

## Grant Application and Reporting Forms Approved under OMB No. 1660-0025—Continued

Type of collection forms	Number of respondents (A)	Number of responses/ respondent (B)	Hours per response and recordkeeping	Annual burden hours (A*B*C)
FEMA Form 20-18—Report of Government Property .....	56	1	4.2 hours .....	235.2
FEMA 20-19—Report of Unobligated Balance (or substitute) .....	56	1	5 minutes .....	4.7
FEMA Form 20-20—Budget—Non-Construction .....	56	3	9.7 hours .....	1629.6
FEMA Form 76-10A—Obligating Document For Award/Amendment.	56	3	1.2 hours .....	201.6
Annual Audit & Audit Trail Requirements .....	56	1	30 minutes .....	28.0
Total for Standard Forms (SF) & FEMA Forms .....	.....	.....	.....	2,554

## Grant Supplemental Information—Sub-Grant Applications

Benefit-Cost Determination .....	56	2	5 hours .....	560.0
Environmental Review .....	56	2	7.5 hours .....	840.0
Project Narrative—Sub-grant Application .....	56	4	12 hours .....	2688.0
Total Burden for FMA eGrants and Supplemental Information	.....	.....	.....	4,088

*Estimated Total Annual Burden Hours: 4,088.*

*Comments:* Interested persons are invited to submit written comments on the proposed information collection to the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs at OMB, Attention: Desk Officer for the Department of Homeland Security/FEMA at e-mail address [cmartin@omb.gov](mailto:cmartin@omb.gov) or facsimile number (202) 395-7285. Comments must be submitted on or before September 23, 2005. In addition, interested persons may also send comments to FEMA (see contact information below).

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Requests for additional information or copies of the information collection should be made to Samuel Smith, Acting Chief, Records Management Branch, FEMA at 500 C Street, SW., Room 316, Washington, DC 20472, facsimile number (202) 646-3347, or e-mail address [FEMA-Information-Collections@dhs.gov](mailto:FEMA-Information-Collections@dhs.gov).

Dated: August 18, 2005.

**George S. Trotter,**

Acting Branch Chief, Information Resources Management Division, Information Technology Services Directorate.

[FR Doc. 05-16824 Filed 8-23-05; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 9110-41-P

## DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

## Fish and Wildlife Service

## Draft Revised Recovery Plan for Hawaiian Waterbirds, Second Draft of Second Revision

**AGENCY:** Fish and Wildlife Service, Interior.

**ACTION:** Notice of document availability for review and comment.

**SUMMARY:** The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (we) announces the availability of the Draft Revised Recovery Plan for Hawaiian Waterbirds, Second Draft of Second Revision, for public review and comment.

**DATES:** Comments on the second draft revised recovery plan must be received on or before October 24, 2005.

**ADDRESSES:** Copies of the second draft revised recovery plan are available for inspection, by appointment, during normal business hours at the following location: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Pacific Islands Fish and Wildlife Office, 300 Ala Moana Boulevard, Room 3-122, Box 50088, Honolulu, Hawaii 96850 (telephone: 808-792-9400). Requests for copies of the second draft revised recovery plan and written comments and materials regarding this plan should be addressed to the Field Supervisor, Ecological Services, at the above Honolulu address. An electronic copy of the second draft revised recovery plan is also available at <http://endangered.fws.gov/recovery/index.html#plans>.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Eric VanderWerf, Fish and Wildlife Biologist, at the above Honolulu address.

## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

## Background

Recovery of endangered or threatened animals and plants is a primary goal of the Endangered Species Act (Act) (16 U.S.C. 1531 *et seq.*) and our endangered species program. Recovery means improvement of the status of listed species to the point at which listing is no longer required under the criteria set out in section 4(a)(1) of the Act. Recovery plans describe actions

considered necessary for the conservation of the species, establish criteria for downlisting or delisting listed species, and estimate time and cost for implementing the measures needed for recovery.

The Act requires the development of recovery plans for endangered or threatened species unless such a plan would not promote the conservation of the species. Section 4(f) of the Act requires that public notice, and an opportunity for public review and comment, be provided during recovery plan development. We will consider all information presented during the public comment period on each new or revised recovery plan. Substantive comments may result in changes to a recovery plan. Substantive comments regarding recovery plan implementation may not necessarily result in changes to the recovery plan, but will be forwarded to appropriate Federal agency or other entities so that they can take these comments into account during the course of implementing recovery actions. Individual responses to comments will not be provided.

This second draft revised recovery plan addresses four species of Hawaiian waterbirds: The Hawaiian duck or koloa maoli (*Anas wyvilliana*), Hawaiian coot or 'alae ke'oke'o (*Fulica alai*), Hawaiian common moorhen or 'alae 'ula (*Gallinula chloropus sandvicensis*), and Hawaiian stilt or ae'o (*Himantopus mexicanus knudseni*), all listed as endangered. A recovery plan for these four waterbirds was first published in 1978, and the first revision of the recovery plan was published in 1985. On July 9, 1999, we published in the **Federal Register** a notice announcing the availability for comment of a draft of the second revision to the recovery

plan (64 FR 37148). However, we never finalized that draft. The plan we are releasing at this time is the second draft of the second revised recovery plan for Hawaiian waterbirds.

Historically, these four species of waterbirds were found on all of the main Hawaiian Islands except Lana'i and Kaho'olawe. Currently, Hawaiian ducks are found on the islands of Ni'ihau, Kaua'i, O'ahu, Maui, and Hawai'i; Hawaiian coots and stilts are found on all of the main Hawaiian Islands except Kaho'olawe; and Hawaiian common moorhens are found only on the islands of Kaua'i and O'ahu. Population estimates indicate the numbers of birds fluctuate among years and that currently none of these species consistently number more than 2,000 individuals, with the exception of the Hawaiian coot, but these estimates are reliable only for the coot and the stilt.

These endangered Hawaiian waterbirds are found in a variety of wetland habitats including freshwater marshes and ponds, coastal estuaries and ponds, artificial reservoirs, taro (*Colocasia esculenta*) patches, irrigation ditches, sewage treatment ponds, and in the case of the Hawaiian duck, montane streams and swamplands. The most important cause of decline of the four species of endangered Hawaiian waterbirds is loss of wetland habitat. Other factors that have contributed to waterbird population declines, and which continue to be detrimental, include predation by introduced animals, altered hydrology, alteration of habitat by invasive nonnative plants, disease, and possibly environmental contaminants. Hunting in the late 1800's and early 1900's took a heavy toll on Hawaiian duck populations, and to a lesser extent on populations of the other three endemic waterbirds. Currently, predation by introduced animals may be the greatest threat to the coot, moorhen, and stilt, and hybridization with feral mallards is the most serious threat to the Hawaiian duck.

The recovery of the endangered waterbirds focuses on the following objectives: (1) Increasing population numbers to be consistently stable or increasing with a minimum of 2,000 birds for each species; (2) establishing multiple, self-sustaining breeding populations throughout each species' historical range; (3) establishing and protecting a network of both core and supporting wetlands that are managed as habitat suitable for waterbirds, including the maintenance of appropriate hydrological conditions and control of invasive nonnative plants; (4) for all four species, eliminating or controlling the threats posed by

introduced predators, avian diseases, and contaminants; and (5) for the Hawaiian duck, removing the threat of hybridization with feral mallards. If the recovery criteria presented in the second draft revised recovery plan are met, downlisting could be initiated in 2010 and delisting in 2015.

#### Public Comments Solicited

We solicit written comments on the second draft revised recovery plan described. All comments received by the date specified above will be considered prior to approval of this plan.

#### Authority

The authority for this action is section 4(f) of the Endangered Species Act, 16 U.S.C. 1533 (f).

Dated: May 11, 2005.

**David J. Wesley,**

*Acting Regional Director, Region 1, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.*

[FR Doc. 05-16833 Filed 8-23-05; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-55-P

#### DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

##### Bureau of Land Management

[ES-960-1910-BJ, ES-053598, Group 22, Maine]

##### Survey Plat Filing; Maine

**AGENCY:** Bureau of Land Management, DOI.

**ACTION:** Notice of filing of plat of survey; Maine.

**SUMMARY:** The Bureau of Land Management (BLM) will file the plat of survey of the lands described below in the BLM-Eastern States, Springfield, Virginia, 30 calendar days from the date of publication in the **Federal Register**.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Bureau of Land Management, 7450 Boston Boulevard, Springfield, Virginia 22153. Attn: Cadastral Survey.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** This survey was requested by the Bureau of Indian Affairs.

The lands we surveyed are:

*Township 1, Range 6, East of the West Line of the State.*

The plat of the dependent resurvey and survey of the boundaries of the land held in trust by the United States, for the Penobscot Indian Nation, in Township 1, Range 6, West of the East Line of the State, (T. 1, R. 6, W.E.L.S.), Penobscot County, Maine, was accepted August 18, 2005. We will place a copy of the plat we described in the open files. It will be available to the public as a matter of information.

If BLM receives a protest against this survey, as shown on the plat, prior to the date of official filing, we will stay the filing pending our consideration of the protest.

We will not officially file the plat until the day after we have accepted or dismissed all protests and they have become final, including decisions on appeals.

Dated: August 18, 2005.

**Stephen D. Douglas,**

*Chief Cadastral Surveyor.*

[FR Doc. 05-16815 Filed 8-23-05; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-GJ-P

#### DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

##### Minerals Management Service

**Request for Comments on the Preparation of a New 5-Year Outer Continental Shelf (OCS) Oil and Gas Leasing Program for 2007-2012; and on the Intent To Prepare an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Proposed 5-Year Program**

**SUMMARY:** Section 18 of the OCS Lands Act (43 U.S.C. 1344) requires the Department of the Interior to solicit information from interested and affected parties during the preparation of a 5-year OCS oil and gas leasing program. The current 5-year program covers the period July 2002 to July 2007. The Department's MMS intends to prepare a new 5-year program for July 2007 to July 2012 to succeed the current one.

Section 18 requires completion of a lengthy, multi-step process of public consultation and analysis before the Secretary of the Interior may approve a new 5-year program. The section 18 process includes the following required steps: This initial solicitation of comments; development of a draft proposed program, a proposed program, and a proposed final program; and Secretarial approval. The MMS will also prepare an EIS that analyzes the alternatives considered for the new 5-year program. This notice announces the start of the EIS preparation process. The MMS will consider comments received in response to this notice in developing the draft proposed program and in determining the scope of the EIS. The public will have additional opportunities to comment on the draft proposed program, the draft EIS, and the proposed program.

**DATES:** The MMS must receive all comments and information by October 11, 2005.