

Issued in Renton, Washington, on December 8, 2005.

Michael Zielinski,

Acting Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.

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**DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

**Federal Aviation Administration**

**14 CFR Part 39**

[Docket No. FAA-2005-21836; Directorate Identifier 2005-CE-36-AD; Amendment 39-14415; AD 2005-25-22]

RIN 2120-AA64

**Airworthiness Directives; Przedsiębiorstwo Doswiadczalno-Produkcyjne Szybownictwa "PZL-Bielsko" Model SZD-50-3 "Puchacz" Gliders**

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

**ACTION:** Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** The FAA adopts a new airworthiness directive (AD) for all Przedsiębiorstwo Doswiadczalno-Produkcyjne Szybownictwa "PZL-Bielsko" Model SZD-50-3 "Puchacz" gliders. This AD requires you to perform a visual inspection of the turnbuckle link for cracks or wear and replace if cracks or wear is found. This action only applies to those gliders where the turnbuckle is directly connected to the pedal. This AD results from mandatory continuing airworthiness information (MCAI) issued by the airworthiness authority for Poland. We are issuing this AD to detect and correct cracks in the turnbuckle link, which could result in failure of the rudder cable. This failure could lead to loss of control of the glider.

**DATES:** This AD becomes effective on January 27, 2006.

As of January 27, 2006, the Director of the Federal Register approved the incorporation by reference of certain publications listed in the regulation.

**ADDRESSES:** To get the service information identified in this AD, contact Allstar PZL Glider Sp. z o.o., ul.Ciechzynska 325, 43-300 Bielsko-Biala, Poland; telephone: 43 33 812 50 26; facsimile: 48 33 812 37 39; Web site: <http://www.szd.com.pl>.

To view the AD docket, go to the Docket Management Facility; U.S. Department of Transportation, 400 Seventh Street, SW., Nassif Building, Room PL-401, Washington, DC 20590-001 or on the Internet at <http://>

[dms.dot.gov](http://dms.dot.gov). The docket number is FAA-2005-21836; Directorate Identifier 2005-CE-36-AD.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Gregory Davison, Aerospace Engineer, ACE-112, Small Airplane Directorate, 901 Locust, Room 301, Kansas City, Missouri 64106; telephone: (816) 329-4130; facsimile: (816) 329-4090.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**

**Discussion**

*What events have caused this AD?* The Civil Aviation Office, which is the airworthiness authority for Poland, recently notified FAA that an unsafe condition may exist on all Przedsiębiorstwo Doswiadczalno-Produkcyjne Szybownictwa "PZL-Bielsko" Model SZD-50-3 "Puchacz" gliders. The Civil Aviation Office reports a broken turnbuckle on a glider performing rudder operations in flight. Specifically, material fatigue caused the end of the turnbuckle that connects the rudder cable with rear seat, right-side pedal to break. Occupants, because of glider design, may have stepped on the rudder cable while entering or exiting the glider, putting stress on the turnbuckle link. This may have contributed to the material fatigue.

*What is the potential impact if FAA took no action?* Cracks or wear in the turnbuckle link could result in failure of the rudder cable. This failure could lead to loss of control of the glider.

*Has FAA taken any action to this point?* We issued a proposal to amend part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) to include an AD that would apply to all "PZL-Bielsko" Model SZD-50-3 "Puchacz" gliders. This proposal was published in the **Federal Register** as a notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM) on August 10, 2005 (70 FR 46439). The NPRM proposed to detect and correct cracks in the turnbuckle link that could result in failure of the rudder cable. This failure could lead to loss of control of the glider.

**Comments**

*Was the public invited to comment?* We provided the public the opportunity to participate in developing this AD. We received no comments on the proposal or on the determination of the cost to the public.

**Conclusion**

*What is FAA's final determination on this issue?* We have carefully reviewed the available data and determined that air safety and the public interest require adopting the AD as proposed except for minor editorial corrections. We have

determined that these minor corrections:

- Are consistent with the intent that was proposed in the NPRM for correcting the unsafe condition; and
- Do not add any additional burden upon the public than was already proposed in the NPRM.

**Changes to 14 CFR Part 39—Effect on the AD**

*How does the revision to 14 CFR part 39 affect this AD?* On July 10, 2002, the FAA published a new version of 14 CFR part 39 (67 FR 47997, July 22, 2002), which governs the FAA's AD system. This regulation now includes material that relates to altered products, special flight permits, and alternative methods of compliance. This material previously was included in each individual AD. Since this material is included in 14 CFR part 39, we will not include it in future AD actions.

**Costs of Compliance**

*How many gliders does this AD impact?* We estimate that this AD affects 8 gliders in the U.S. registry.

*What is the cost impact of this AD on owners/operators of the affected gliders?* We estimate the following costs to do this inspection:

Labor cost	Total cost per glider	Total cost on U.S. operators
1 workhour × \$65 = \$65 .....	\$65	\$520

We estimate the following costs to do any necessary replacements that would be required based on the results of this inspection. We have no way of determining the number of gliders that may need this repair/replacement:

Labor cost	Parts cost	Total cost per glider
1 workhour × \$65 = \$65 .....	\$20	\$85

**Authority for This Rulemaking**

*What authority does FAA have for issuing this rulemaking action?* Title 49 of the United States Code specifies the FAA's authority to issue rules on aviation safety. Subtitle I, section 106 describes the authority of the FAA Administrator. Subtitle VII, Aviation Programs, describes in more detail the scope of the agency's authority.

We are issuing this rulemaking under the authority described in subtitle VII, part A, subpart III, section 44701, "General requirements." Under that section, Congress charges the FAA with promoting safe flight of civil aircraft in

air commerce by prescribing regulations for practices, methods, and procedures the Administrator finds necessary for safety in air commerce. This regulation is within the scope of that authority because it addresses an unsafe condition that is likely to exist or develop on products identified in this AD.

**Regulatory Findings**

*Will this AD impact various entities?* We have determined that this AD will not have federalism implications under Executive Order 13132. This AD will not have a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government.

*Will this AD involve a significant rule or regulatory action?* For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this AD:

1. Is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866;
2. Is not a "significant rule" under the DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979); and
3. Will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

We prepared a summary of the costs to comply with this AD (and other information as included in the Regulatory Evaluation) and placed it in the AD Docket. You may get a copy of this summary by sending a request to us at the address listed under **ADDRESSES**. Include "Docket No. FAA-2005-21836; Directorate Identifier 2005-CE-36-AD" in your request.

**List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39**

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Incorporation by reference, Safety.

**Adoption of the Amendment**

Accordingly, under the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration amends part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) as follows:

**PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES**

■ 1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

**§ 39.13 [Amended]**

■ 2. FAA amends § 39.13 by adding a new AD to read as follows:

**2005-25-22 Przedsiębiorstwo**

**Doswiadczalno-Produkcyjne Szybownictwa "PZL-Bielsko":**

Amendment 39-14415; Docket No. FAA-2005-21836; Directorate Identifier 2005-CE-36-AD.

**When Does This AD Become Effective?**

(a) This AD becomes effective on January 27, 2006.

**What Other ADs Are Affected by This Action?**

(b) None.

**What Gliders Are Affected by This AD?**

(c) This AD affects Model SZD-50-3 "Puchacz" gliders, all serial numbers, that are certificated in any category.

**What Is the Unsafe Condition Presented in This AD?**

(d) This AD is the result of a turnbuckle link breaking in flight. The actions specified in this AD are intended to detect and correct cracks in the turnbuckle link, which could result in failure of the rudder cable. This failure could lead to loss of control of the glider.

**What Must I Do To Address This Problem?**

(e) To address this problem, you must do the following on gliders where the turnbuckle is directly connected to the pedal:

Actions	Compliance	Procedures
(1) Visually inspect the turnbuckle end for cracks or wear. Use a 10X magnifying glass. The magnifying power in this AD takes precedence over the magnifying power stated in Allstar PZL Glider Ltd. Bulletin No. BE-054/SZD-50-3/2003 "Puchacz." Inspection is not required on gliders where additional short cables between the rear seat pedal and turnbuckle have been installed.	Initially within 25 hours time-in-service (TIS) after January 27, 2006 (the effective date of this AD), and repetitively thereafter at intervals not to exceed 50 hours TIS.	Follow Allstar PZL Glider Ltd. Bulletin No. BE-054/SZD-50-3/2003 "Puchacz," as approved by Civil Aviation Office Airworthiness Directive No. SP-0012-2004-A, dated February 5, 2004.
(2) If cracks or wear is found during any inspection required by this AD, replace the turnbuckle end. The turnbuckle must have a steel end and support a maximum load of 6,100 newtons (converts to 1,371 pounds of force), following Allstar PZL Glider Ltd. Bulletin No. BE-054/SZD-50-3/2003 "Puchacz."	Prior to further flight after the inspection where cracks or wear is found.	Follow the procedures in the maintenance manual.

**May I Request an Alternative Method of Compliance?**

(f) You may request a different method of compliance or a different compliance time for this AD by following the procedures in 14 CFR 39.19. Unless FAA authorizes otherwise, send your request to your principal inspector. The principal inspector may add comments and will send your request to the Manager, Standards Office, Small Airplane Directorate, FAA. For information on any already approved alternative methods of compliance, contact Gregory Davison, Aerospace Engineer, ACE-112, Small Airplane Directorate, 901 Locust, Room 301, Kansas City, Missouri 64106; telephone: (816) 329-4130; facsimile: (816) 329-4090.

**Is There Other Information That Relates to This Subject?**

(g) Allstar PZL Glider Ltd. Bulletin No. BE-054/SZD-50-3/2003 "Puchacz" and Civil Aviation Office Airworthiness Directive No. SP-0012-2004-A, dated February 5, 2004, also address the subject of this AD.

**Does This AD Incorporate Any Material by Reference?**

(h) You must do the actions required by this AD following the instructions in Allstar PZL Glider Ltd. Bulletin No. BE-054/SZD-50-3/2003 "Puchacz," as approved by Civil Aviation Office Airworthiness Directive No. SP-0012-2004-A, dated February 5, 2004. The Director of the Federal Register approved the incorporation by reference of this service

bulletin in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. To get a copy of this service information, contact Allstar PZL Glider Sp. z o.o., ul.Ciechyzynska 325, 43-300 Bielsko-Biala, Poland; telephone: 43 33 812 50 26; facsimile: 48 33 812 37 39; Web site: <http://www.szd.com.pl>. To review copies of this service information, go to the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, go to: [http://www.archives.gov/federal\\_register/code\\_of\\_federal\\_regulations/ibr\\_locations.html](http://www.archives.gov/federal_register/code_of_federal_regulations/ibr_locations.html) or call (202) 741-6030. To view the AD docket, go to the Docket Management Facility; U.S. Department of Transportation, 400 Seventh Street, SW., Nassif Building, Room PL-401, Washington,

DC 20590-001 or on the Internet at <http://dms.dot.gov>. The docket number is FAA-2005-21836; Directorate Identifier 2005-CE-36-AD.

Issued in Kansas City, Missouri, on December 5, 2005.

**James E. Jackson,**

*Acting Manager, Small Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.*

[FR Doc. 05-23896 Filed 12-19-05; 8:45 am]

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## DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

### Federal Aviation Administration

#### 14 CFR Part 71

[Docket No. FAA-2005-22021; Airspace Docket No. 04-AAL-06]

#### Establishment of Class E Airspace; Arctic Village, AK

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

**ACTION:** Final rule; correction.

**SUMMARY:** This action corrects an error in the airspace description contained in a Final Rule that was published in the *Federal Register* on Thursday, November 17, 2005 (70 FR 69646). Airspace Docket No. 04-AAL-06.

**DATES:** *Effective Date:* 0901 UTC, February 16, 2006.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Gary Rolf, AAL-538G, Federal Aviation Administration, 222 West 7th Avenue, Box 14, Anchorage, AK 99513-7587; telephone number (907) 271-5898; fax: (907) 271-2850; e-mail: [gary.ctr.rolf@faa.gov](mailto:gary.ctr.rolf@faa.gov). Internet address: <http://www.alaska.faa.gov/at>.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

##### History

Federal Register Document 05-22771, Airspace Docket No. 04-AAL-06, published on Thursday, November 17, 2005 (70 FR 69646), established Class E airspace at Arctic Village, AK. An error was discovered in the airspace description that misidentified the airfield location. This action corrects that error.

##### Correction to Final Rule

■ Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me, the airspace description of the Class E airspace published in the *Federal Register*, Thursday, November 17, 2005 (70 FR 69646), (FR Doc 05-22771, page 69646, column 3) is corrected as follows:

#### § 71.1 [Corrected]

\* \* \* \* \*

#### AAL AK E5 Arctic Village, AK [Corrected]

Arctic Village, AK

(Lat. 68°06'53" N., long. 145°34'46" W.)

That airspace extending upward from 700 feet above the surface within a 6.4-mile radius of the Arctic Village Airport and within 3 miles each side of the 040° bearing from the Arctic Village airport extending from the 6.4-mile radius to 14.8 miles North of the airport and that airspace extending upward from 1,200 ft. above the surface within a 65-mile radius of the airport.

\* \* \* \* \*

Issued in Anchorage, AK, on December 13, 2005.

**Anthony M. Wylie,**

*Manager, Safety, Area Flight Service Operations.*

[FR Doc. 05-24231 Filed 12-19-05; 8:45 am]

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## DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

### Federal Aviation Administration

#### 14 CFR Part 71

[Docket No. FAA-2005-22538; Airspace Docket No. 05-AAL-30]

#### Revision of Class E Airspace; Koliganek, AK

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

**ACTION:** Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** This action revises Class E airspace at Koliganek, AK to provide adequate controlled airspace to contain aircraft executing two new Standard Instrument Approach Procedures (SIAPs). This rule results in revised Class E airspace upward from 700 feet (ft.) and 1,200 ft. above the surface at Koliganek Airport, AK.

**DATES:** *Effective Date:* 0901 UTC, February 16, 2006.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Gary Rolf, AAL-538G, Federal Aviation Administration, 222 West 7th Avenue, Box 14, Anchorage, AK 99513-7587; telephone number (907) 271-5898; fax: (907) 271-2850; e-mail: [gary.ctr.rolf@faa.gov](mailto:gary.ctr.rolf@faa.gov). Internet address: <http://www.alaska.faa.gov/at>.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

##### History

On Tuesday, October 25, 2005, the FAA proposed to amend part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 71) to revise the Class E airspace upward from 700 ft. and 1,200 ft. above the surface at Koliganek, AK (70 FR 61583). The action was proposed in order to create Class E airspace sufficient in size to contain aircraft while executing two new SIAPs for the

Koliganek Airport. The new approaches are (1) Area Navigation (Global Positioning System) (RNAV (GPS)) Runway (RWY) 09, original; (2) RNAV (GPS) RWY 27, original. Class E controlled airspace extending upward from 700 ft. and 1,200 ft. above the surface in the Koliganek Airport area is revised by this action. Interested parties were invited to participate in this rulemaking proceeding by submitting written comments on the proposal to the FAA. No public comments have been received; thus the rule is adopted as proposed.

The area will be depicted on aeronautical charts for pilot reference. The coordinates for this airspace docket are based on North American Datum 83. The Class E airspace areas designated as 700/1,200 ft. transition areas are published in paragraph 6005 of FAA Order 7400.9N, *Airspace Designations and Reporting Points*, dated September 1, 2005, and effective September 15, 2005, which is incorporated by reference in 14 CFR 71.1. The Class E airspace designation listed in this document will be published subsequently in the Order.

##### The Rule

This amendment to 14 CFR part 71 revises Class E airspace at Koliganek, Alaska. This Class E airspace is established to accommodate aircraft executing two new SIAPs, and will be depicted on aeronautical charts for pilot reference. The intended effect of this rule is to provide adequate controlled airspace for Instrument Flight Rule (IFR) operations at Koliganek Airport, Koliganek, Alaska.

The FAA has determined that this regulation only involves an established body of technical regulations for which frequent and routine amendments are necessary to keep them operationally current. It, therefore—(1) is not a “significant regulatory action” under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a “significant rule” under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034; February 26, 1979); and (3) does not warrant preparation of a regulatory evaluation as the anticipated impact is so minimal. Since this a routine matter that will only affect air traffic procedures and air navigation, it is certified that this rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

The FAA’s authority to issue rules regarding aviation safety is found in Title 49 of the United States Code. Subtitle 1, section 106 describes the authority of the FAA Administrator.