the Endangered Species Act and the Clean Water Act.

Through a public participation process, the BLM will work collaboratively with interested parties to identify which management direction is best suited to manage the O&C lands as described in the O&C Act and other provisions of laws considering local, regional, and national interests. The first step in this process is formal public scoping to help identify planning issues and provide for public comment on the proposed planning criteria.

Issues

The BLM has identified the following preliminary planning issues. A planning issue is identified as a "matter of controversy or dispute over resource management activities or land use that is well-defined or topically discrete and entails alternatives between which to choose" (H–1601–1 III.A.3). These preliminary issues are not final and may be refined or augmented based on public participation and comments received during scoping.

• Vegetation—How should BLMadministered forest lands be managed, both temporally and spatially, to provide a sustainable supply of wood and other forest products mandated by the O&C Act while meeting applicable laws and regulations?

• Habitat—How should the O&C lands be managed to contribute to the conservation of species consistent with the Endangered Species Act?

• Watershed management and water quality—How should BLM lands be managed to contribute to meeting the Clean Water Act and the Safe Drinking Water Act?

• Wildland fire and fuels—How should BLM-administered land be managed to reduce the risk of wildfires and integrate fire back into the ecosystem?

Planning Criteria

The BLM has also identified some preliminary criteria to guide the development of the RMPs, to avoid unnecessary data collection and analysis, and to ensure the RMPs are tailored to the issues. These criteria may be modified or other criteria identified after the public scoping process. The public is invited to comment on the following preliminary planning criteria:

Purpose and need for the plan revisions:

• The BLM will manage the O&C lands to achieve the O&C Act requirement of permanent forest production [as interpreted by the United States Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit] while complying with applicable laws such as the Endangered Species Act and the Clean Water Act.

Alternatives to be considered:

A reasonable range of alternatives will be considered. All alternatives will be designed to comply with existing laws. Two alternatives known at this time are:

• No Action—continue management under the current RMPs.

• An alternative which will not create any reserves on O&C lands except as required to avoid jeopardy to species listed as threatened or endangered under the Endangered Species Act.

In choosing a preferred alternative for the involved lands, the BLM will consider factors such as:

The quality of habitats created. The impacts on water quality

limited streams.

The amount of timber produced.
The contributions to community stability.

• Costs of implementation.

As part of this RMP process, the BLM will analyze areas for potential designation as Areas of Critical Environmental Concern (ACEC) in accordance with 43 CFR 1610.7–2. Public nominations for potential ACECs to be considered in these revisions must be made by October 28, 2005.

James G. Kenna,

Associate State Director, Oregon/Washington, Bureau of Land Management. [FR Doc. 05–17641 Filed 9–6–05; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–33–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

[NM-952-05-1420-BJ]

Notice of Filing of Plats of Survey; New Mexico

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management, Interior.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The plats of survey described below are scheduled to be officially filed in the New Mexico State Office, Bureau of Land Management, Santa Fe, New Mexico, (30) thirty calendar days from the date of this publication. **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

New Mexico Principal Meridian, New Mexico

The plat representing the dependent resurvey and survey in Township 9 South, Range 12 East, and subdivision of sections, accepted March 7, 2005, for Group 943 New Mexico.

The Plat representing the dependent resurvey and survey of subdivision of

sections for Township 17 North, Range 18 West, accepted July 19, 2005, for Group 909 New Mexico.

The plat representing the dependent resurvey and survey of subdivision of sections for Township 20 North, Range 9 East, accepted July 20, 2005, for Group 109 New Mexico.

The plat, in 2 sheets, representing the dependent resurvey in Township 13 North, Range 19 West, accepted July 20, 2005, for Group 1028 New Mexico.

The Supplemental Plat showing aliquot parts and new lots 39 and 40 created from former lot 37 of section 18 for Township 20 North, Range 9 East, accepted May 2, 2005, for New Mexico.

The plat representing the dependent resurvey and survey of subdivision of sections for Township 23 North, Range 10 East, accepted June 30, 2005, for Group 1028 New Mexico.

The plat representing the dependent resurvey and survey of subdivision of sections for Township 23 North, Range 8 West, accepted March 30, 2005, for Group 1033 New Mexico.

Indian Meridian, Oklahoma

The plats representing the dependent resurvey and survey of Township 8 North, Range 12 East, accepted May 11, 2005, for Group 97 Oklahoma.

The plat representing the dependent resurvey and survey of Township 9 North, Range 12 East, accepted May 11, 2005, for Group 97 Oklahoma.

The plat representing the dependent resurvey and survey of Township 9 North, Range 7 East, accepted May 11, 2005, for Group 109 Oklahoma.

The plat representing the dependent resurvey and survey of Township 1 North, Range 2 West, accepted June 13, 2005, for Group 111 Oklahoma.

The plat representing the dependent resurvey and survey of Township 9 North, Range 11 East, accepted May 11, 2005, for Group 97 Oklahoma.

The plat representing the dependent resurvey and survey of Township 4 South, Range 2 West, accepted June 30, 2005, for Group 115 Oklahoma.

The plat representing the dependent resurvey and survey of Township 5 North, Range 4 West, accepted April 12, 2005, for Group 125 Oklahoma.

The plat representing the dependent resurvey and survey of Township 1 North, Range 5 West, accepted June 13, 2005, for Group 103 Oklahoma.

The plat representing the dependent resurvey and survey of Township 23 North, Range 8 East, accepted August 8, 2005, for Group 127 Oklahoma.

The plat representing the dependent resurvey and survey of Township 14 North, Range 25 East, accepted May 11, 2005, for Group 114 Oklahoma. The plat representing the dependent resurvey and survey of Township 8 North, Range 5 West, accepted June 30, 2005, for Group 122 Oklahoma.

If a protest against a survey, as shown on any of the above plats is received prior to the date of official filing, the filing will be stayed pending consideration of the protest. A plat will not be officially filed until the day after all protests have been dismissed.

A person or party who wishes to protest against any of these surveys must file a written protest with the New Mexico State Director, Bureau of Land Management, stating that they wish to protest.

A statement of reasons for a protest may be filed with the notice of protest to the State Director, or the statement of reasons must be filed with the State Director within thirty days after the protest is filed.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

These plats will be available for inspection in the New Mexico State Office, Bureau of Land Management, P.O. Box 27115, Santa Fe, New Mexico 87502–0115. Copies may be obtained from this office upon payment of \$1.10 per sheet.

Dated: August 23, 2005.

Robert A. Casias,

Chief Cadastral Surveyor. [FR Doc. 05–17669 Filed 9–6–05; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–FB–M

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigation No. 731–TA–1089 (Final)]

Certain Orange Juice From Brazil

AGENCY: International Trade Commission.

ACTION: Scheduling of the final phase of an antidumping investigation.

SUMMARY: The Commission hereby gives notice of the scheduling of the final phase of antidumping investigation No. 731–TA–1089 (Final) under section 735(b) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1673d(b)) (the Act) to determine whether an industry in the United States is materially injured or threatened with material injury, or the establishment of an industry in the United States is materially retarded, by reason of less-than-fair-value imports from Brazil of certain orange juice, provided for in subheadings 2009.11.00, 2009.12.25, 2009.12.45, and 2009.19.00 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States.¹

For further information concerning the conduct of this phase of the investigation, hearing procedures, and rules of general application, consult the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure, part 201, subparts A through E (19 CFR part 201), and part 207, subparts A and C (19 CFR part 207). DATES: Effective date: August 24, 2005. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Elizabeth Haines (202) 205-3200, Office of Investigations, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street, SW., Washington, DC 20436. Hearingimpaired persons can obtain information on this matter by contacting the Commission's TDD terminal on (202) 205–1810. Persons with mobility impairments who will need special assistance in gaining access to the Commission should contact the Office of the Secretary at 202-205-2000. General information concerning the Commission may also be obtained by accessing its Internet server (http:// www.usitc.gov). The public record for this investigation may be viewed on the Commission's electronic docket (EDIS) at http://edis.usitc.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background.—The final phase of this

The scope of this investigation with regard to FCOJM covers only FCOJM produced and/or exported by those companies which were excluded or revoked from the pre-existing antidumping order on FCOJ from Brazil (52 FR 16426 (May 5, 1987)) as of December 27, 2004. Those companies are Cargill Citrus Limitada, Fischer S/A—Agroindustria (formerly Citrosuco Paulista S.A.), Montecitrus Industria e Comercio Limitada, and Sucocitrico Cutrale, S.A. Commerce also revoked the preexisting antidumping duty order on FCOJ with regard to two additional companies, Coopercitrus Industrial Frutesp and Frutropic S.A. that are now doing business under the name COINBRA-Frutesp. Commerce must make successor-in-interest findings with respect to each entity no later than its final determination in this case, and should they find COINBRA-Frutesp to be the successor-in-interest to one or both of these companies, imports of FCOJM from the successor company will be included in the scope of this proceeding.

Excluded from the scope of the investigation are imports of reconstituted orange juice and frozen concentrated orange juice for retail (FCOJR). Reconstituted orange juice is produced through further manufacture of FCOJM, by adding water, oils and essences to the orange juice concentrate. FCOJR is concentrated orange juice, typically at 42E Brix, in a frozen state, packed in retail-sized containers ready for sale to consumers. FCOJR, a finished consumer product, is produced through further manufacture of FCOJM, a bulk manufacturer's product. investigation is being scheduled as a result of an affirmative preliminary determination by the Department of Commerce that imports of certain orange juice from Brazil are being sold in the United States at less than fair value within the meaning of section 733 of the Act (19 U.S.C. 1673b). The investigation was requested in a petition filed on December 27, 2004, by Florida Citrus Mutual, A. Duda & Sons, Inc., Citrus World, Inc., Peace River Citrus Products, Inc., and Southern Garden Citrus Processing Corp.

Participation in the investigation and public service list.—Persons, including industrial users of the subject merchandise and, if the merchandise is sold at the retail level, representative consumer organizations, wishing to participate in the final phase of this investigation as parties must file an entry of appearance with the Secretary to the Commission, as provided in section 201.11 of the Commission's rules, no later than 21 days prior to the hearing date specified in this notice. A party that filed a notice of appearance during the preliminary phase of the investigation need not file an additional notice of appearance during this final phase. The Secretary will maintain a public service list containing the names and addresses of all persons, or their representatives, who are parties to the investigation.

Limited disclosure of business proprietary information (BPI) under an administrative protective order (APO) and BPI service list.-Pursuant to section 207.7(a) of the Commission's rules, the Secretary will make BPI gathered in the final phase of this investigation available to authorized applicants under the APO issued in the investigation, provided that the application is made no later than 21 days prior to the hearing date specified in this notice. Authorized applicants must represent interested parties, as defined by 19 U.S.C. 1677(9), who are parties to the investigation. A party granted access to BPI in the preliminary phase of the investigation need not reapply for such access. A separate service list will be maintained by the Secretary for those parties authorized to receive BPI under the APO.

Staff report.—The prehearing staff report in the final phase of this investigation will be placed in the nonpublic record on December 20, 2005, and a public version will be issued thereafter, pursuant to section 207.22 of the Commission's rules.

Hearing.—The Commission will hold a hearing in connection with the final phase of this investigation beginning at 9:30 a.m. on January 10, 2006, at the

¹ For purposes of this investigation, the Department of Commerce (Commerce) has defined the subject imports as certain orange juice for transport and/or further manufacturing, produced in two different forms: (1) Frozen orange juice in a highly concentrated form, sometimes referred to as FCOJM; and (2) pasteurized single-strength orange juice which has not been concentrated, referred to as NFC.