behavioral observations of sea lions on rookeries, haul outs and tagged sea lions at sea; and mortality incidental to research. The objectives of the study are to understand how diets vary temporally and spatially, and how this variation is related to population trends and abundance, nutritional stress, and commercial fishing activities.

File No. 1034–1773: Dr. Horning has requested a five-year permit to surgically implant dual "Life History Transmitters" into up to 80 free-ranging Steller sea lions ages nine months to four years, using ship-based surgical operations under gas anesthesia. The objectives of the proposed study are (1) to determine age specific survival rates for juvenile Steller sea ions, (2) to determine the time of year for the greatest mortality of juvenile Steller sea lions, (3) to determine approximate locations of mortalities, (4) to analyze ontogenetic and seasonal changes in the dive behavior and dive effort from deceased animals and relate these to environmental conditions and prey abundance as assessed by other groups, (5) to test the effects of body condition and health indicators on survival of juveniles, and (6) to assess the predictive power of parameters measurable in juvenile Steller sea lions for future survival. All animals captured would also be subject to comprehensive "body condition and health assessments" and would be hot-branded for future identification. Dr. Horning has also requested a number of incidental mortalities.

In compliance with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.), a draft Environmental Assessment (EA) has been prepared to examine whether significant environmental impacts could result from issuance of the proposed permits and permit amendments. The draft EA is available for review and comment simultaneous with the applications. The scope of the draft EA includes the following six environmental impact issues: (1) Is NMFS able to coordinate research under the various permits and ensure that activities are not unnecessarily duplicative and do not result in significant adverse impacts on threatened and endangered Steller sea lions? (2) Is NMFS able to adequately monitor the effects of the overall research program on Steller sea lions? (3) Can NMFS coordinate and synthesize the data generated by this research program in a way that is useful or meaningful for conservation of Steller sea lions? (4) Are all of the research proposals consistent with permit issuance criteria under the MMPA and

ESA, such as whether all of the projects are likely to contribute to conservation of Steller sea lions? (5) Does the amount of incidental mortality to be authorized represent a significant adverse impact on Steller sea lions? (6) What are the potential effects of various research activities, either individually or cumulatively, on Steller sea lions as a species? Chapter 4 of the draft EA outlines NMFS analytical approach to evaluating alternatives.

Concurrent with the publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**, NMFS is forwarding copies of the applications to the Marine Mammal Commission and its Committee of Scientific Advisors.

Dated: March 29, 2005.

Stephen L. Leathery,

Chief, Permits, Conservation and Education Division, Office of Protected Resources, National Marine Fisheries Service. [FR Doc. 05–6610 Filed 4–1–05; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–22–8

COMMISSION OF FINE ARTS

Notice of Meeting

The next meeting of the Commission of Fine Arts is scheduled for April 21, 2005, at 10 a.m. in the Commission's offices at the National Building Museum, Suite 312, Judiciary Square, 401 F Street, NW., Washington, DC, 20001–2728. Items of discussion affecting the appearance of Washington, DC, may include buildings, parks and memorials.

Draft agendas and additional information regarding the Commission are available on our Web site: http://www.cfa.gov. Inquiries regarding the agenda and requests to submit written or oral statements should be addressed to Thomas Luebke, Secretary, Commission of Fine Arts, at the above address or call 202–504–2200. Individuals requiring sign language interpretation for the hearing impaired should contact the Secretary at least 10 days before the meeting date.

Dated in Washington, DC, March 25, 2005. **Thomas Luebke**,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 05-6530 Filed 4-1-05; 8:45 am]

COMMITTEE FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF TEXTILE AGREEMENTS

Request for Public Comments on Commercial Availability Petitionunder the United States-Caribbean Basin Trade Partnership Act(CBTPA)

March 31, 2005.

AGENCY: The Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements (CITA)

ACTION: Request for public comments concerning a request for a determinationthat certain 100 percent cotton, carbon-emerized, four-thread twill weavefabric cannot be supplied by the domestic industry in commercial quantities a timely manner under the CBTPA.

SUMMARY: On March 29, 2005 the Chairman of CITA received a petition from Sandler, Travis, & Rosenberg, P.A., on behalf of their client, Dillard's Inc., alleging that certain 100 percent cotton, carbon-emerized, fourthreadtwill weave fabric, of the specifications detailed below, classified insubheading 5208.33.00.00 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the UnitedStates (HTSUS), cannot be supplied by the domestic industry in commercial quantities in a timely manner. The petition requests that woven cottonshirts and blouses of such fabrics assembled in one or more CBTPAbeneficiary countries be eligible for preferential treatment under the CBTPA. CITA hereby solicits public comments on this request, in particular with regard to whether such fabrics can be supplied by the domesticindustry in commercial quantities in a timely manner. Comments must be submitted by April 19, 2005, to the Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements.Room 3001, United States Department of Commerce, 14th and ConstitutionAvenue, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20230.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Naomi Freeman, International Trade Specialist, Office of Textiles andApparel, U.S. Department of Commerce, (202) 482-3400.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Authority: Section 213(b)(2)(A)(v)(II) of the Caribbean Basin Economic RecoveryAct, as added by Section 211(a) of the CBTPA; Section 6 of Executive OrderNo. 13191 of January 17, 2001.

BACKGROUND:

The CBTPA provides for quota- and duty-free treatment for qualifyingtextile and apparel products. Such treatment is generally limited toproducts manufactured from yarns or fabrics formed in the United States ora beneficiary country. The CBTPA also provides for quota- and dutyfreetreatment for apparel articles that are both cut (or knit-to-shape) and sewn or otherwise assembled in one or more CBTPA beneficiary countries fromfabric or yarn that is not formed in the United States, if it has been determined that such fabric or varn cannot be supplied by the domestic industry in commercial quantities in a timely manner. In Executive OrderNo. 13191, the President delegated to CITA the authority to determinewhether yarns or fabrics cannot be supplied by the domestic industry incommercial quantities in a timely manner under the CBTPA and directed CITAto establish procedures to ensure appropriate public participation in any such determination. On March 6, 2001, CITA published procedures that it will follow in considering requests. (66 FR 13502).

On March 29, 2005 the Chairman of CITA received a petition on behalf ofDillard's Inc. alleging that certain 100 percent cotton, carbon emerized, fourthread twill weave fabrics, of the specifications detailed below, classified under HTSUS subheading 5208.33.00.00, for use in woven cottonshirts and blouses, cannot be supplied by the domestic industry incommercial quantities in a timely manner and requesting quota- anddutyfree treatment under the CBTPA for apparel articles that are both cutand sewn in one or more CBTPA beneficiary countries from such fabrics.

Specifications:

HTS Subheading: 5208.33.00.00
Petitioner Style No.: 03842
Fiber Content: 100 percent cotton
Yarn Number: 39/1 - 41/1 metric combed

ring spun warp; 39/1 - 41/1 carded ring spunfilling; overall average yarn number: 38 - 40 metric

Thread Count: 43 - 45 warp ends per centimeter; 24 - 26 filling picks percentimeter; total 61 - 71

threads per square centimeter 4 thread twill

Weave: 4 thread twill
Weight: 176 - 182 grams per square

meter
Width: 168 - 172 centimeters
Finish: (Piece) dyed, carbon
emerized on both sides

The petitioner states:

The yarns must be ring spun, the warp yarn combed, and the fillingyarn carded. The yarn size and thread count and consequently, the weightof the fabric must be exactly or nearly exactly as

specified in theaccompanying Exhibit or the fabric will not be suitable for its intendedus. The fabric must be carbon emerized, not napped, on both sides. Theinstant fabric has been lightly emerized on the technical back and somewhatmoreso on the face. Napping will produce a different and unacceptable product.

CITA is soliciting public comments regarding this request, particularly with respect to whether these fabrics can be supplied by the domestic industry in commercial quantities in a timely manner. Also relevant iswhether other fabrics that are supplied by the domestic industry incommercial quantities in a timely manner are substitutable for the fabricfor purposes of the intended use. Comments must be received no later thanApril 19, 2005. Interested persons are invited to submit six copies of such comments or information to the Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements, room3100, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, DC 20230.

If a comment alleges that these fabrics can be supplied by the domesticindustry in commercial quantities in a timely manner, CITA will closelyreview any supporting documentation, such as a signed statement by amanufacturer of the fabric stating that it produces the fabric that is the subject of the request, including the quantities that can be supplied and the time necessary to fill an order, as well as any relevant information regarding past production.

CITA will protect any business confidential information that is marked"business confidential" from disclosure to the full extentpermitted by law. CITA generally considers specific details, such asquantities and lead times for providing the subject product as business confidential. However. information such as the names of domesticmanufacturers who were contacted, questions concerning the capability tomanufacture the subject product, and the responses thereto should be available for public review to ensure proper public participation in theprocess. If this is not possible, an explanation of the necessity fortreating such information as business confidential must be provided. CITAwill make available to the public non-confidential versions of the requestand non-confidential versions of any public comments received with respect to a request in room 3100 in the Herbert Hoover Building, 14th and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, DC 20230. Persons

submittingcomments on a request are encouraged to include a nonconfidential versionand a nonconfidential summary.

D. Michael Hutchinson,

Acting Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of TextileAgreements.
[FR Doc. 05–6733 Filed 3–31–05; 3:53 pm]
BILLING CODE 3510–DS

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

[OMB Control No. 9000-0101]

Federal Acquisition Regulation; Submission for OMB Review; Drug-Free Workplace

AGENCIES: Department of Defense (DOD), General Services Administration (GSA), and National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA).

ACTION: Notice of request for an extension to an existing OMB clearance.

SUMMARY: Under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. Chapter 35), the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) Secretariat will be submitting to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) a request to review and approve an extension of a currently approved information collection requirement concerning drug-free workplace. A request for public comments was published at 70 FR 5615 on February 3, 2005. No comments were received.

Public comments are particularly invited on: Whether this collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of functions of the FAR, and whether it will have practical utility; whether our estimate of the public burden of this collection of information is accurate, and based on valid assumptions and methodology; ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and ways in which we can minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, through the use of appropriate technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology. **DATES:** Submit comments on or before May 4, 2005.

ADDRESSES: Submit comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden to the General Services