the AD specifies otherwise.

**TABLE 2.—AIRPLANE FLIGHT MANUAL SUPPLEMENTS FOR INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE**

PATS Aircraft airplane flight manual supplement—	Dated—
142 .....	May 31, 2006.
143 .....	May 31, 2006.
144 .....	May 31, 2006.
145 .....	May 31, 2006.
146 .....	May 31, 2006.

The Director of the Federal Register approved the incorporation by reference of these documents in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. Contact PATS Aircraft, LLC, Product Support, 21652 Nanticoke Avenue, Georgetown, DE 19947, for a copy of this service information. You may review copies at the Docket Management Facility, U.S. Department of Transportation, 400 Seventh Street, SW., Room PL-401, Nassif Building, Washington, DC; on the Internet at <http://dms.dot.gov>; or at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at the NARA, call (202) 741-6030, or go to [http://www.archives.gov/federal\\_register/code\\_of\\_federal\\_regulations/ibr\\_locations.html](http://www.archives.gov/federal_register/code_of_federal_regulations/ibr_locations.html).

Issued in Renton, Washington, on June 15, 2006.

**Ali Bahrami,**

*Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.*

[FR Doc. 06-5702 Filed 6-27-06; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 4910-13-P**

**DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

**Federal Aviation Administration**

**14 CFR Part 39**

**[Docket No. FAA-2006-23890; Directorate Identifier 2005-NM-229-AD; Amendment 39-14633; AD 2006-12-08]**

**RIN 2120-AA64**

**Airworthiness Directives; Goodrich Evacuation Systems Approved Under Technical Standard Order (TSO) TSO-C69b and Installed on Airbus Model A330-200 and -300 Series Airplanes, Model A340-200 and -300 Series Airplanes, and Model A340-541 and -642 Airplanes**

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Department of Transportation (DOT).

**ACTION:** Final rule; correction.

**SUMMARY:** The FAA is correcting an inadvertent error in an existing airworthiness directive (AD) that was published in the **Federal Register** on June 12, 2006 (71 FR 33606). The error resulted in an incorrect reference to the airplane manufacturer instead of the TSO holder. This AD applies to Goodrich evacuation systems approved under TSO-C69b and installed on certain Airbus Model A330-200 and -300 series airplanes, Model A340-200 and -300 series airplanes, and Model A340-541 and -642 airplanes. This AD requires inspecting to determine the part number of the pressure relief valves on the affected Goodrich evacuation systems, and corrective action if necessary.

**DATES:** Effective July 17, 2006.

**ADDRESSES:** The AD docket contains the proposed AD, comments, and any final disposition. You may examine the AD docket on the Internet at <http://dms.dot.gov>, or in person at the Docket Management Facility office between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. The Docket Management Facility office (telephone (800) 647-5227) is located on the plaza level of the Nassif Building at the U.S. Department of Transportation, 400 Seventh Street, SW., Room PL-401, Washington, DC. This docket number is FAA-2006-23890; the directorate identifier for this docket is 2005-NM-229-AD.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Tracy Ton, Aerospace Engineer, Cabin Safety/Mechanical and Environmental Systems Branch, ANM-150L, FAA, Los Angeles Aircraft Certification Office, 3960 Paramount Boulevard, Lakewood, California 90712-4137; telephone (562) 627-5352; fax (562) 627-5210.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** On May 31, 2006, the FAA issued AD 2006-12-08, amendment 39-14633 (71 FR 33606, June 12, 2006), for Goodrich evacuation systems approved under TSO-C69b and installed on certain Airbus Model A330-200 and -300 series airplanes, Model A340-200 and -300 series airplanes, and Model A340-541 and -642 airplanes. The AD requires inspecting to determine the part number of the pressure relief valves on the affected Goodrich evacuation systems, and corrective action if necessary.

As published, the final rule identifies an incorrect reference to the airplane manufacturer (Airbus) in the regulatory text of the AD. The correct reference is Goodrich (formerly BF Goodrich).

No other part of the regulatory information has been changed; therefore, the final rule is not republished in the **Federal Register**.

The effective date of this AD remains July 17, 2006.

**§ 39.13 [Corrected]**

■ In the **Federal Register** of June 12, 2006, on page 33607, in the second column, paragraph 2 of PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES of AD 2006-12-08 is corrected to read as follows:

\* \* \* \* \*

■ 2. The Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) amends § 39.13 by adding the following new airworthiness directive (AD):

**2006-12-08 Goodrich (Formerly BF Goodrich):** Amendment 39-14633. Docket No. FAA-2006-23890; Directorate Identifier 2005-NM-229-AD.

\* \* \* \* \*

Issued in Renton, Washington, on June 20, 2006.

**Kalene C. Yanamura,**

*Acting Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.*

[FR Doc. 06-5739 Filed 6-27-06; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 4910-13-P**

**DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

**Federal Aviation Administration**

**14 CFR Part 97**

**[Docket No. 30500 Amdt. No. 3172]**

**Standard Instrument Approach Procedures, Weather Takeoff Minimums; Miscellaneous Amendments**

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

**ACTION:** Final rule.